

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Ezekiel, Chapter 26

IEZEKIHΛ KΖ'

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a **|** lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

Tyre's joy over Jerusalem ends in siege, descent, and desolation.

Translation & textual notes

The Greek text of Ezekiel 26 opens the Tyre cycle with a direct answer to the city's gloating over Jerusalem's fall. Tyre interprets Judah's collapse as an opening for its own enrichment, but the Lord answers by summoning many nations against the island-city as the sea itself sends up wave after wave. Nebuchadnezzar is named as the principal northern aggressor, and the oracle lingers on siege details, dust, cavalry, breached gates, plundered wealth, ruined music, and masonry cast into the sea. It then widens from military description to maritime lament: island rulers descend from their thrones and shudder at the fall of the once-praised sea-city. The final movement is especially dark, driving Tyre downward toward the abyss,

the pit, and the depths of the earth, where the city ceases to have a place in the land of the living. Theologically, the chapter treats Tyre's commercial pride and opportunistic delight over Zion's ruin as a challenge answered by the Lord's own kingship over land, sea, and the nations.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 26:1-6

Tyre rejoices over Jerusalem and is threatened by many nations

Tyre interprets Jerusalem's collapse as an opening for her own fullness and gain. The Lord responds by bringing many nations against her like the sea's rising waves and reducing her to a bare place in the sea.

B · 26:7-14

Nebuchadnezzar tears down walls, wealth, and music

The oracle narrows to the Babylonian king, whose cavalry, siegeworks, and sword demolish Tyre's fortifications and population. Her riches, houses, stones, timber, and songs are all brought down so thoroughly that she becomes a bare rock for drying nets.

C · 26:15-18

The maritime rulers descend and lament Tyre's fall

The collapse of Tyre sends shock through the islands and sea-rulers who once feared and admired her. Their lament marks the city's transition from prestige and terror to stunned ruin.

D · 26:19-21

Tyre is cast down to the abyss and the pit

The final oracle shifts from siege to cosmic descent: Tyre becomes like an uninhabited city, covered by deep waters, and brought down with those who descend to the pit. Her end is disappearance from the land of the living under divine sentence.

1 καὶ ἐγενήθη ἐν τῷ ἑνδεκάτῳ ἔτει μιᾷ τοῦ μηνὸς ἐγένετο λόγος κυρίου πρὸς με λέγων

And it came to pass in the eleventh year, on the first day of the month, that the word of the Lord came to me, saying,

Dated superscription for the Tyre oracle

ASYNDETON

The oracle is anchored historically, tying Tyre's judgment to the same period of Jerusalem's collapse.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγενήθη

become / happen

VCI API3S · γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γίγνομαι: meaning 'become'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἑνδεκάτῳ

ἑνδεκάτῳ

A1 DSN · ἐνδέκατος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἐνδέκατος: meaning 'eleventh'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἔτει

year

N3E DSN · ἔτος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἔτος: meaning 'year'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μιᾷ

one

A1A DSF · εἷς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ measure or count

μιᾷ: meaning 'one'; numeral expression contributing count or measure in context.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μηνός

month

N3 GSM · μήν

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

μήν: meaning 'month'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐγένετο

it came to pass

VBI AMI3S · γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γίγνομαι: meaning 'it came to pass'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λόγος

word

N2 NSM · λόγος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πρός

to

P · πρός

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρός: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

με

me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγων

saying

V1 · παπνσμ λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ λέγω: meaning 'saying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

2 υἱὲ ἀνθρώπου ἀνθ' ὧν εἶπεν Σορ ἐπὶ Ιερουσαλημ εὖγε συνετρίβη ἀπόλωλεν τὰ ἔθνη ἐπεστράφη πρὸς με ἡ πλήρης ἡρήμωται

Son of man, because Tyre said against Jerusalem, Well done, it is broken, the nations have perished; she has turned toward me, the once-full one is laid waste,

Tyre exults over Jerusalem's collapse

ASYNDETON

Tyre reads Judah's ruin as commercial opportunity, rejoicing that what once blocked or rivaled her is gone.

υἱέ

Son

N2 VSM · υἱός

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

υἱός: meaning 'Son'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

άνθρῶπου

man

N2 GSM · άνθρωπος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

άνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἀνθ'

instead of / in place of

P · ἀντί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀνθ': meaning 'instead of'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ᾧν

which

RR GPM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ᾧν: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἶπεν

said

VBI AAI3S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Σορ

Tyre

N NSF · Σορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N ASF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

εὖγε

εὖγε

D · εὖγε

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

εὖγε: meaning 'εὖγε'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συνετρίβη

was crushed

VDI API3S · τρίβω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τρίβω + συν: meaning 'was crushed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀπόλωλεν

had perished

VX XAI3S · ὀλλύω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ὀλλύω + ἀπο: meaning 'had perished'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA NPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔθνη

nations

N3E NPN · ἔθνος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἔθνος: meaning 'nations'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπεστράφη

