

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Jeremiah, Chapter 10

ΙΕΡΕΜΙΑΣ Ι΄

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a **|** lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

Lifeless idols are mocked before the living Creator, then lament turns toward exile.

Translation & textual notes

The Greek text of Jeremiah 10 follows the standard critical text of the Septuagint as established in the Rahlfs-Hanhart edition (Septuaginta, rev. ed. 2006), an ancient and public-domain text; the critical apparatus is not reproduced. Juxtaposes satire on idols with confession of the living Creator and then turns into lament and prayer under impending invasion. The first movement ridicules the crafted gods of the nations as decorated but lifeless wood and metal, while the Lord alone makes earth, heaven, weather, and history. The second movement shifts from polemic to covenant grief: dwelling-place, shepherds, and northern catastrophe come into view, and the chapter ends with a chastened prayer for measured

discipline and judgment upon nations that devour Jacob. Greek versification is followed here.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 10:1-5

Israel must not fear the lifeless customs of the nations

The house of Israel is warned away from heavenly signs and idol-customs, which are nothing more than decorated but immobile artifacts.

B · 10:9-16

The Lord alone is the living Creator while idols and idol-makers are shamed

Contrasts imported precious materials and crafted images with the Lord who stretched out heaven, commands storm and waters, and stands as Jacob's true portion.

C · 10:17-22

Exile, broken habitation, and northern disaster become the people's lament

The addressee is told to gather belongings for exile, while shattered tents, foolish shepherds, and an approaching northern uproar define Judah's collapse.

D · 10:23-25

A closing prayer asks for measured correction and justice against devouring nations

Jeremiah confesses human inability to direct its own way, asks for discipline tempered by judgment rather than wrath, and petitions against nations that consumed Jacob.

1 ἀκούσατε τὸν λόγον κυρίου ὃν ἐλάλησεν ἐφ' ὑμᾶς οἶκος Ισραηλ

Hear the word of the Lord that he spoke over you, O house of Israel.

Opening summons

ASYNDETON

Begins by demanding covenant attention from the house of Israel.

ἀκούσατε

hear

VA AAD2P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἀκούω: meaning 'hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγον

word

N2 ASM · λόγος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὃν

which

RR ASM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὃν: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐλάλησεν

speak

VAI AAI3S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐφ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐφ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὕμᾱς

you

RP AP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὕμᾱς: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οἶκος

house

N2 NSM · οἶκος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ισραηλ

Israel

N GSM · Ἰσραήλ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ισραηλ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

2 τάδε λέγει κύριος κατὰ τὰς ὁδοὺς τῶν ἔθνῶν μὴ μανθάνετε καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν σημείων τοῦ οὐρανοῦ μὴ φοβεῖσθε ὅτι φοβοῦνται αὐτὰ τοῖς προσώποις αὐτῶν

Thus says the Lord: Do not learn according to the ways of the nations, and do not fear the signs of heaven, because they fear them before their faces.

Prohibition ASYNDETON

Israel is directly forbidden to imitate the fear-filled patterns of the nations.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κατὰ

according to

P · κατὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

κατὰ: meaning 'according to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὁδοὺς

ways

N2 APF · ὁδός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὁδός: meaning 'ways'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔθνῶν

nation

N3E GPN · ἔθνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nation'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μανθάνετε

learn

V1 PAD2P · μανθάνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

μανθάνω: meaning 'learn'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σημείων

signs

N2 GPN · σημεῖον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

σημεῖον: meaning 'signs'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανοῦ

heaven

N2 GSM · οὐρανός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

φοβεῖσθε

fear

V2 PMD2P · φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

φοβέω: meaning 'fear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

φοβοῦνται

they fear

V2 PMI3P · φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

φοβέω: meaning 'they fear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτὰ

he / him / his

RD NPN · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτὰ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προσώποις

face / presence

N2N DPN · πρόσωπον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πρόσωπον: meaning 'face'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

3 ὅτι τὰ νόμιμα τῶν ἐθνῶν μάταια ξύλον ἐστὶν ἐκ τοῦ δρυμοῦ ἐκκεκομμένον ἔργον τέκτονος καὶ χώνευμα

For the customs of the nations are vain: it is wood cut from the forest, the work of a craftsman and a molten thing.

