

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Isaiah, Chapter 19

ΗΣΑΪΑΣ ΙΘ΄

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a **|** lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

Egypt is struck, humbled, healed, and astonishingly drawn into the Lord's worship.

Translation & textual notes

Isaiah 19 begins as an oracle against Egypt, but the Septuagint lets the chapter move far beyond simple denunciation. The opening stanzas portray the Lord as a divine rider coming swiftly upon a light cloud, so that idols tremble, civil order collapses, and the Nile-based economy withers from river to reed, fisher, loom, and brewing vat. The middle section exposes the futility of Egyptian wisdom: Tanis and Memphis cannot interpret the Lord's purpose because he has mixed among them a spirit of delusion. Yet the chapter does not end in ruin. From verse 16 onward fear opens into recognition, and the Greek develops one of Isaiah's most startling international visions: Egyptian cities speak the language of

Canaan, an altar and pillar stand for the Lord in Egypt, the Egyptians cry out and are healed, and finally Egypt, Assyria, and Israel stand together within the Lord's blessing. The annotations below therefore track both the chapter's judgment rhetoric and its unexpected movement toward transnational worship and healing in the LXX.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 19:1-4

The Lord comes against Egypt and overturns its counsel

The oracle opens with the Lord's swift approach, the shaking of idols, civil strife within Egypt, and the handing over of the nation to harsh rulers.

B · 19:5-10

The Nile economy dries up from river to workshop

As the waters fail, reeds, sowing, fishing, linen work, and brewing all collapse, showing judgment reaching into every level of Egypt's material life.

C · 19:11-15

The wisdom of Tanis and Memphis is exposed as delusion

Princes and counselors cannot read the Lord's purpose, because he has mixed a spirit of wandering among them and left the nation incapable of sound action.

D · 19:16-17

Egypt trembles before the Lord and the land of Judah

Egypt becomes like fearful women, and even the mention of Judah evokes dread because of the Lord's decided plan.

E · 19:18-25

Egypt turns to the Lord and joins Assyria and Israel in blessing

The closing movement imagines Egyptian speech, worship, healing, and international reconciliation, culminating in a threefold blessing over Egypt, Assyria, and Israel.

1 ὄρασις Αἰγύπτου ἰδοὺ κύριος κάθηται ἐπὶ νεφέλης κούφης καὶ ἥξει εἰς Αἴγυπτον καὶ σεισθήσεται τὰ χειροποίητα Αἰγύπτου ἀπὸ προσώπου αὐτοῦ καὶ ἡ καρδία αὐτῶν ἡττηθήσεται ἐν αὐτοῖς

An oracle concerning Egypt: behold, the Lord sits upon a light cloud and will come into Egypt, and the handmade idols of Egypt will be shaken before him, and their heart will fail within them.

Heading ASYNDETON

The burden names Egypt explicitly and immediately presents the Lord as the active visitor. The imagery of the cloud-rider frames the chapter as divine intervention that shakes both idols and inner resolve.

ὄρασις

vision

N3I NSF · ὄρασις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὄρασις: meaning 'vision'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Αἰγύπτου

Egypt

N2 GSF · Αἴγυπτος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κάθηται

remained seated

V5 PMI3S · ἤμαι + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

ἤμαι + κατα: meaning 'remained seated'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

νεφέλης

nepheles

N1 GSF · νεφέλη

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

νεφέλη: meaning 'nepheles'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

κούφης

swift / light

A1 GSF · κοῦφος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κοῦφος: meaning 'swift'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἥξει
will come

VF FAI3S · ἥκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἥκω: meaning 'will come'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Αἴγυπτον
Egypt

N2 ASF · Αἴγυπτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτον: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σεισθήσεται
shake

VC FPI3S · σείω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σείω: meaning 'shake'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ
the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χειροποίητα
handmade idols

A1B APN · χειροποίητος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χειροποίητος: meaning 'handmade idols'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Αἴγυπτου

Egypt

N2 GSF · Αἴγυπτος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἀπὸ
from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

προσώπου

face / presence

N2N GSN · πρόσωπον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρόσωπον: meaning 'face'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ and C · καί <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	ἡ the RA NSF · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	καρδία heart N1A NSF · καρδία <i>nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition</i> → participant prominence καρδία: meaning 'heart'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.	αὐτῶν their RD GPM · αὐτός <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → relational specification αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.
ἡττηθήσεται will be defeated VC FPI3S · ἡττάω <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → future ἡττάω: meaning 'will be defeated'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	ἐν in P · ἐν <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	αὐτοῖς them RD DPM · αὐτός <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → participant reference or interest αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.	

2 καὶ ἐπεγερθήσονται Αἰγύπτιοι ἐπ' Αἰγυπτίους καὶ πολεμήσει ἄνθρωπος τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ καὶ ἄνθρωπος τὸν πλησίον αὐτοῦ πόλις ἐπὶ πόλιν καὶ νομὸς ἐπὶ νομόν

And Egyptians will rise up against Egyptians, and a man will fight against his brother and a man against his neighbor, city against city and district against district.