ἐπεστράφη

VDI API3S · στρέφω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στρέφω + ἐπι: meaning 'ἐπεστράφη'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρός

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

με

me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πλήρης

full

A3H NSF · πλήρης

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πλήρης: meaning 'full'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡρήμωται

ἡρήμωται

VM XPI3S · ἐρημόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἐρημόω: meaning 'ἡρήμωται'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

3 διὰ τοῦτο τάδε λέγει κύριος ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἐπὶ σέ Σορ καὶ ἀνάξω ἐπὶ σέ ἔθνη πολλά ὡς ἀναβαίνει ἡ θάλασσα τοῖς κύμασιν αὐτῆς

therefore thus says the Lord: Behold, I am against you, Tyre, and I will bring up many nations against you, as the sea brings up its waves.

Many nations rise like sea-waves against Tyre ASYNDETON

The punishment mirrors Tyre's maritime identity: invading nations come in wave after wave under divine summons.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦτο

this

RD ASN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπὶ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

Σορ

Tyre

N VSF · Σορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀνάξω

I will bring up

VF FAI1S · ἄγω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἄγω + ἀνα: meaning 'I will bring up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔθνη

nations

N3E APN · ἔθνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nations'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πολλά

much

A1 APN · πολὺς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πολὺς: meaning 'much'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀναβαίνει

goes up

V1 PAI3S · βαίνω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

βαίνω + ἀνα: meaning 'goes up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θάλασσα

sea

N1S NSF · θάλασσα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θάλασσα: meaning 'sea'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύμασιν

wave

N3M DPN · κύμα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύμα: meaning 'wave'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

4 καὶ καταβαλοῦσιν τὰ τεῖχη Σορ καὶ καταβαλοῦσι τοὺς πύργους σου καὶ λικμήσω τὸν χοῦν αὐτῆς ἀπ' αὐτῆς καὶ δώσω αὐτὴν εἰς λεωπετρίαν

And they shall pull down the walls of Tyre and throw down your towers, and I will winnow her dust away from her and make her a bare rock.

Walls and towers are stripped away

ASYNDETON

Tyre's proud fortification is reduced to exposed stone, as though the city were scraped clean to bedrock.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταβαλοῦσιν

καταβαλοῦσιν

VF2 FAI3P · βάλλω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + κατα: meaning 'καταβαλοῦσιν'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τεῖχη

walls

N3E APN · τεῖχος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τεῖχος: meaning 'walls'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Σορ

Tyre

N GSF · Σορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταβαλοῦσι

καταβαλοῦσι

VF2 FAI3P · βάλλω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + κατα: meaning 'καταβαλοῦσι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πύργους

tower

N2 APM · πύργος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πύργος: meaning 'tower'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λικμήσω

I will winnow/scrape

VF FAI1S · λικμάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λικμάω: meaning 'I will winnow'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χοῦν

dust

N3 ASM · χοῦς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χοῦς: meaning 'dust'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀπ'

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπ': meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δώσω

give

VF FAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτήν

it

RD ASF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτήν: meaning 'it'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

λεωπετρίαν

bare rock

N1A ASF · λεωπετρία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λεωπετρία: meaning 'bare rock'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

5 ψυγμός σαγηνῶν ἔσται ἐν μέσῳ θαλάσσης ὅτι ἐγὼ λελάληκα λέγει κύριος καὶ ἔσται εἰς προνομὴν τοῖς ἔθνεσιν

A drying-place for nets she shall be in the midst of the sea, because I have spoken, says the Lord, and she shall become plunder for the nations.

The sea-city becomes a place for drying nets

ASYNDETON

Commercial grandeur collapses into a humble, exposed coastal utility, underscoring total reversal.

ψυγμός

drying-place

N2 NSM · ψυγμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ψυγμός: meaning 'drying-place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σαγηνῶν

of nets

N1 GPF · σαγήνη

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

σαγήνη: meaning 'of nets'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

μέσω

midst

A1 DSM · μέσος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μέσος: meaning 'midst'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

θαλάσσης

sea

N1S GSF · θάλασσα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θάλασσα: meaning 'sea'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λελάληκα

λαλέω

VX XAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

λαλέω: meaning 'λαλέω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

προνομήν

προνομή

N1 ASF · προνομή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

προνομή: meaning 'προνομή'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔθνεσιν

nation

N3E DPN · ἔθνος

*dative nominal element marking relation,
instrument, sphere, or recipient*

→ sphere or reference

ἔθνος: meaning 'nation'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

6 καὶ αἱ θυγατέρες αὐτῆς αἱ ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ μαχαίρα ἀναιρεθήσονται καὶ γνώσονται ὅτι ἐγὼ κύριος

And her daughters that are in the plain shall be slain by the sword, and they shall know that I am the Lord.