Ground ASYNDETON

The ban is justified because the nations' cultic customs are empty artifacts.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰ

the

RA NPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νόμιμα

customs

A1 NPN · νόμιμος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

νόμιμος: meaning 'customs'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔθνων

nation

N3E GPN · ἔθνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nation'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μάταια

vain

A1A NPN · μάταιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μάταιος: meaning 'vain'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ξύλον

tree

N2N NSN · ξύλον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ξύλον: meaning 'tree'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐστὶν

eimi

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'eimi'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐκ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δρυμοῦ

forest

N2 GSM · δρυμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δρυμός: meaning 'forest'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐκκεκομμένον

cut down

VP · χμπνσν κόπτω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χμπνσν κόπτω + ἐκ: meaning 'cut down'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔργον

matter

N2N NSN · ἔργον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἔργον: meaning 'matter'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τέκτονος

craftsman

N3N GSM · τέκτων

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

τέκτων: meaning 'craftsman'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

χώνευμα

molten image

N3M NSN · χώνευμα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

χώνευμα: meaning 'molten image'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

4 ἀργυρίῳ καὶ χρυσίῳ κεκαλλωπισμένα ἐστὶν ἐν σφύραις καὶ ἥλοις ἐστερέωσαν αὐτά καὶ οὐ κινηθήσονται

They are adorned with silver and gold; with hammers and nails they fastened them, and they will not be moved.

Elaboration ASYNDETON

Their glittering decoration only underlines their utter inability to act.

ἀργυρίῳ

silver

N2N DSN · ἀργύριον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἀργύριον: meaning 'silver'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

χρυσίῳ

gold

N2N DSN · χρυσίον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

χρυσίον: meaning 'gold'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

κεκαλλωπισμένα

adorned

VT · χμπνπν καλλωπίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χμπνπν καλλωπίζω: meaning 'adorned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐστὶν

be

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σφύραις

σφυρα

N1A DPF · σφύρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

σφύρα: meaning 'σφυρα'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἥλοις

nail

N2 DPM · ἥλος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἥλος: meaning 'nail'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐστερέωσαν

strengthened

VAI AAI3P · στερεόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στερεόω: meaning 'strengthened'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτά

them

RD APN · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτά: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κινήσονται

that moves

VC FPI3P · κινέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

κινέω: meaning 'that moves'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

9 ἀργύριον τορευτόν ἐστιν οὐ πορεύσονται ἀργύριον προσβλητὸν ἀπὸ Θαρσῖς ἥξει χρυσίον Μωφαζ καὶ χεὶρ χρυσοχόων ἔργα τεχνιτῶν πάντα ὑάκινθον καὶ πορφύραν ἐνδύσουσιν αὐτά

It is beaten silver; they will not walk. Refined silver comes from Tarshish, gold from Uphaz, and the work of goldsmiths and craftsmen; they will clothe them with blue and purple, all of them works of skill.

Further description ASYNDETON

Imported luxury and artisan skill cannot overcome the idols' basic lifelessness.

ἄργυριον

silver

N2N NSN · ἄργυριον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄργυριον: meaning 'silver'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τορευτόν

beaten work

A1 NSN · τορευτός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τορευτός: meaning 'beaten work'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐστιν

be

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πορεύσονται

poreyomai

VF FMI3P · πορεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πορεύομαι: meaning 'poreyomai'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἄργυριον

silver

N2N NSN · ἄργυριον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄργυριον: meaning 'silver'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

προσβλητόν

beaten

A1B NSN · προσβλητός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

προσβλητός: meaning 'beaten'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Θαρσις

Tarshish

N GSF · Θαρσις

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Θαρσις: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἔξει

will come

VF FAI3S · ἔκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἔκω: meaning 'will come'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

χρυσίον

gold

N2N NSN · χρυσίον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

χρυσίον: meaning 'gold'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Μωφαζ

Mophaz

N GS · Μωφαζ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Μωφαζ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