Result ASYNDETON

The first effect of the Lord's coming is internal disintegration. The nation is pictured collapsing into fraternal, civic, and regional conflict.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπεγερθήσονται
will stir up

VC FPI3P · ἐγείρω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἐγείρω + ἐπι: meaning 'will stir up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Αἰγύπτιοι
Egyptians

N2 NPM · Αἰγύπτιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτιοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπ'
upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Αἰγυπτίους
Egyptian

N2 APM · Αἰγύπτιος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίους: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πολεμήσει
will fight

VF FAI3S · πολεμέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πολεμέω: meaning 'will fight'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἄνθρωπος
man / human being

N2 NSM · ἄνθρωπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀδελφὸν
brother

N2 ASM · ἀδελφός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀδελφός: meaning 'brother'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ
his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἄνθρωπος

man / human being

N2 NSM · ἄνθρωπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πλησίον

neighbor

D · πλησίον

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πλησίον: meaning 'neighbor'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πόλις

city

N3I NSF · πόλις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

νομός

district

N2 NSM · νόμος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

νόμος: meaning 'district'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

νομόν

districts

N2 ASM · νομός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

νομός: meaning 'districts'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

3 καὶ ταραχθήσεται τὸ πνεῦμα τῶν Αἰγυπτίων ἐν αὐτοῖς καὶ τὴν βουλήν αὐτῶν διασκεδάσω καὶ ἐπερωτήσουσιν τοὺς θεοὺς αὐτῶν καὶ τὰ ἀγάλματα αὐτῶν καὶ τοὺς ἐκ τῆς γῆς φωνοῦντας καὶ τοὺς ἐγγαστριμύθους

And the spirit of the Egyptians will be troubled within them, and I will scatter their counsel; and they will inquire of their gods and their images and those who speak from the earth and the ventriloquists.

Elaboration ASYNDETON

Political collapse is matched by mental and religious confusion. Egypt's failed wisdom drives it toward idols and occult mediation rather than toward the Lord.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ταραχθήσεται
trouble / shake

VQ FPI3S · τaráσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

τaráσσω: meaning 'trouble'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸ
the

RA NSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πνεῦμα
spirit

N3M NSN · πνεῦμα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πνεῦμα: meaning 'spirit'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγυπτίων

Egyptians

N2 GPM · Αἰγύπτιος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίων: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βουλὴν

counsel

N1 ASF · βουλή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βουλή: meaning 'counsel'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

διασκεδάσω

break apart

VF FAI1S · σκεδάζω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σκεδάζω + δια: meaning 'break apart'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπερωτήσουσιν

inquired / asked

VF FAI3P · ἐρωτάω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἐρωτάω + ἐπι: meaning 'inquired'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θεοὺς

gods

N2 APM · θεός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θεός: meaning 'gods'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀγάλματα

images

N3M APN · ἄγαλμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄγαλμα: meaning 'images'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐκ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆς: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

φωνοῦντας

παπαπμ φωνεω

V2 · παπαπμ φωνέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπμ φωνέω: meaning 'παπαπμ φωνεω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς
the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐγγαστριμύθους
mediums

A1B APM · ἐγγαστρίμυθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἐγγαστρίμυθος: meaning 'mediums'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

4 καὶ παραδώσω Αἴγυπτον εἰς χεῖρας ἀνθρώπων κυρίων σκληρῶν καὶ βασιλεῖς σκληροὶ κυριεύσουσιν αὐτῶν τάδε λέγει κύριος σαβαωθ

And I will deliver Egypt into the hands of harsh lords, and harsh kings will rule over them, says the Lord Sabaoth.

Judgment ASYNDETON

The oracle narrows the chaos into political domination. Foreign or severe masters become the concrete instrument of divine judgment.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

παραδώσω

I will hand over

VF FAI1S · δίδωμι + παρα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι + παρα: meaning 'I will hand over'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Αἴγυπτον

Egypt

N2 ASF · Αἴγυπτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτον: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

χεῖρας

hands

N3 APF · χεῖρ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χεῖρ: meaning 'hands'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἄνθρωπων

man / human being

N2 GPM · ἄνθρωπος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

κυρίων

Lord

N2 GPM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σκληρῶν

harsh

A1A GPM · σκληρός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

σκληρός: meaning 'harsh'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

βασιλεῖς

king

N3V NPM · βασιλεύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σκληροὶ

mighty / stern

A1A NPM · σκληρός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σκληρός: meaning 'mighty'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κυριεύουσιν

rule

VF FAI3P · κυριεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

κυριεύω: meaning 'rule'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τάδε

thus

RD APN · ὧδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'thus'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σαβαωθ

Sabaoth

N G · σαβαωθ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

σαβαωθ: meaning 'Sabaoth'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

5 καὶ πίνονται οἱ Αἰγύπτιοι ὕδωρ τὸ παρὰ θάλασσαν ὃ δὲ ποταμὸς ἐκλείψει καὶ ξηρανθήσεται

And the Egyptians will drink water by the sea, but the river will fail and be dried up.

Result ASYNDETON

The focus shifts from political disorder to environmental devastation. The Nile, source of Egypt's stability, begins to fail.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πίνονται

drink

VF FM13P · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πίνω: meaning 'drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγύπτιοι

Egyptians

N2 NPM · Αἰγύπτιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτιοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὕδωρ

water

N3 ASN · ὕδωρ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὕδωρ: meaning 'water'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

παρά

from

P · παρά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

παρά: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

θάλασσαν

sea

N1S ASF · θάλασσα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θάλασσα: meaning 'sea'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δὲ

but

X · δέ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

δὲ: meaning 'but'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ποταμός

river

N2 NSM · ποταμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ποταμός: meaning 'river'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐκλείψει

leipo + ek

VF FAI3S · λείπω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λείπω + ἐκ: meaning 'leipo + ek'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ξηρανθήσεται

dry up / wither

VC FPI3S · ξηραίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ξηραίνω: meaning 'dry up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

6 καὶ ἐκλείψουσιν οἱ ποταμοὶ καὶ αἱ διώρυγες τοῦ ποταμοῦ καὶ ξηρανθήσεται πᾶσα συναγωγή ὕδατος καὶ ἐν παντὶ ἔλει καλάμου καὶ παπύρου

And the rivers will fail, and the canals of the river, and every collection of water will dry up, and in every marsh there will be reed and papyrus no more.