The mainland settlements fall as well

ASYNDETON

The judgment reaches Tyre's dependencies on the mainland, so the whole sphere of influence learns the Lord's hand.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θυγατέρες

daughters

N3 NPF · θυγάτηρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θυγάτηρ: meaning 'daughters'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πεδίῳ

field

N2N DSN · πεδίον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πεδίον: meaning 'field'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μαχαίρα

sword

N1A DSF · μάχαιρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἀναιρεθήσονται

ἀναιρεθήσονται

VC FPI3P · αἰρέω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

αἰρέω + ἀνα: meaning 'ἀναιρεθήσονται'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

γινώσκονται

will know

VF FMI3P · γινώσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

γινώσκω: meaning 'will know'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

7 ὅτι τάδε λέγει κύριος ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἐπάγω ἐπὶ σέ Σορ τὸν Ναβουχοδονοσορ βασιλέα Βαβυλῶνος ἀπὸ τοῦ βορρᾶ βασιλεὺς βασιλέων ἐστὶν μεθ' ἵππων καὶ ἁρμάτων καὶ ἱππέων καὶ συναγωγῆς ἐθνῶν πολλῶν σφόδρα

For thus says the Lord: Behold, I am bringing against you Tyre, Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon from the north; he is king of kings, with horses and chariots and horsemen and an assembly of very many nations.

Nebuchadnezzar is named as the northern instrument

ASYNDETON

The many-wave judgment is given historical shape in the Babylonian king and his vast imperial force.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἰδοῦ

behold

I · ἰδοῦ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοῦ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπάγω

bring upon

V1 PAI1S · ἄγω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

ἄγω + ἐπι: meaning 'bring upon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

Σορ

Tyre

N VSF · Σορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τόν

the

RA ASM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τόν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ναβουχοδονοσορ

Nebuchadnezzar

N ASM · Ναβουχοδονοσορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ναβουχοδονοσορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

βασιλέα

king

N3V ASM · βασιλεύς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Βαβυλώνος

Babylon

N3W GSF · Βαβυλών

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Βαβυλώνος: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἀπό

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βορρᾶ

north

N1T GSM · βορέας

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βορέας: meaning 'north'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

βασιλεύς

king

N3V NSM · βασιλεύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

βασιλέων

kings

N3V GPM · βασιλεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βασιλεύς: meaning 'kings'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐστίν

be

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μεθ'

with / after

P · μετά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

μεθ': meaning 'with'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἵππων

horse

N2 GPM · ἵππος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἵππος: meaning 'horse'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

άρμάτων

chariot

N3M GPN · ἄρμα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄρμα: meaning 'chariot'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἱππέων

horseman

N3V GPM · ἱππεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἱππεύς: meaning 'horseman'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συναγωγῆς

assembly

N1 GSF · συναγωγή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

συναγωγή: meaning 'assembly'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐθνῶν

nation

N3E GPN · ἔθνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nation'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πολλῶν

many

A1 GPM · πολὺς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πολὺς: meaning 'many'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σφόδρα

greatly / exceedingly

D · σφόδρα

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

σφόδρα: meaning 'greatly'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

- 8 οὗτος τὰς θυγατέρας σου τὰς ἐν τῷ πεδίῳ μαχαίρα ἀνελεῖ καὶ δώσει ἐπὶ σὲ προφυλακὴν καὶ περιοικοδομήσει καὶ ποιήσει ἐπὶ σὲ κύκλῳ χάρακα καὶ περιστάσιν ὅπλων καὶ τὰς λόγχας αὐτοῦ ἀπέναντί σου δώσει

He shall kill your daughters in the field with the sword, and he shall set a garrison against you and build a siege-wall around you and place a ring of weapons against you and set his spears opposite you.

The Babylonian siege is described in detail

ASYNDETON

The oracle dwells on siege mechanics to make Tyre's coming fall concrete and unavoidable.

οὗτος

this

RD NSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

οὗτος: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θυγατέρας

daughter

N3 APF · θυγάτηρ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θυγάτηρ: meaning 'daughter'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πεδίῳ

field

N2N DSN · πεδίον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πεδίον: meaning 'field'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μαχαίρα

sword

N1A DSF · μάχαιρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἀνελεῖ

destroy

VF2 FAI3S · αἰρέω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

αἰρέω + ἀνα: meaning 'destroy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δώσει

give

VF FAI3S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

προφυλακήν

Nominal or adjectival form from

προφυλακή with the sense “outpost” here.