χεὶρ
hand

N3 NSF · χεῖρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

χεῖρ: meaning 'hand'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

χρυσοχόων
goldsmiths

A1B NSF · χρυσοχός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

χρυσοχός: meaning 'goldsmiths'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἔργα
works

N2N NPN · ἔργον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἔργον: meaning 'works'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τεχνιτῶν
craftsman

N1M GPM · τεχνίτης

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

τεχνίτης: meaning 'craftsman'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πάντα
all

A3 NPN · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὑάκινθον
blue cloth

N2 ASF · ὑάκινθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὑάκινθος: meaning 'blue cloth'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πορφύραν
purple robe

N1A ASF · πορφύρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πορφύρα: meaning 'purple robe'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐνδύσουσιν
they clothe themselves

VF FAI3P · δύω + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δύω + ἐν: meaning 'they clothe themselves'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτά
them

RD APN · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτά: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

5 αἰρόμενα ἀρθήσονται ὅτι οὐκ ἐπιβήσονται μὴ φοβηθῆτε αὐτά ὅτι οὐ μὴ κακοποιήσωσιν καὶ ἀγαθὸν οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν αὐτοῖς

They must certainly be carried, because they will not walk. Do not fear them, because they can never do harm, and there is no good in them.

Conclusion to satire ASYNDETON

The anti-idol section concludes with the practical implication: they are not to be feared because they are powerless for harm or help.

αἰρόμενα

carried

V1 · πμπαπν αἶρω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπαπν αἶρω: meaning 'carried'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀρθήσονται

lift

VC FPI3P · αἶρω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

αἶρω: meaning 'lift'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπιβήσονται

they step upon

VF FMI3P · βαίνω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βαίνω + ἐπι: meaning 'they step upon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

φοβηθῆτε

be afraid

VC APS2P · φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

φοβέω: meaning 'be afraid'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτά

them

RD APN · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτά: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κακοποιήσωσιν

they do evil

VA AAS3P · κακοποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

κακοποιέω: meaning 'they do evil'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀγαθὸν

good

A1 NSN · ἀγαθός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀγαθός: meaning 'good'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

there is

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'there is'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

11 οὕτως ἐρεῖτε αὐτοῖς θεοί οἱ τὸν οὐρανὸν καὶ τὴν γῆν οὐκ ἐποίησαν ἀπολέσθωσαν ἀπὸ τῆς γῆς καὶ ὑποκάτωθεν τοῦ οὐρανοῦ τούτου

Thus you shall say to them: The gods who did not make the heaven and the earth, let them perish from the earth and from under this heaven.

Polemic formula ASYNDETON

A direct anti-idolatry declaration pronounces extinction on false gods before the true heaven.

οὕτως

thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐρεῖτε

you shall say

VF2 FAI2P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶπον: meaning 'you shall say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

θεοί

God

N2 NPM · θεός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οἱ

who / which

RR NPM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

οἱ: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανὸν

heaven

N2 ASM · οὐρανός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆν

land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐποίησαν

did

VAI AAI3P · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ποιέω: meaning 'did'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀπολέσθωσαν

let them perish

VA AMD3P · ὀλλύω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ὀλλύω + ἀπο: meaning 'let them perish'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὑποκάτωθεν

underneath

D · ὑποκάτωθεν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὑποκάτωθεν: meaning 'underneath'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανοῦ

heaven

N2 GSM · οὐρανός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τούτου

this / these

RD GSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

τούτου: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

12 κύριος ὁ ποιήσας τὴν γῆν ἐν τῇ ἰσχύι αὐτοῦ ὁ ἀνορθώσας τὴν οἰκουμένην ἐν τῇ σοφίᾳ αὐτοῦ καὶ τῇ φρονήσει αὐτοῦ ἐξέτεινεν τὸν οὐρανὸν

The Lord is the one who made the earth by his strength, who set the inhabited world upright by his wisdom, and by his understanding stretched out the heaven.