Elaboration ASYNDETON

The drying spreads through channels, marshes, and storage waters. The picture broadens from the main river to the whole irrigated system.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐκλείψουσιν

leipo + ek

VF FAI3P · λείπω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λείπω + ἐκ: meaning 'leipo + ek'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποταμοὶ

river

N2 NPM · ποταμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ποταμός: meaning 'river'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διώρυγες

canal

N3G NPF · διώρυξ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

διώρυξ: meaning 'canal'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποταμού

river

N2 GSM · ποταμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ποταμός: meaning 'river'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ξηρανθήσεται

dry up / wither

VC FP13S · ξηραίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ξηραίνω: meaning 'dry up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πᾶσα

all

A1S NSF · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

συναγωγή

assembly

N1 NSF · συναγωγή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

συναγωγή: meaning 'assembly'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὕδατος

water

N3T GSN · ὕδωρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ὕδωρ: meaning 'water'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

παντὶ

all / every

A3 DSN · πᾶς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐλει

marsh

N3E DSN · ἔλος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἔλος: meaning 'marsh'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καλάμου

reeds

N2 GSM · καλάμος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κάλαμος: meaning 'reeds'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

παπύρου

papyrus

N2 GSM · πάπυρος

*genitive nominal element defining relation,
possession, source, or quality*

→ relational specification

πάπυρος: meaning 'papyrus'; it serves as
genitive nominal element defining
relation, possession, source, or quality.

7 καὶ τὸ ἄχι τὸ χλωρὸν πᾶν τὸ κύκλῳ τοῦ ποταμοῦ καὶ πᾶν τὸ σπειρόμενον διὰ τοῦ ποταμοῦ ξηρανθήσεται ἀνεμόφθορον

And the green growth, everything around the river, and everything sown by the river, will dry up,
blasted by the wind.

Result ASYNDETON

Vegetation and agriculture now join the judgment. Fertility along the riverbanks is undone by drought
and wind.

καὶ

and

C · καί

*connective or conjunction linking the clause to its
context*

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle
linking this unit with the surrounding
discourse.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and
the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄχι

meadow grass

N ASN · ἄχι

*adverbial or particle element shaping the clause
or phrase*

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἄχι: meaning 'meadow grass'; conjunction
or particle linking this unit with the
surrounding discourse.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and
the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χλωρόν

green

A1A ASN · χλωρός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χλωρός; meaning 'green'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πᾶν

all

A3 NSN · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς; meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύκλω

around

N2 DSM · κύκλος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύκλος; meaning 'around'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποταμοῦ

river

N2 GSM · ποταμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ποταμός; meaning 'river'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί; meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πᾶν

all / every

A3 ASN · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς; meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σπειρόμενον

being sown

V1 · πμπασν σπείρω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπασν σπείρω; meaning 'being sown'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ; meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποταμοῦ

river

N2 GSM · ποταμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ποταμός: meaning 'river'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ξηρανθήσεται

dry up / wither

VC FPI3S · ξηραίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ξηραίνω: meaning 'dry up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀνεμόφθορον

wind-blasted

A1B ASN · ἀνεμόφθορος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀνεμόφθορος: meaning 'wind-blasted'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

8 καὶ στενάξουσιν οἱ ἄλεεῖς καὶ στενάξουσιν πάντες οἱ βάλλοντες ἄγκιστρον εἰς τὸν ποταμόν καὶ οἱ βάλλοντες σαγήνας καὶ οἱ ἀμφιβολεῖς πενθήσουσιν

And the fishermen will groan, and all who cast a hook into the river will groan, and those who cast nets and the fishers with casting-nets will mourn.

Elaboration ASYNDETON

Human livelihoods register the loss. The river's failure is heard in the lament of those who once drew their living from it.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

στενάξουσιν

groaned

VF FAI3P · στενάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

στενάζω: meaning 'groaned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄλεεῖς

fisherman

N3V NPM · ἄλιεύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄλιεύς: meaning 'fisherman'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

στενάξουσιν
groaned

VF FAI3P · στενάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

στενάζω: meaning 'groaned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πάντες
all

A3 NPM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οἱ
the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βάλλοντες
throwing

V1 · παπνπμ βάλλω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνπμ βάλλω: meaning 'throwing'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἄγκιστρον
a hook

N2N ASN · ἄγκιστρον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄγκιστρον: meaning 'a hook'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποταμόν
river

N2 ASM · ποταμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ποταμός: meaning 'river'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ
the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βάλλοντες
throwing

V1 · παπνπμ βάλλω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνπμ βάλλω: meaning 'throwing'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σαγήνας

seine

N1 APF · σαγήνη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σαγήνη: meaning 'seine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄμφιβολεῖς

caster of nets

N3V NPM · ἄμφιβολεύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄμφιβολεύς: meaning 'caster of nets'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πενθήσουσιν

shall mourn

VF FAI3P · πενθέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πενθέω: meaning 'shall mourn'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

9 καὶ αἰσχὺνη λήμψεται τοὺς ἐργαζομένους τὸ λίνον τὸ σχιστὸν καὶ τοὺς ἐργαζομένους τὴν βύσσον

And shame will seize those who work the split flax and those who work fine linen.