N1 ASF · προφυλακή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

προφυλακή: meaning 'Nominal or adjectival form from προφυλακή with the sense “outpost” here.'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

περιοικοδομήσει

he will build around

VF FAI3S · οίκοδομέω + περι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

οίκοδομέω + περι: meaning 'he will build around'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ποιήσει

will make

VF FAI3S · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ποιέω: meaning 'will make'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύκλω

around

N2 DSM · κύκλος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύκλος: meaning 'around'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

χάρακα

siege ramp

N3K ASM · χάραξ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χάραξ: meaning 'siege ramp'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

περίσταςιν

encirclement

N3I ASF · περίσταςιν

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

περίσταςιν: meaning 'encirclement'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὄπλων

weapon

N2N GPN · ὄπλον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ὄπλον: meaning 'weapon'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγχας

spear

N1 APF · λόγχη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λόγχη: meaning 'spear'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἄπέναντί

before

D · ἄπέναντι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἄπέναντί: meaning 'before'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

δώσει

give

VF FAI3S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

9 τὰ τείχη σου καὶ τοὺς πύργους σου καταβαλεῖ ἐν ταῖς μαχαίραις αὐτοῦ

He shall cast down your walls and your towers with his swords.

Fortifications crumble under assault

ASYNDETON

Tyre's visible security is directly attacked and broken.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τείχη

walls

N3E APN · τεῖχος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τεῖχος: meaning 'walls'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τούς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τούς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πύργους

tower

N2 APM · πύργος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πύργος: meaning 'tower'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καταβαλεῖ

καταβαλεῖ

VF2 FAI3S · βάλλω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + κατα: meaning 'καταβαλεῖ'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν in P · ἐν <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	ταῖς the RA DPF · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking ταῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	μαχαίραις sword N1 DPF · μάχαιρα <i>dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient</i> → sphere or reference μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.	αὐτοῦ his RD GSM · αὐτός <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → relational specification αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.
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10 ἀπὸ τοῦ πλήθους τῶν ἵππων αὐτοῦ κατακαλύψει σε ὁ κονιορτὸς αὐτῶν καὶ ἀπὸ τῆς φωνῆς τῶν ἱππέων αὐτοῦ καὶ τῶν τροχῶν τῶν ἀρμάτων αὐτοῦ σεισθήσεται τὰ τεῖχη σου εἰσπορευομένου αὐτοῦ τὰς πύλας σου ὡς εἰσπορευόμενος εἰς πόλιν ἐκ πεδίου

From the multitude of his horses their dust shall cover you, and from the sound of his horsemen and the wheels of his chariots your walls shall quake, when he enters your gates like one entering a city from an open plain.

Dust, sound, and breach overwhelm the city

ASYNDETON

The siege becomes sensory and total: Tyre is choked, shaken, and invaded.

ἀπὸ from P · ἀπό <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	τοῦ the RA GSN · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	πλήθους plethos N3E GSN · πλῆθος <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification πλῆθος: meaning 'plethos'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.	τῶν the RA GPM · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.
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ἵππων

horse

N2 GPM · ἵππος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἵππος: meaning 'horse'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κατακαλύψει

will cover over

VF FAI3S · καλύπτω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

καλύπτω + κατα: meaning 'will cover over'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κονιορτός

dust

N2 NSM · κονιορτός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κονιορτός: meaning 'dust'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φωνῆς

voice

N1 GSF · φωνή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

φωνή: meaning 'voice'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἵππέων

horseman

N3V GPM · ἵππεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἵππεύς: meaning 'horseman'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τροχῶν

wheel

N2 GPM · τροχός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

τροχός: meaning 'wheel'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀρμάτων

chariot

N3M GPN · ἄρμα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄρμα: meaning 'chariot'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

σεισθήσεται

shake

VC FPI3S · σείω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σειώ: meaning 'shake'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA NPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τείχη

wall

N3E NPN · τεῖχος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τεῖχος: meaning 'wall'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰσπορευομένου

going in

V1 · πμπγσμ πορεύομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπγσμ πορεύομαι + εἰς; meaning 'going in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ; meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πύλας

gates

N1 APF · πύλη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πύλη; meaning 'gates'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου; meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς; meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσπορευόμενος

going in

V1 · πμπνσμ πορεύομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπνσμ πορεύομαι + εἰς; meaning 'going in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς; meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις; meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐκ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ; meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πεδίου

field / plain

N2N GSN · πεδίων

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πεδίων; meaning 'field'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

11 ἐν ταῖς ὀπλαῖς τῶν ἵππων αὐτοῦ καταπατήσουσίν σου πάσας τὰς πλατείας τὸν λαόν σου μαχαίρα ἀνελεῖ καὶ τὴν ὑπόστασίν σου τῆς ἰσχύος ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν κατάξει

With the hoofs of his horses they shall trample all your streets; he shall kill your people with the sword, and the pillar of your strength he shall bring down to the ground.