Confession ASYNDETON

The living Lord is positively confessed as Creator of earth, world, and heaven.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποιήσας

having done

VA · αἰπνσμ ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

αἰπνσμ ποιέω: meaning 'having done'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆν

land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἰσχύι

strength

N3U DSF · ἰσχύς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἰσχύς: meaning 'strength'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀνορθώσας

establishing

VA · ἀπνσμ ὀρθόω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἀπνσμ ὀρθόω + ἀνα: meaning 'establishing'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἰκουμένην

inhabit

V2 · πμπασφ οἰκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπασφ οἰκέω: meaning 'inhabit'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σοφία

wisdom

N1A DSF · σοφία

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

σοφία: meaning 'wisdom'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτοῦ his RD GSM · αὐτός <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → relational specification αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.	καὶ and C · καί <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	τῇ the RA DSF · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	φρόνησει φρόνησις N3I DSF · φρόνησις <i>dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient</i> → sphere or reference φρόνησις: meaning 'φρόνησις'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.
αὐτοῦ his RD GSM · αὐτός <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → relational specification αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.	ἐξέτεινεν stretched out VAI AAI3S · τείνω + ἐκ <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → constative aorist τείνω + ἐκ: meaning 'stretched out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	τὸν the RA ASM · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	οὐρανὸν heaven N2 ASM · οὐρανός <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

13 καὶ πλῆθος ὕδατος ἐν οὐρανῷ καὶ ἀνήγαγεν νεφέλας ἐξ ἐσχάτου τῆς γῆς ἀστραπὰς εἰς ὑετὸν ἐποίησεν καὶ ἐξήγαγεν φῶς ἐκ θησαυρῶν αὐτοῦ

At the sound of him there is a multitude of waters in heaven, and he brought up clouds from the end of the earth; he made lightnings for rain and brought forth light from his treasures.

Creator elaboration ASYNDETON

His active rule over waters, clouds, lightning, and stored forces of nature further distinguishes him from idols.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πλῆθος
multitude

N3E ASN · πλῆθος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πλῆθος: meaning 'multitude'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὕδατος
water

N3 GSN · ὕδωρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ὕδωρ: meaning 'water'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐν
in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

οὐρανῷ
heaven

N2 DSM · οὐρανός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀνήγαγεν
brought up

VBI AAI3S · ἄγω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἄγω + ἀνα: meaning 'brought up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

νεφέλας
νεφέλη

N1 APF · νεφέλη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

νεφέλη: meaning 'νεφέλη'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐξ
from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐξ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἐσχάτου
last

A1 GSN · ἔσχατος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἔσχατος: meaning 'last'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς
the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς
land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἀστραπὴς

ἀστραπή

N1 APF · ἀστραπή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀστραπή: meaning 'ἀστραπή'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὕετόν

ὕετός

N2 ASM · ὕετός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὕετός: meaning 'ὕετός'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐποίησεν

did

VAI AAI3S · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ποιέω: meaning 'did'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐξήγαγεν

brought out

VBI AAI3S · ἄγω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἄγω + ἐκ: meaning 'brought out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

φῶς

light

N3T ASN · φῶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

φῶς: meaning 'light'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐκ

from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

θησαυρῶν

thesauros

N2 GPM · θησαυρός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θησαυρός: meaning 'thesauros'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

14 ἐμωράνθη πᾶς ἄνθρωπος ἀπὸ γνώσεως κατησχύνθη πᾶς χρυσοχόος ἐπὶ τοῖς γλυπτοῖς αὐτοῦ ὅτι ψευδῇ ἐχώνευσαν οὐκ ἔστιν πνεῦμα ἐν αὐτοῖς

Every human being was made foolish apart from knowledge; every goldsmith was put to shame over his carved images, because what they cast was false, and there is no spirit in them.

Judgment on makers ASYNDETON

The effect of that contrast is shame upon human makers and worshipers of images.