Result ASYNDETON

Textile production, another emblem of Egyptian prosperity, also collapses. The verse turns economic loss into public shame.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἰσχύνη
shame

N1 NSF · αἰσχύνη

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

αἰσχύνη: meaning 'shame'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

λήμψεται
receive

VF FMI3S · λαμβάνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λαμβάνω: meaning 'receive'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς
the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐργαζομένους
practice

V1 · πμπαπμ ἐργάζομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπαπμ ἐργάζομαι: meaning 'practice'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸ
the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λίνον
flax

N2N ASN · λίνον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λίνον: meaning 'flax'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὸ
the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σχιστὸν
combed / split

A1 ASN · σχιστός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σχιστός: meaning 'combed'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς
the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐργαζομένους
practice

V1 · πμπαπμ ἐργάζομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπαπμ ἐργάζομαι: meaning 'practice'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βύσσον

fine linen

N2 ASF · βύσσοις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βύσσοις: meaning 'fine linen'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

10 καὶ ἔσονται οἱ διαζόμενοι αὐτὰ ἐν ὁδῷ καὶ πάντες οἱ τὸν ζῦθον ποιοῦντες λυπηθήσονται καὶ τὰς ψυχὰς πονέσουσιν

And those who make these things will be in pain, and all who make beer will be grieved and their souls will suffer.

Elaboration ASYNDETON

The judgment reaches artisans and brewers alike. What seemed ordinary economic activity is drawn into the chapter's wider picture of national distress.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσονται

be

VF FMI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διαζόμενοι

διαζόμενοι

V1 · πμνπμ διάζομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμνπμ διάζομαι: meaning 'διαζόμενοι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτὰ

he / him / his

RD APN · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτὰ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὀδύνη

grief

N1 DSF · ὀδύνη

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὀδύνη: meaning 'grief'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πάντες

all

A3 NPM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ζῦθον

beer

N2 ASM · ζῦθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ζῦθος: meaning 'beer'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ποιοῦντες

do / make

V2 · παπνπμ ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνπμ ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λυπηθήσονται

grieved

VC FPI3P · λυπέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λυπέω: meaning 'grieved'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ψυχᾶς

person

N1 APF · ψυχή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ψυχή: meaning 'person'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πονέσουσιν

ΠΟΝΕΩ

VF FAI3P · πονέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πονέω: meaning 'πονέω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

11 καὶ μωροὶ ἔσονται οἱ ἄρχοντες Τάνεως οἱ σοφοὶ σύμβουλοι τοῦ βασιλέως ἡ βουλὴ αὐτῶν μωρανθήσεται πῶς ἐρεῖτε τῷ βασιλεῖ υἱοὶ συνετῶν ἡμεῖς υἱοὶ βασιλέων τῶν ἐξ ἀρχῆς

And the princes of Tanis will be fools, and the wise counselors of the king, their counsel will be made foolish. How will you say to the king, 'We are sons of the wise, sons of kings from the beginning' ?

Exposure ASYNDETON

The poem turns from failing industry to failing elites. Egypt's ancient claims to wisdom are mocked because their counsel has already been rendered foolish.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μωροὶ

foolish

A1A NPM · μωρός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μωρός: meaning 'foolish'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἔσονται

be

VF FMI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄρχοντες

rulers

N3 NPM · ἄρχων

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄρχων: meaning 'rulers'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Τάνεω

of Tanis

N3I GSF · Τάνις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Τάνεω: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σοφοὶ

wise

A1 NPM · σοφός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σοφός: meaning 'wise'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σύμβουλοι

counselor

N2 NPM · σύμβουλος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σύμβουλος: meaning 'counselor'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βασιλέως

king

N3V GSM · βασιλεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βουλή

counsel

N1 NSF · βουλή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

βουλή: meaning 'counsel'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

μωρανθήσεται

I have acted foolishly

VC FPI3S · μωραίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

μωραίνω: meaning 'I have acted foolishly'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πῶς

how

D · πῶς

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πῶς: meaning 'how'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔρεϊτε

you shall say

VF2 FAI2P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶπον: meaning 'you shall say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βασιλεῖ

king

N3V DSM · βασιλεύς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

συνετῶν

synetos

A1 GPM · συνετός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

συνετός: meaning 'synetos'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἡμεῖς

we

RP NP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἡμεῖς: meaning 'we'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

βασιλέων

kings

N3V GPM · βασιλεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βασιλεύς: meaning 'kings'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐξ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐξ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἀρχῆς

beginning

N1 GSF · ἀρχή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἀρχή: meaning 'beginning'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

12 ποῦ εἰσιν νῦν οἱ σοφοί σου καὶ ἀναγγειλάτωσάν σοι καὶ εἰπάτωσαν τί βεβούλευται κύριος σαβαωθ ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον

Where are your wise men now? Let them declare to you and tell you what the Lord Sabaoth has purposed against Egypt.

Challenge ASYNDETON

The prophet challenges the supposed sages to interpret history truly. Their inability to discern the Lord's purpose exposes the emptiness of their prestige.

ποῦ

where

D · ποῦ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ποῦ: meaning 'where'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσιν

are

V9 PAI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'are'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

νῦν

now

D · νῦν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

νῦν: meaning 'now'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σοφοί

wise

A1 NPM · σοφός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σοφός: meaning 'wise'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀναγγειλάτωσάν

proclaim

VA AAD3P · ἀγγέλλω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἀγγέλλω + ἀνα: meaning 'proclaim'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σοι

to you

RP DS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

σοι: meaning 'to you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπάτωσαν

said

VB AAD3P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τί

what

RI ASN · τίς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τί: meaning 'what'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

βεβούλευται

took counsel

VM XMI3S · βουλεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

βουλεύω: meaning 'took counsel'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σαβαωθ

Sabaoth

N G · σαβαωθ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

σαβαωθ: meaning 'Sabaoth'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Αἴγυπτον

Egypt

N2 ASF · Αἴγυπτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτον: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

13 ἐξέλιπον οἱ ἄρχοντες Τάνεως καὶ ὑψώθησαν οἱ ἄρχοντες Μέμφεως καὶ πλανήσουσιν Αἴγυπτον κατὰ φυλάς

The princes of Tanis have failed, and the princes of Memphis have been exalted, and they will lead Egypt astray by tribes.