Streets, people, and pillars of strength are trampled down ASYNDETON

The city loses both population and the symbols of its enduring might.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ταῖς

the

RA DPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ταῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὀπλαῖς

ὀπλαῖς

N1 DPF · ὀπλή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὀπλή: meaning 'ὀπλαῖς'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἵππων

horse

N2 GPM · ἵππος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἵππος: meaning 'horse'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καταπατήσουσίν

καταπατήσουσίν

VF FAI3P · ἀπατάω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἀπατάω + κατα: meaning 'καταπατήσουσίν'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πάσας

all

A1S APF · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πλατείας

streets

A3U APF · πλατύς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πλατύς: meaning 'streets'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαόν

people

N2 ASM · λαός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

μαχαίρα

sword

N1A DSF · μάχαιρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἀνελεῖ

destroy

VF2 FAI3S · αἰρέω + ἄνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

αἰρέω + ἄνα: meaning 'destroy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὑπόστασιν

pillar/foundation

N3I ASF · ὑπόστασις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὑπόστασις: meaning 'pillar'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἰσχύος

army / force

N3U GSF · ἰσχύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἰσχύς: meaning 'army'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆν

land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κατάξει

will bring down

VF FAI3S · ἄγω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἄγω + κατα: meaning 'will bring down'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

12 καὶ προνομεύσει τὴν δύνάμιν σου καὶ σκυλεύσει τὰ ὑπάρχοντά σου καὶ καταβαλεῖ σου τὰ τείχη καὶ τοὺς οἴκους σου τοὺς ἐπιθυμητοὺς καθελεῖ καὶ τοὺς λίθους σου καὶ τὰ ξύλα σου καὶ τὸν χοῦν σου εἰς μέσον τῆς θαλάσσης ἐμβαλεῖ

And he shall plunder your power and spoil your possessions and break down your walls and pull down your desirable houses, and your stones and your timber and your dust he shall cast into the midst of the sea.

Wealth and structures are dismantled and thrown into the sea

ASYNDETON

Tyre's commercial and architectural splendor is dismantled so completely that its materials are dumped back into the waters that once enriched it.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

προνομεύσει
he will plunder

VF FAI3S · νομεύω + προ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

νομεύω + προ: meaning 'he will plunder'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν
the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δύναμιν
δύναμιν

N3I ASF · δύναμις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

δύναμις: meaning 'δύναμιν'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σκυλεύσει

σκυλεύσει

VF FAI3S · σκυλεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σκυλεύω: meaning 'σκυλεύσει'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υὑπάρχοντά

possessions

V1 · παπαπν ἄρχω + ὑπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπν ἄρχω + ὑπο: meaning 'possessions'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταβαλεῖ

καταβαλεῖ

VF2 FAI3S · βάλλω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + κατα: meaning 'καταβαλεῖ'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τείχη

walls

N3E APN · τεῖχος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τεῖχος: meaning 'walls'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἴκους

houses

N2 APM · οἶκος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶκος: meaning 'houses'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐπιθυμητοὺς

ἐπιθυμητοὺς

N1M APM · ἐπιθυμητής

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἐπιθυμητής: meaning 'ἐπιθυμητοὺς'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καθελεῖ

aireo + kata

VF2 FAI3S · αἰρέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

αἰρέω + κατα: meaning 'aireo + kata'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λίθους

stone

N2 APM · λίθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λίθος: meaning 'stone'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ξύλα

timber / wood

N2N APN · ξύλον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ξύλον: meaning 'timber'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χοῦν

dust

N3 ASM · χοῦς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χοῦς: meaning 'dust'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

μέσον

midst

A1 ASM · μέσος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

μέσος: meaning 'midst'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὅ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θαλάσσης

sea

N1S GSF · θάλασσα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θάλασσα: meaning 'sea'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐμβαλεῖ

ἐμβαλεῖ

VF2 FAI3S · βάλλω + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + ἐν: meaning 'ἐμβαλεῖ'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

13 καὶ καταλύσει τὸ πλῆθος τῶν μουσικῶν σου καὶ ἡ φωνὴ τῶν ψαλτηρίων σου οὐ μὴ ἀκουσθῇ ἔτι

And I will bring to an end the multitude of your musicians, and the sound of your harps shall no longer be heard.