ἐμωράνθη

become foolish

VCI API3S · μωραίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

μωραίνω: meaning 'become foolish'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πᾶς

everyone

A3 NSM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'everyone'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἄνθρωπος

man / human being

N2 NSM · ἄνθρωπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

γνώσεως

knowledge

N3I GSF · γνῶσις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γνῶσις: meaning 'knowledge'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

κατησχύνθη

was put to shame

VCI API3S · αἰσχύνω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

αἰσχύνω + κατα: meaning 'was put to shame'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πᾶς

everyone

A3 NSM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'everyone'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

χρυσοχόος

goldsmith

A1B NSM · χρυσοχόος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

χρυσοχόος: meaning 'goldsmith'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γλυπτοῖς

glyptos

A1 DPM · γλυπτός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

γλυπτός: meaning 'glyptos'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ψευδῇ

false

A3H APN · ψευδής

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ψευδής: meaning 'false'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐχώνευσαν

choneyo

VAI AAI3P · χωνεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

χωνεύω: meaning 'choneyo'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

there is

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'there is'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πνεῦμα

spirit

N3M NSN · πνεῦμα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πνεῦμα: meaning 'spirit'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

15 μάταιά ἐστιν ἔργα ἐμπεπαιγμένα ἐν καιρῷ ἐπισκοπῆς αὐτῶν ἀπολοῦνται

They are vain works, objects fit for mockery; at the time of their visitation they will perish.

Sentence ASYNDETON

The idols are summed up as vanity doomed at the time of visitation.

μάταιά

empty

A1A NPN · μάταιος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μάταιος: meaning 'empty'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐστιν

be

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔργα

works

N2N NPN · ἔργον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἔργον: meaning 'works'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐμπεπαιγμένα

mocked

VT · χππνπν παίζω + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χππνπν παίζω + ἐν: meaning 'mocked'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

καιρῷ

time

N2 DSM · καιρός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

καιρός: meaning 'time'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐπισκοπῆς

oversight

N1 GSF · ἐπισκοπή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἐπισκοπή: meaning 'oversight'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀπολοῦνται

perish

VF2 FMI3P · ὀλλύω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ὀλλύω + ἀπο: meaning 'perish'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

16 οὐκ ἔστιν τοιαύτη μερίς τῷ Ιακωβ ὅτι ὁ πλάσας τὰ πάντα αὐτὸς κληρονομία αὐτοῦ κύριος ὄνομα αὐτῷ

The portion of Jacob is not like these, because he who formed all things is himself his inheritance; the Lord is his name.

Covenant contrast

ASYNDETON

Jacob's portion is set apart from idols because his God is the maker of all things.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

there is

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'there is'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοιαύτη

such

A1 NSF · τοιοῦτος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τοιοῦτος: meaning 'such'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μερίς

portion

N3D NSF · μερίς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μερίς: meaning 'portion'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἰακωβ

Iakob

N DSM · Ἰακώβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἰακωβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πλάσας

who formed

VA · απαυσμι πλάσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

απαυσμι πλάσσω: meaning 'who formed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πάντα

all

A3 APN · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτός

he

RD NSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτός: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κληρονομία

inheritance

N1A NSF · κληρονομία

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κληρονομία: meaning 'inheritance'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὄνομα

name

N3M NSN · ὄνομα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῷ

to him

RD DSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτῷ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

17 συνήγαγεν ἔξωθεν τὴν ὑπόστασίν σου κατοικοῦσα ἐν ἐκλεκτοῖς

Gather your substance from outside, you who dwell among the chosen places.

Transition to exile

ASYNDETON

The discourse turns from theological contrast to Judah's imminent displacement.

συνήγαγεν

gathered

VBI AAI3S · ἄγω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἄγω + συν: meaning 'gathered'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔξωθεν

outside

D · ἔξωθεν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔξωθεν: meaning 'outside'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὑπόστασίν

pillar/foundation

N3I ASF · ὑπόστασις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὑπόστασις: meaning 'pillar'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κατοικοῦσα

κατα

V2 · παπνοφ οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνοφ οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'κατα'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἐκλεκτοῖς

choicest / chosen

A1 DPM · ἐκλεκτός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἐκλεκτός: meaning 'choicest'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

18 ὅτι τάδε λέγει κύριος ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ σκελίζω τοὺς κατοικοῦντας τὴν γῆν ταύτην ἐν θλίψει ὅπως εὗρεθῇ ἡ πληγὴ σου

For thus says the Lord: Behold, I am slinging out the inhabitants of this land in affliction, so that your wound may be found.