Result ASYNDETON

The named political centers do not save the nation; instead their leaders become agents of misdirection. The disorder spreads through the social body tribe by tribe.

ἐξέλιπον

vanish

VBI AAI3P · λείπω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λείπω + ἐκ: meaning 'vanish'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄρχοντες

rulers

N3 NPM · ἄρχων

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄρχων: meaning 'rulers'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Τάνεως

of Tanis

N3I GSF · Τάνις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Τάνεως: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὑψώθησαν

exalt

VC API3P · ὑψόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ὑψόω: meaning 'exalt'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄρχοντες

rulers

N3 NPM · ἄρχων

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄρχων: meaning 'rulers'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Μέμφεως

of Memphis

N3I GSF · Μέμφις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Μέμφεως: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πλανήσουσιν

lead astray

VF FAI3P · πλανάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πλανάω: meaning 'lead astray'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Αἴγυπτον

Egypt

N2 ASF · Αἴγυπτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτον: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κατὰ

according to

P · κατά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

κατὰ: meaning 'according to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

φυλάς

tribes

N1 APF · φυλή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

φυλή: meaning 'tribes'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

14 κύριος γὰρ ἐκέρασεν αὐτοῖς πνεῦμα πλανήσεως καὶ ἐπλάνησαν Αἴγυπτον ἐν πᾶσι τοῖς ἔργοις αὐτῶν ὡς πλανᾶται ὁ μεθύων καὶ ὁ ἐμῶν ἄμα

For the Lord has mixed for them a spirit of wandering, and they have led Egypt astray in all their works, as a drunken man and one vomiting wander together.

Explanation ASYNDETON

The chapter now interprets the confusion theologically. Egypt's misrule is not random but the effect of a God-given spirit of staggering delusion.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

γάρ

for

X · γάρ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

γάρ: meaning 'for'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

έκέρασεν

mix

VAI AAI3S · κεράννυμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

κεράννυμι: meaning 'mix'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πνεῦμα

spirit

N3M ASN · πνεῦμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πνεῦμα: meaning 'spirit'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πλανήσεως

wandering

N3I GSF · πλανήσις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πλανήσις: meaning 'wandering'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

έπλάνησαν

lead astray

VAI AAI3P · πλανάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

πλανάω: meaning 'lead astray'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Αἴγυπτον

Egypt

N2 ASF · Αἴγυπτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτον: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πᾶσι

all

A3 DPN · πᾶς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔργοις

works

N2N DPN · ἔργον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἔργον: meaning 'works'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτῶν

his/their

RD GPF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὥς

as

D · ὥς

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πλανᾶται

lead astray

V3 PMI3S · πλανάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

πλανάω: meaning 'lead astray'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μεθύων

being drunk

V1 · παπνσμ μεθύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ μεθύω: meaning 'being drunk'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐμῶν

my

A1 GPM · ἐμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἐμός: meaning 'my'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἅμα

together

D · ἅμα

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἅμα: meaning 'together'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

15 καὶ οὐκ ἔσται τοῖς Αἰγυπτίοις ἔργον ὃ ποιήσει κεφαλὴν καὶ οὐράν ἀρχὴν καὶ τέλος

And there will not be for the Egyptians any work that head and tail, beginning and end, may do.

Summary ASYNDETON

The section closes with total incapacity. From highest to lowest, no sector of the nation can produce an effective response.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγυπτίοις

Egyptian

N2 DPM · Αἰγύπτιος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίοις: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἔργον

work

N2N ASN · ἔργον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἔργον: meaning 'work'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὃ

which / who

RR NSM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ποιήσει

make

VF FAI3S · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ποιέω: meaning 'make'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κεφαλὴν head N1 ASF · κεφαλή <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification κεφαλή: meaning 'head'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.	καὶ and C · καί <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	οὐράν tail N1A ASF · οὐρά <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification οὐρά: meaning 'tail'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.	ἀρχήν beginning N1 ASF · ἀρχή <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification ἀρχή: meaning 'beginning'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.
καὶ and C · καί <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	τέλος end N3E ASN · τέλος <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification τέλος: meaning 'end'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.		

16 τῇ δὲ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκείνῃ ἔσονται οἱ Αἰγύπτιοι ὡς γυναῖκες ἐν φόβῳ καὶ ἐν τρόμῳ ἀπὸ προσώπου τῆς χειρὸς κυρίου σαβαωθ ἣν αὐτὸς ἐπιβαλεῖ αὐτοῖς

In that day the Egyptians will be like women in fear and trembling before the face of the hand of the Lord Sabaoth, which he himself will lay upon them.

Pivot ASYNDETON

A new refrain, 'in that day,' marks the transition. Egypt's posture changes from proud self-reliance to visceral fear before the Lord's hand.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δὲ

but

X · δέ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

δὲ: meaning 'but'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἡμέρα

day

N1A DSF · ἡμέρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκείνη

that

RD DSF · ἐκεῖνος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἐκείνη: meaning 'that'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔσονται

be

VF FMI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγύπτιοι

Egyptians

N2 NPM · Αἰγύπτιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτιοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

γυναῖκες

woman

N3K NPF · γυνή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

γυνή: meaning 'woman'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

φόβω

fear

N2 DSM · φόβος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

φόβος: meaning 'fear'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τρόμῳ

trembling

N2 DSM · τρόμος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

τρόμος: meaning 'trembling'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπὸ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