Music and festivity fall silent

ASYNDETON

The judgment reaches into cultural life: celebration and commercial music cease with the city's fall.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταλύσει
shall lodge

VF FAI3S · λύω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λύω + κατα: meaning 'shall lodge'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸ
the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πλῆθος
multitude

N3E ASN · πλῆθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πλῆθος: meaning 'multitude'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῶν
the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μουσικῶν
musical

A1 GPM · μουσικός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

μουσικός: meaning 'musical'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σου
you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φωνή

sound

N1 NSF · φωνή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

φωνή: meaning 'sound'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ψαλτηρίων

ψαλτηρίων

N2N GPN · ψαλτήριον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ψαλτήριον: meaning 'ψαλτηρίων'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀκουσθῇ

be heard

VC APS3S · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ἀκούω: meaning 'be heard'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔτι

still

D · ἔτι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔτι: meaning 'still'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

14 καὶ δώσω σε εἰς λεωπετρίαν ψυγμὸς σαγηνῶν ἔση οὐ μὴ οἰκοδομηθῇς ἔτι ὅτι ἐγὼ ἐλάλησα λέγει κύριος

And I will make you a bare rock; you shall be a drying-place for nets; you shall no longer be built, because I the Lord have spoken, says the Lord.

The sentence of permanent desolation is fixed

ASYNDETON

The earlier image returns and is sealed by divine speech: Tyre's rebuilding is denied.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δώσω

give

VF FAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

λεωπετρίαν

bare rock

N1A ASF · λεωπετρία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λεωπετρία: meaning 'bare rock'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ψυγμὸς

drying-place

N2 NSM · ψυγμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ψυγμός: meaning 'drying-place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σαγηνῶν

of nets

N1 GPF · σαγήνη

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

σαγήνη: meaning 'of nets'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἔση

you shall be

VF FMI2S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'you shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἰκοδομηθῆς

οἰκοδομηθῆς

VC APS2S · οἰκοδομέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

οἰκοδομέω: meaning 'οἰκοδομηθῆς'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔτι

still

D · ἔτι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔτι: meaning 'still'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AA11S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PA13S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

15 διότι τάδε λέγει κύριος κύριος τῇ Σορ οὐκ ἀπὸ φωνῆς τῆς πτώσεώς σου ἐν τῷ στενάξαι τραυματίας ἐν τῷ σπάσαι μάχαιραν ἐν μέσῳ σου σεισθήσονται αἱ νῆσοι

For thus says the Lord God to Tyre: Shall not the islands shake at the sound of your fall, when the wounded groan, when the sword is drawn in your midst?

The maritime world trembles at Tyre's fall

ASYNDETON

Tyre's collapse sends shock far beyond itself because her reputation had ruled the sea-lanes.

διότι

because

C · διότι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

διότι: meaning 'because'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Σορ

Tyre

N DSF · Σορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

φωνῆς

voice

N1 GSF · φωνή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

φωνή: meaning 'voice'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὅ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πτώσεώς

πτώσεως

N3I GSF · πτώσις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πτώσις: meaning 'πτώσεώς'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

στενάξαι

στενάξαι

VA AAN · στενάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

στενάζω: meaning 'στενάξαι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τραυματίας

slain

N1T APM · τραυματίας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τραυματίας: meaning 'slain'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σπάσαι

σπάσαι

VA AAN · σπάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

σπάω: meaning 'σπάσαι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μάχαιραν

sword

N1A ASF · μάχαιρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

μέσῳ

midst

A1 DSM · μέσος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μέσος: meaning 'midst'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

σεισθήσονται

σειώ

VC FPI3P · σειώ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σειώ: meaning 'σειώ'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νήσοι

islands

N2 NPF · νήσος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

νήσος: meaning 'islands'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

16 καὶ καταβήσονται ἀπὸ τῶν θρόνων αὐτῶν πάντες οἱ ἄρχοντες ἐκ τῶν ἐθνῶν τῆς θαλάσσης καὶ ἀφελοῦνται τὰς μίτρας ἀπὸ τῶν κεφαλῶν αὐτῶν καὶ τὸν ἱματισμὸν τὸν ποικίλον αὐτῶν ἐκδύσονται ἐκστάσει ἐκστήσονται ἐπὶ γῆν καθεδοῦνται καὶ φοβηθήσονται τὴν ἀπώλειαν αὐτῶν καὶ στενάξουσιν ἐπὶ σέ

And all the rulers of the nations of the sea shall come down from their thrones and remove the turbans from their heads and strip off their embroidered clothing; they shall stand in astonishment, they shall sit upon the ground and be afraid at your destruction and groan over you.