Divine announcement ASYNDETON

The Lord interprets the coming blow as his own act of slinging out the inhabitants.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἰδοῦ

behold

I · ἰδοῦ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοῦ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

σκελίζω

I sling out

V1 PAI1S · σκελίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

σκελίζω: meaning 'I sling out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικοῦντας

those dwelling

V2 · παπαπμ οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπμ οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'those dwelling'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆν

land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ταύτην

this

RD ASF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ταύτην: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

θλίψει

affliction

N3I DSF · θλίψις

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θλίψις: meaning 'affliction'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ὅπως

so that

C · ὅπως

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅπως: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εὗρεθῇ

find

VC APS3S · εὗρίσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

εὗρίσκω: meaning 'find'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡ
the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πληγή
plague / blow

N1 NSF · πληγή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πληγή: meaning 'plague'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σου
you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

19 οὐαὶ ἐπὶ συντρίμματί σου ἀλγερὰ ἡ πληγή σου κἀγὼ εἶπα ὄντως τοῦτο τὸ τραῦμά μου καὶ κατέλαβέν με

Woe upon your fracture; your blow is grievous. And I said, Truly this is my wound, and it has overtaken me.

Lament response ASYNDETON

The afflicted voice answers the sentence with grief over incurable fracture.

οὐαὶ
woe

I · οὐαὶ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐαὶ: meaning 'woe'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπὶ
upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

συντρίμματί
ruin

N3M DSN · σύντριμμα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

σύντριμμα: meaning 'ruin'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

σου
you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀλγερὰ

painful

A1A NSF · ἀλγερός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀλγερός: meaning 'painful'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πληγή

plague / blow

N1 NSF · πληγή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πληγή: meaning 'plague'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ γὰρ

and I

C+RPNS · καί ἐγώ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ γὰρ: meaning 'and I'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπα

I said

VAI AA11S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'I said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὁντως

truly

D · ὁντως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὁντως: meaning 'truly'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῦτο

this

RD NSN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὸ

the

RA NSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τραῦμα

wound

N3M NSN · τραῦμα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τραῦμα: meaning 'wound'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατέλαβέν

has overtaken

VBI AAI3S · λαμβάνω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαμβάνω + κατα: meaning 'has overtaken'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

με

me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

20 ἡ σκηνή μου ἐταλαιπώρησεν ὥλετο καὶ πᾶσαι αἱ δέρρεις μου διεσπάσθησαν οἱ υἱοί μου καὶ τὰ πρόβατά μου οὐκ εἰσιν οὐκ ἔστιν ἔτι τόπος τῆς σκηνῆς μου τόπος τῶν δέρρεών μου

My tent was afflicted, it perished, and all my skins were torn apart; my sons and my sheep are no more. There is no longer a place for my tent, a place for my coverings.

Image of ruin ASYNDETON

Domestic and pastoral imagery depicts total collapse of habitation and family security.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σκηνή

tent

N1 NSF · σκηνή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σκηνή: meaning 'tent'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐταλαιπώρησεν

has afflicted

VAI AAI3S · ταλαιπωρέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ταλαιπωρέω: meaning 'has afflicted'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ῥλετο

was ruined

VBI AMI3S · ῥλλυμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ῥλλυμι: meaning 'was ruined'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πᾶσαι

all

A1S NPF · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δέρρεις

tents

N3I NPF · δέρρις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

δέρρις: meaning 'tents'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

διεσπάσθησαν

διεσπάσθησαν

VSI API3P · σπάω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

σπάω + δια: meaning 'διεσπάσθησαν'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱοί

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰ

the

RA NPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πρόβατά

sheep

N2N NPN · πρόβατον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πρόβατον: meaning 'sheep'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσιν

are

V9 PAI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'are'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

there is

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'there is'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔτι

still

D · ἔτι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔτι: meaning 'still'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τόπος

place

N2 NSM · τόπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σκηνῆς

tent

N1 GSF · σκηνή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

σκηνῆς: meaning 'tent'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τόπος

place

N2 NSM · τόπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῶν

the

RA GPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δέρρεων

curtain

N3I GPF · δέρρις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δέρρις: meaning 'curtain'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

21 ὅτι οἱ ποιμένες ἡφρονεύσαντο καὶ τὸν κύριον οὐκ ἐξεζήτησαν διὰ τοῦτο οὐκ ἐνόησεν πᾶσα ἡ νομὴ καὶ διεσκορπίσθησαν

For the shepherds acted foolishly and did not seek the Lord; therefore the whole pasture did not understand, and they were scattered.

Explanation ASYNDETON

Failed shepherds are named as the proximate reason for scattered pasture.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ποιμένες

shepherd

N3 NPM · ποιμήν

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ποιμήν: meaning 'shepherd'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡφρονεύσαντο

they acted foolishly

VAI AMI3P · ἀφρονεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀφρονεύομαι: meaning 'they acted foolishly'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύριον
LORD

N2 ASM · κύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κύριος: meaning 'LORD'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὐκ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐξεζήτησαν
sought

VAI AAI3P · ζητέω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ζητέω + ἐκ: meaning 'sought'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

διὰ
through

P · διά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦτο
this

RD ASN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐνόησεν
understood

VAI AAI3S · νοέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

νοέω: meaning 'understood'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πᾶσα
all

A1S NSF · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡ
the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νομή
pasture

N1 NSF · νομή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

νομή: meaning 'pasture'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

διεσκορπίσθησαν
were scattered

VCI API3P · σκοπίζω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

σκοπίζω + δια: meaning 'were scattered'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

22 φωνὴ ἀκοῆς ἰδοὺ ἔρχεται καὶ σεισμὸς μέγας ἐκ γῆς βορρᾶ τοῦ τάξαι τὰς πόλεις Ἰουδα εἰς ἀφανισμόν καὶ κοίτην στρουθῶν

A sound of report, behold, it comes, and a great earthquake from the land of the north, to make the cities of Judah into desolation and a resting-place for sparrows.

Approaching disaster

ASYNDETON

Northern tumult is heard on the horizon as Judah's cities move toward desolation.

φωνή
sound

N1 NSF · φωνή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

φωνή: meaning 'sound'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἀκοῆς
report

N1 GSF · ἀκοή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἀκοή: meaning 'report'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἰδοὺ
behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔρχεται
is coming

V1 PMI3S · ἔρχομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

ἔρχομαι: meaning 'is coming'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σεισμός
earthquake

N2 NSM · σεισμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σεισμός: meaning 'earthquake'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μέγας
great

A1P NSM · μέγας

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μέγας: meaning 'great'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐκ
from

P · ἐκ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐκ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

γῆς
land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

βορρᾶ
north

N1T GSM · βορέας

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βορέας: meaning 'north'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῦ
the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τάξαι
to set

VA AAN · τάσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

τάσσω: meaning 'to set'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰς
the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλεις
cities

N3I APF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'cities'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Ιουδα
Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἄφανισμὸν

obliteration

N2 ASM · ἄφανισμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄφανισμός: meaning 'obliteration'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κοίτην

bed

N1 ASF · κοίτη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κοίτη: meaning 'bed'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

στρουθῶν

sparrow

N2 GPM · στρουθός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

στρουθός: meaning 'sparrow'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

23 οἶδα κύριε ὅτι οὐχὶ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἡ ὁδὸς αὐτοῦ οὐδὲ ἀνὴρ πορεύσεται καὶ κατορθώσει πορείαν αὐτοῦ

I know, O Lord, that the way of a human being is not his own, nor will a man walk and direct his own course.

Prayer confession ASYNDETON

The lament deepens into theological confession of human dependence on the Lord's direction.