προσώπου

face / presence

N2N GSN · πρόσωπον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρόσωπον: meaning 'face'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χειρὸς

hand

N3 GSF · χεῖρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

χεῖρ: meaning 'hand'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σαβαωθ

Sabaoth

N G · σαβαωθ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

σαβαωθ: meaning 'Sabaoth'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἧν

who / whom

RR ASF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἧν: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

αὐτός

he

RD NSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτός: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπιβαλεῖ

shall place

VF2 FAI3S · βάλλω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + ἐπι: meaning 'shall place'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

17 καὶ ἔσται ἡ χώρα τῶν Ἰουδαίων τοῖς Αἰγυπτίοις εἰς φόβητρον πᾶς ὃς ἐὰν ὀνομάσῃ αὐτὴν αὐτοῖς φοβηθήσονται διὰ τὴν βουλήν ἣν βεβούλευται κύριος ἐπ' αὐτήν

And the land of the Jews will become a terror to the Egyptians; everyone who names it to them will fear because of the counsel that the Lord has purposed against it.

Result ASYNDETON

Judah becomes a sign of dread for Egypt, not because of Judah's own strength, but because it is linked with the Lord's settled purpose.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FM13S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χώρα

country

N1A NSF · χώρα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

χώρα: meaning 'country'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἰουδαίων

Jew

N2 GPM · Ἰουδαῖος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Ἰουδαίων: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγυπτίοις

Egyptian

N2 DPM · Αἰγύπτιος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίοις: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

φόβητρον

terror

N2N ASN · φόβητρον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

φόβητρον: meaning 'terror'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πᾶς

everyone

A3 NSM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'everyone'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὅς

who

RR NSM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὅς: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐάν

if

C · ἐάν

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐάν: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὀνομάση

was named

VA AAS3S · ὀνομάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ὀνομάζω: meaning 'was named'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτήν

it

RD ASF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτήν: meaning 'it'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

φοβηθήσονται

fear

VC FPI3P · φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

φοβέω: meaning 'fear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τήν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τήν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βουλήν

counsel

N1 ASF · βουλή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βουλή: meaning 'counsel'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἦν

who / whom

RR ASF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἦν: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

βεβούλευται

took counsel

VM XMI3S · βουλεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

βουλεύω: meaning 'took counsel'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτήν

her

RD ASF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτήν: meaning 'her'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

18 τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκείνῃ ἔσονται πέντε πόλεις ἐν Αἰγύπτῳ λαλοῦσαι τῇ γλώσσῃ τῇ Χανανίτιδι καὶ ὀμνύουσαι τῷ ὀνόματι κυρίου πόλις-ασεδεκ κληθήσεται ἡ μία πόλις

In that day there will be five cities in Egypt speaking the language of Canaan and swearing by the name of the Lord; one city will be called City of Righteousness.

Promise ASYNDETON

The fearful turn opens unexpectedly into conversion imagery. Egypt begins to speak covenantal language and to bind itself to the Lord by oath.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρα

day

N1A DSF · ἡμέρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκείνη

that

RD DSF · ἐκεῖνος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἐκείνη: meaning 'that'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔσονται

be

VF FMI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πέντε

five

M · πέντε

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πέντε: meaning 'five'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πόλεις

cities

N3I NPF · πόλις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πόλις: meaning 'cities'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Αἴγυπτο

Egypt

N2 DSF · Αἴγυπτος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτο: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

λαλοῦσαι

speaking

V2 · παπνπφ λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνπφ λαλέω: meaning 'speaking'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γλῶσση

tongue

N1S DSF · γλῶσσα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

γλῶσσα: meaning 'tongue'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Χανανίτιδι

Canaanite

N3D DSF · Χανανίτις

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Χανανίτιδι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὀμνύουσαι

swearing

V5 · παπνπφ ὀμνυμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνπφ ὀμνυμι: meaning 'swearing'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὀνόματι

name

N3M DSN · ὄνομα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πόλις-ασεδεκ

city

N NSF · πόλις

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πόλις-ασεδεκ: meaning 'city'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κληθήσεται

shall be called

VC FPI3S · καλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

καλέω: meaning 'shall be called'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μία

one

A1A NSF · εἷς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ measure or count

μία: meaning 'one'; numeral expression contributing count or measure in context.

πόλις

city

N3I NSF · πόλις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

19 τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκείνῃ ἔσται θυσιαστήριον τῷ κυρίῳ ἐν χώρᾳ Αἰγυπτίων καὶ στήλη πρὸς τὸ ὄριον αὐτῆς τῷ κυρίῳ

In that day there will be an altar to the Lord in the land of the Egyptians and a pillar at its border to the Lord.

Elaboration ASYNDETON

The promise moves from speech to cultic signs. The Lord's worship is imagined as publicly established within Egypt itself.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρᾳ

day

N1A DSF · ἡμέρᾳ

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρᾳ: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκείνῃ

that

RD DSF · ἐκεῖνος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἐκείνῃ: meaning 'that'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

θυσιαστήριον

altar

N2N NSN · θυσιαστήριον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θυσιαστήριον: meaning 'altar'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κυρίῳ

LORD

N2 DSM · κύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

χώρα

country

N1A DSF · χώρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

χώρα: meaning 'country'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

Αἰγυπτίων

Egyptians

N2 GPM · Αἰγύπτιος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίων: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

στήλη

pillars

N1 NSF · στήλη

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

στήλη: meaning 'pillars'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὄριον

border

N2N ASN · ὄριον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὄριον: meaning 'border'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κυρίῳ

LORD

N2 DSM · κύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

20 καὶ ἔσται εἰς σημεῖον εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα κυρίῳ ἐν χώρᾳ Αἰγύπτου ὅτι κεκράζονται πρὸς κύριον διὰ τοὺς θλίβοντας αὐτοὺς καὶ ἀποστελεῖ αὐτοῖς κύριος ἄνθρωπον ὃς σώσει αὐτοὺς κρίνων σώσει αὐτοὺς

And it will be for a sign forever to the Lord in the land of Egypt, because they will cry to the Lord because of those afflicting them, and the Lord will send them a man who will save them; in judging, he will save them.