Sea-rulers descend in stunned lament

ASYNDETON

The great maritime elites enact a ritual descent from status, mirroring Tyre's own humiliation.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταβήσονται

κατα

VF FMI3P · βαίνω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βαίνω + κατα: meaning 'κατα'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θρόνων

thrones

N2 GPM · θρόνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θρόνος: meaning 'thrones'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πάντες

all

A3 NPM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄρχοντες

rulers

N3 NPM · ἄρχων

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄρχων: meaning 'rulers'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐκ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐθνῶν

nation

N3E GPN · ἔθνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nation'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θαλάσσης

sea

N1S GSF · θάλασσα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θάλασσα: meaning 'sea'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀφελοῦνται

ἀφελοῦνται

VF2 FMI3P · αἰρέω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

αἰρέω + ἀπο: meaning 'ἀφελοῦνται'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μίτρας

turbans

N1A APF · μίτρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

μίτρα: meaning 'turbans'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κεφαλῶν

head / capital

N1 GPF · κεφαλή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κεφαλή: meaning 'head'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἱματισμὸν

clothing

N2 ASM · ἱματισμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἱματισμός: meaning 'clothing'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποικίλον

ποικίλον

A1 ASM · ποικίλος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ποικίλος: meaning 'ποικίλον'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐκδύσονται

ἐκδύσονται

VF FMI3P · δύω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δύω + ἐκ: meaning 'ἐκδύσονται'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐκστάσει

astonishment

N3I DSF · ἔκστασις

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἔκστασις: meaning 'astonishment'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκστήσονται

will be astounded

VF FMI3P · ἵστημι + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἵστημι + ἐκ: meaning 'will be astounded'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

γῆν

land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καθεδοῦνται

καθεδοῦνται

VF2 FMI3P · ἕζομαι + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἕζομαι + κατα: meaning 'καθεδοῦνται'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

φοβηθήσονται

fear

VC FPI3P · φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

φοβέω: meaning 'fear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τήν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τήν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀπώλειαν

destruction

N1A ASF · ἀπώλεια

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀπώλεια: meaning 'destruction'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

στενάζουσιν

groaned

VF FAI3P · στενάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

στενάζω: meaning 'groaned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

17 καὶ λήμψονται ἐπὶ σέ θρῆνον καὶ ἐροῦσίν σοι πῶς κατελύθης ἐκ θαλάσσης ἡ πόλις ἡ ἐπαινεστὴ ἡ δοῦσα τὸν φόβον αὐτῆς πᾶσι τοῖς κατοικοῦσιν αὐτήν

And they shall take up a lament over you and say to you, How have you been destroyed from the sea, you praised city, you who gave your fear to all who lived in you?

A formal lament names Tyre's lost glory

ASYNDETON

The city once famed and feared is now addressed as a shattered memory.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λήμψονται

will take up

VF FMI3P · λαμβάνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λαμβάνω: meaning 'will take up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

θρῆνον

lamentation

N2 ASM · θρῆνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θρῆνος; meaning 'lamentation'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ; meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐροῦσίν

they will say

VF2 FAI3P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶπον; meaning 'they will say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σοι

to you

RP DS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

σοι; meaning 'to you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πῶς

how

D · πῶς

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πῶς; meaning 'how'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατελύθης

κατελύθης

VCI API2S · λύω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λύω + κατα; meaning 'κατελύθης'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐκ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ; meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

θαλάσσης

sea

N1S GSF · θάλασσα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θάλασσα; meaning 'sea'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλις

city

N3I NSF · πόλις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πόλις; meaning 'city'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐπαινεστή

ἐπαινεστή

A1 NSF · ἐπαινεστός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἐπαινεστός; meaning 'ἐπαινεστή'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δοῦσα

δοῦσα

VO · ααπνσφ δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ααπνσφ δίδωμι: meaning 'δοῦσα'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φόβον

fear

N2 ASM · φόβος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

φόβος: meaning 'fear'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πᾶσι

all

A3 DPM · πᾶς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικοῦσιν

papdpm oikeyo + kata

V2 · παπδπμ οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπδπμ οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'papdpm oikeyo + kata'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτήν

her

RD ASF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτήν: meaning 'her'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

18 καὶ φοβηθήσονται αἱ νῆσοι ἀφ' ἡμέρας πτώσεώς σου

And the islands shall be afraid from the day of your fall.

The fall changes the whole maritime order

ASYNDETON

Tyre's destruction reverberates outward, reshaping the emotional and political landscape of the coasts.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

φοβηθήσονται

fear

VC FPI3P · φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

φοβέω: meaning 'fear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νῆσοι

islands

N2 NPF · νήσος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

νήσος: meaning 'islands'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἀφ'

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀφ': meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἡμέρας

day

N1A GSF · ἡμέρα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πτώσεώς

πτώσεώς

N3I GSF · πτώσις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πτώσις: meaning 'πτώσεώς'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

19 ὅτι τάδε λέγει κύριος κύριος ὅταν δῶ σε πόλιν ἡρημωμένην ὡς τὰς πόλεις τὰς μὴ κατοικηθησομένας ἐν τῷ ἀναγαγεῖν με ἐπὶ σὲ τὴν ἄβυσσον καὶ κατακαλύψῃ σε ὕδωρ πολὺ

For thus says the Lord God: When I make you a desolated city, like the cities that shall not be inhabited, when I bring up the deep against you and much water covers you,