οἶδα

I know

VX XAI1S · οἶδα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

οἶδα: meaning 'I know'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐχὶ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐχὶ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀνθρώπου

man

N2 GSM · ἄνθρωπος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὁδός

way

N2 NSF · ὁδός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὁδός: meaning 'way'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐδὲ

nor

C · οὐδέ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐδὲ: meaning 'nor'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀνὴρ

man

N3 NSM · ἀνὴρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀνὴρ: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πορεύσεται

go

VF FMI3S · πορεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πορεύομαι: meaning 'go'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατορθώσει

will prosper

VF FAI3S · ὀρθόω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ὀρθόω + κατα: meaning 'will prosper'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πορείαν

march

N1A ASF · πορεία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πορεία: meaning 'march'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

24 παίδευσον ἡμᾶς κύριε πλὴν ἐν κρίσει καὶ μὴ ἐν θυμῷ ἵνα μὴ ὀλίγους ἡμᾶς ποιήσης

Discipline us, O Lord, but with judgment and not with anger, lest you make us few.

Petition for mercy

ASYNDETON

Judgment is accepted, but the prayer asks that discipline be measured rather than wrathful.

παίδευσον

discipline

VA AAD2S · παιδεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παιδεύω: meaning 'discipline'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμᾶς

us

RP AP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἡμᾶς: meaning 'us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

πλὴν

except

D · πλὴν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πλὴν: meaning 'except'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

κρίσει

judgment

N3I DSF · κρίσις

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κρίσις: meaning 'judgment'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν in P · ἐν <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	θυμῷ wrath N2 DSM · θυμός <i>dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient</i> → sphere or reference θυμός: meaning 'wrath'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.	ἵνα so that C · ἵνα <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast ἵνα: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	μή not D · μή <i>adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase</i> → discourse linkage or contrast μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.
ὀλίγους few A1 APM · ὀλίγος <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification ὀλίγος: meaning 'few'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.	ἡμᾶς us RP AP · ἐγώ <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → participant reference ἡμᾶς: meaning 'us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.	ποιήσης do VA AAS2S · ποιέω <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → subjunctive contingency ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	

25 ἔκχεον τὸν θυμόν σου ἐπὶ ἔθνη τὰ μὴ εἰδότα σε καὶ ἐπὶ γενεὰς αἱ τὸ ὄνομά σου οὐκ ἐπεκαλέσαντο ὅτι κατέφαγον τὸν Ιακωβ καὶ ἐξανήλωσαν αὐτὸν καὶ τὴν νομὴν αὐτοῦ ἠρήμωσαν

Pour out your wrath upon nations that do not know you and upon generations that did not call upon your name, because they devoured Jacob and consumed him, and they laid waste his pasture.

Imprecation ASYNDETON

Ends by asking that devouring nations bear the wrath they brought upon Jacob.

ἔκχεον

pour out

VA AAD2S · χέω + ἔκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χέω + ἔκ: meaning 'pour out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θυμόν

wrath

N2 ASM · θυμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θυμός: meaning 'wrath'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἔθνη

nations

N3E APN · ἔθνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nations'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶδота

eidon

VX · παπαπν οἶδα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπν οἶδα: meaning 'eidon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

γενεάς

generations

N1A APF · γενεά

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γενεά: meaning 'generations'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αἷ

which

RR NPF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αἷ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὄνομά

name

N3M ASN · ὄνομα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπεκαλέσαντο

called upon

VAI AMI3P · καλέω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

καλέω + ἐπι: meaning 'called upon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κατέφαγον

had eaten up

VBI AAI3P · ἐσθίω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἐσθίω + κατα: meaning 'had eaten up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἰακωβ

Jacob

N ASM · Ἰακώβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἰακωβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐξανήλωσαν

they consumed

VAI AAI3P · ἀλίσκω + ἐκ + ἄνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀλίσκω + ἐκ + ἄνα: meaning 'they consumed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτόν

him

RD ASM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτόν: meaning 'him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νομήν

pasture

N1 ASF · νομή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

νομή: meaning 'pasture'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἤρημωσαν

lay waste

VAI AAI3P · ἔρημόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἔρημόω: meaning 'lay waste'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm,

and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.