Explanation ASYNDETON

The altar and pillar witness to a living relationship: Egypt cries out, the Lord hears, and he provides a saving agent. Judgment and salvation are now intertwined.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται
shall be

VF FM13S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σημεῖον
sign

N2 ASN · σημεῖον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σημεῖον: meaning 'sign'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

αἰῶνα
age / forever

N3W ASM · αἰών

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

αἰών: meaning 'age'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κυρίῳ
LORD

N2 DSM · κύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

χώρα

country

N1A DSF · χώρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

χώρα: meaning 'country'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

Αἴγυπτου

Egypt

N2 GSF · Αἴγυπτος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κεκράζονται

they will cry out

VFX FMI3P · κράζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

κράζω: meaning 'they will cry out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

κύριον

LORD

N2 ASM · κύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θλίβοντας

afflicting

V1 · παπαπμ θλίβω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπμ θλίβω: meaning 'afflicting'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀποστελεῖ

send

VF2 FAI3S · στέλλω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

στέλλω + ἀπο: meaning 'send'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἄνθρωπον

man

N2 ASM · ἄνθρωπος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὅς

who

RR NSM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὅς: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

σώσει

it will save

VF FAI3S · σώζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σώζω: meaning 'it will save'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κρίνων

papnsm krino

V1 · παπνσμ κρίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ κρίνω: meaning 'papnsm krino'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σώσει

it will save

VF FAI3S · σώζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σώζω: meaning 'it will save'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

21 καὶ γνωστὸς ἔσται κύριος τοῖς Αἰγυπτίοις καὶ γνώσονται οἱ Αἰγύπτιοι τὸν κύριον ἐν τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκείνῃ καὶ ποιήσουσιν θυσίας καὶ εὐξονται εὐχὰς τῷ κυρίῳ καὶ ἀποδώσουσιν

And the Lord will be known to the Egyptians, and the Egyptians will know the Lord in that day, and they will offer sacrifices and vow vows to the Lord and pay them.

Result ASYNDETON

Recognition becomes worship. Knowledge of the Lord is expressed in sacrifice, vows, and faithful fulfillment.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

γνωστὸς

known

A1 NSM · γνωστός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

γνωστός: meaning 'known'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγυπτίοις

Egyptian

N2 DPM · Αἰγύπτιος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίοις: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

γνώσονται

will know

VF FMI3P · γιγνώσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

γιγνώσκω: meaning 'will know'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγύπτιοι

Egyptians

N2 NPM · Αἰγύπτιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτιοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύριον

LORD

N2 ASM · κύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρα

day

N1A DSF · ἡμέρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκείνη

that

RD DSF · ἐκεῖνος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἐκείνη: meaning 'that'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ποιήσουσιν

they will do

VF FAI3P · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ποιέω: meaning 'they will do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

θυσίας

sacrifice

N1A APF · θυσία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θυσία: meaning 'sacrifice'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εὕξονται

pray

VF FMI3P · εὕχομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εὕχομαι: meaning 'pray'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εὐχὰς

vows / votive offerings

N1 APF · εὐχή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

εὐχή: meaning 'vows'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κυρίῳ

LORD

N2 DSM · κύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀποδώσουσιν

δίδωμι

VF FAI3P · δίδωμι + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι + ἀπο: meaning 'δίδωμι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

22 καὶ πατάξει κύριος τοὺς Αἰγυπτίους πληγῇ μεγάλη καὶ ἰάσεται αὐτοὺς ἰάσει καὶ ἐπιστραφήσονται πρὸς κύριον καὶ εἰσακούσεται αὐτῶν καὶ ἰάσεται αὐτούς

And the Lord will strike the Egyptians with a great blow and will heal them; yes, he will heal them, and they will turn to the Lord, and he will hear them and heal them.

Restoration ASYNDETON

This verse compresses the whole theology of the chapter: the Lord wounds, heals, and receives those who return to him. The repeated healing language softens the earlier blows without denying them.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πατάξει
struck / killed

VF FAI3S · πατάσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πατάσσω: meaning 'struck'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος
Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τοὺς
the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγυπτίους
Egyptian

N2 APM · Αἰγύπτιος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίους: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πληγῇ
plague

N1 DSF · πληγή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πληγή: meaning 'plague'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μεγάλῃ
great

A1 DSF · μέγας

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μέγας: meaning 'great'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἰάσεται
will heal

VF FAI3S · ἰάομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἰάομαι: meaning 'will heal'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοὺς
them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτοὺς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἰάσει
healing

N3I DSF · ἴασις

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἴασις: meaning 'healing'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπιστραφήσονται

turned back

VD FPI3P · στρέφω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

στρέφω + ἐπι: meaning 'turned back'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρός

to

P · πρός

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρός: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

κύριον

LORD

N2 ASM · κύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσακούσεται

listen to

VF FMI3S · ἀκούω + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἀκούω + εἰς: meaning 'listen to'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ιάσεται

will heal

VF FMI3S · ἰάομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἰάομαι: meaning 'will heal'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

23 τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκείνῃ ἔσται ὁδὸς Αἰγύπτου πρὸς Ἀσσυρίους καὶ εἰσελεύσονται Ἀσσύριοι εἰς Αἴγυπτον καὶ Αἰγύπτιοι πορεύσονται πρὸς Ἀσσυρίους καὶ δουλεύσουσιν οἱ Αἰγύπτιοι τοῖς Ἀσσυρίοις

In that day there will be a road from Egypt to the Assyrians, and Assyrians will enter into Egypt, and Egyptians will go to the Assyrians, and the Egyptians will serve with the Assyrians.