The imagery deepens from siege to cosmic inundation

ASYNDETON

It moves beyond military assault into abyssal imagery, making Tyre's ruin feel like an undoing of created order.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὅταν

when

D · ὅταν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅταν: meaning 'when'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δῶ

didomi

VO AAS1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

δίδωμι: meaning 'didomi'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἡρημωμένην

ἡρημωμένην

VM · χηπασφ ἔρημόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χηπασφ ἔρημόω: meaning 'ἡρημωμένην'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλεις

cities

N3I APF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'cities'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατοικηθσομένης

κατοικηθσομένης

VC · φηπαφ οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

φηπαφ οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'κατοικηθσομένης'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀναγαγεῖν

to bring up

VB AAN · ἄγω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

ἄγω + ἀνα: meaning 'to bring up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

με

me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄβυσσον

deep

N2 ASF · ἄβυσσος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄβυσσος: meaning 'deep'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατακαλύψη

κατακαλύψη

VA AAS3S · καλύπτω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

καλύπτω + κατα: meaning 'κατακαλύψη'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὕδωρ

water

N3 NSN · ὕδωρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὕδωρ: meaning 'water'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πολύ

much

A1P NSN · πολὺς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πολύς: meaning 'much'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

20 καὶ καταβιβάσω σε πρὸς τοὺς καταβαίνοντας εἰς βόθρον πρὸς λαὸν αἰῶνος καὶ κατοικιῶ σε εἰς βάθη τῆς γῆς ὡς ἔρημον αἰώνιον μετὰ καταβαινόντων εἰς βόθρον ὅπως μὴ κατοικηθῇς μηδὲ ἀνασταθῇς ἐπὶ γῆς ζῶντος

then I will bring you down to those who go down to the pit, to a people of old, and I will make you dwell in the depths of the earth like an everlasting desert, with those going down to the pit, so that you may not be inhabited nor stand again in the land of the living.

Tyre is driven down to the pit

ASYNDETON

The city's fall culminates in descent, disappearance, and exclusion from the land of the living.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταβιβάσω

καταβιβάσω

VF FAI1S · βιβάζω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βιβάζω + κατα: meaning 'καταβιβάσω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

καταβαίνοντας

καταβαίνοντας

V1 · παπαπμ βαίνω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπμ βαίνω + κατα: meaning 'καταβαίνοντας'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

βόθρον

pit

N2 ASM · βόθρος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βόθρος: meaning 'pit'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

λαὸν

people

N2 ASM · λαός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αἰῶνος

age / forever

N3W GSM · αἰών

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

αἰών: meaning 'age'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατοικιῶ

settle

VF2 FAI1S · οἰκίζω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

οἰκίζω + κατα: meaning 'settle'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

βάθη

depths

N3E APN · βάθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βάθος: meaning 'depths'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔρημον

desolate

N2 ASF · ἔρημος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἔρημος: meaning 'desolate'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αἰώνιον

everlasting

A1B ASF · αἰώνιος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

αἰώνιος: meaning 'everlasting'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

μετὰ

with

P · μετά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

μετὰ: meaning 'with'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

καταβαίνόντων

going down

V1 · παπγπμ βαίνω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπγπμ βαίνω + κατα: meaning 'going down'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

βόθρον

pit

N2 ASM · βόθρος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βόθρος: meaning 'pit'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὥπως

so that

C · ὥπως

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥπως: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατοικηθῆς

κατοικηθῆς

VC APS2S · οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'κατοικηθῆς'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μηδὲ

and do not / nor

C · μηδέ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μηδὲ: meaning 'and do not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀνασταθῆς

ἀνασταθῆς

VC APS2S · ἵστημι + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ἵστημι + ἀνα: meaning 'ἀνασταθῆς'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ζωῆς

life

N1 GSF · ζωή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ζωή: meaning 'life'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

21 ἀπώλειάν σε δώσω καὶ οὐχ ὑπάρξεις ἔτι εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα λέγει κύριος κύριος

I will make you a destruction, and you shall no longer exist forever, says the Lord God.

The oracle ends in erasure

ASYNDETON

The last word is not temporary setback but decisive disappearance under divine sentence.

ἀπώλειάν

ἀπώλειάν

N1A ASF · ἀπώλεια

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀπώλεια: meaning 'ἀπώλειάν'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

δώσω

give

VF FAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐχ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐχ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὑπάρξεις

ὑπάρξεις

VF FAI2S · ἄρχω + ὑπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἄρχω + ὑπο: meaning 'ὑπάρξεις'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔτι

still

D · ἔτι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔτι: meaning 'still'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

αἰῶνα

age / forever

N3W ASM · αἰών

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

αἰών: meaning 'age'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

*nominative element functioning as subject,
predicate, or apposition*

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as
nominative element functioning as subject,
predicate, or apposition.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm, and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.