Expansion ASYNDETON

The horizon widens beyond Egypt alone. Formerly threatening nations are linked by open movement and shared service rather than by war.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρᾳ

day

N1A DSF · ἡμέρᾳ

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρᾳ: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκείνῃ

that

RD DSF · ἐκεῖνος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἐκείνῃ: meaning 'that'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὁδὸς

road / way

N2 NSF · ὁδός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὁδός: meaning 'road'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Αἰγύπτου

Egypt

N2 GSF · Αἴγυπτος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ἀσσυρίους

Assyria / the Assyrians

N2 APM · Ἀσσύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ἀσσυρίους: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσελεύσονται
went in

VF FM13P · ἔρχομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἔρχομαι + εἰς: meaning 'went in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ἀσσύριοι
Assyrians

N2 NPM · Ἀσσύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Ἀσσύριοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Αἴγυπτον
Egypt

N2 ASF · Αἴγυπτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Αἴγυπτον: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

Αἰγύπτιοι
Egyptians

N2 NPM · Αἰγύπτιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτιοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πορεύσονται
poreyomai

VF FM13P · πορεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πορεύομαι: meaning 'poreyomai'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρὸς
to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ἀσσυρίους
Assyria / the Assyrians

N2 APM · Ἀσσύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ἀσσυρίους: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δουλεύουσιν
serve

VF FA13P · δουλεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δουλεύω: meaning 'serve'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγύπτιοι

Egyptians

N2 NPM · Αἰγύπτιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτιοι: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἀσσυρίοις

Assyrians

N2 DPM · Ἀσσύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Ἀσσυρίοις: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

24 τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐκείνῃ ἔσται Ἰσραὴλ τρίτος ἐν τοῖς Ἀσσυρίοις καὶ ἐν τοῖς Αἰγυπτίοις εὐλογημένος ἐν τῇ γῇ

In that day Israel will be third among the Assyrians and among the Egyptians, blessed in the earth.

Climax ASYNDETON

Israel is not erased by this reconciliation but placed within it. The verse presents a triadic peoplehood under divine blessing.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρᾳ

day

N1A DSF · ἡμέρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρᾳ: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐκείνῃ

that

RD DSF · ἐκεῖνος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἐκείνῃ: meaning 'that'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ισραηλ

Israel

N NSM · Ἰσραήλ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ισραηλ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τρίτος

third

A1 NSM · τρίτος

nominal element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τρίτος: meaning 'third'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἀσσυρίους

Assyrians

N2 DPM · Ἀσσύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Ἀσσυρίους: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Αἰγυπτίους

Egyptian

N2 DPM · Αἰγύπτιος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Αἰγυπτίους: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

εὐλογημένος

bless

VM · χμπνσμ εὐλογέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χμπνσμ εὐλογέω: meaning 'bless'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆ

land

N1 DSF · γῆ

*dative nominal element marking relation,
instrument, sphere, or recipient*

→ sphere or reference

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as dative
nominal element marking relation,
instrument, sphere, or recipient.

25 ἣν εὐλόγησεν κύριος σαβαωθ λέγων εὐλογημένος ὁ λαός μου ὁ ἐν Αἰγύπτῳ καὶ ὁ ἐν Ἀσσυρίοις καὶ ἡ κληρονομία μου Ἰσραὴλ

Which the Lord Sabaoth blessed, saying, 'Blessed be my people in Egypt, and the one in Assyria, and my inheritance Israel.'

Blessing

ASYNDETON

The final line seals the chapter with astonishing covenantal language extended across national boundaries. Egypt and Assyria are named within the Lord's blessing alongside Israel, his inheritance.

ἣν

who / whom

RR ASF · ὅς

*pronominal form marking person, reference, or
participant role within the clause*

→ participant reference

ἣν: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking
person, possession, or reference within the
clause; here it functions as pronominal
form marking person, reference, or
participant role within the clause.

εὐλόγησεν

blessed

VA AAI3S · εὐλογέω

*verbal form carrying the action, process, or state
of the clause*

→ constative aorist

εὐλογέω: meaning 'blessed'; it carries the
action, process, or state of the clause; here
it functions as verbal form carrying the
action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

*nominative element functioning as subject,
predicate, or apposition*

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as
nominative element functioning as subject,
predicate, or apposition.

σαβαωθ

Sabaoth

N G · σαβαωθ

*adverbial or particle element shaping the clause
or phrase*

→ discourse linkage or contrast

σαβαωθ: meaning 'Sabaoth'; conjunction or
particle linking this unit with the
surrounding discourse.

λέγων

saying

V1 · παπνσμ λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ λέγω: meaning 'saying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εὐλογημένος

χππνσμ εὐλογέω

VM · χππνσμ εὐλογέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χππνσμ εὐλογέω: meaning 'χππνσμ εὐλογέω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαός

people

N2 NSM · λαός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Αἰγύπτῳ

Egypt

N2 DSF · Αἴγυπτος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Αἰγύπτῳ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ἀσσυρίοις

Assyrians

N2 DPM · Ἀσσύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ participant identification

Ἀσσυρίοις: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ
the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κληρονομία
inheritance

N1A NSF · κληρονομία

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κληρονομία: meaning 'inheritance'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου
my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

Ισραήλ
Israel

N ASM · Ἰσραήλ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ισραήλ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm,

and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.