

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Jeremiah, Chapter 14

ΙΕΡΕΜΙΑΣ ΙΔ΄

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a **|** lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

Drought exposes false prophecy, failed intercession, and Judah's need for the Lord alone.

Translation & textual notes

The Greek text of Jeremiah 14 follows the standard critical text of the Septuagint as established in the Rahlfs-Hanhart edition (Septuaginta, rev. ed. 2006), an ancient and public-domain text; the critical apparatus is not reproduced. The unit is organized around drought, intercession, and the divine refusal of cheap reassurance. The opening movement surveys the land from gates and nobles to farmers, deer, and wild donkeys, showing creation itself withering under covenant judgment. A communal plea follows, appealing to the Lord's name and presence, but the response declares that this people loved wandering and therefore their guilt will now be remembered. The unit then exposes prophets who promise peace

without commission and concludes with tears, confession, and a final acknowledgment that no idol or heaven can provide rain apart from the Lord who made all things. Greek versification is followed here.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 14:1-6

Drought empties city, field, and wild places

The word about drought is narrated through mourning gates, empty cisterns, ashamed farmers, abandoned fawns, and wild donkeys gasping for wind because no grass remains.

B · 14:7-9

The people appeal to the Lord's name and indwelling presence

A penitential prayer admits sin and asks why Israel's savior should seem like a transient stranger unable or unwilling to deliver.

C · 14:10-12

The Lord refuses intercession for a people who loved to wander

Because the people did not restrain their feet, the Lord rejects them, forbids prayer for their good, and declares that fasting and sacrifice will not avert sword, famine, and death.

D · 14:13-16

False prophets promise peace and share the people's doom

Jeremiah raises the issue of reassuring prophets, but the Lord identifies them as self-sent liars and sentences both prophets and hearers to perish unburied in Jerusalem.

E · 14:17-22

Tears, confession, covenant appeal, and hope in the Creator close the chapter

Jeremiah is told to pour out tears over Zion's fracture, then the prayer acknowledges sin, asks God to remember his covenant, and confesses that only the Lord can send the rain.

1 καὶ ἐγένετο λόγος κυρίου πρὸς Ἰερεμیان περὶ τῆς ἀβροχίας

And the word of the Lord came to Jeremiah concerning the drought.

Heading oracle ASYNDETON

Opens by identifying drought as the subject of the coming prophetic word.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγένετο

it came to pass

VBI AMI3S · γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γίγνομαι: meaning 'it came to pass'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λόγος

word

N2 NSM · λόγος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πρὸς
to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ἰερεμیان

ieremias

N1T ASM · Ἰερεμίας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ἰερεμیان: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

περὶ

concerning

P · περί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

περὶ: meaning 'concerning'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀβροχίας

drought

N1A GSF · ἀβροχία

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἀβροχία: meaning 'drought'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

2 ἐπένθησεν ἡ Ιουδαία καὶ αἱ πύλαι αὐτῆς ἐκενώθησαν καὶ ἔσκοτώθησαν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ ἡ κραυγὴ τῆς Ιερουσαλημ ἀνέβη

Judah mourned, and her gates were emptied and darkened upon the ground, and the cry of Jerusalem went up.

Public devastation

ASYNDETON

Judah's mourning is pictured in urban terms as gates collapse into emptiness and Jerusalem cries upward.

ἐπένθησεν

mourned

VAI AA13S · πενθέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

πενθέω: meaning 'mourned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ιουδαία

Ἰουδαία

N1A NSF · Ἰουδαία

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Ιουδαία: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πύλαι

gate

N1 NPF · πύλη

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πύλη: meaning 'gate'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐκενώθησαν

were emptied

VCI API3P · κενόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

κενόω: meaning 'were emptied'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐσκοτώθησαν

were darkened

VCI API3P · σκοτόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

σκοτόω: meaning 'were darkened'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κραυγῇ

cry

N1 NSF · κραυγή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κραυγή: meaning 'cry'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N GSF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἀνέβη

went up

VZI AAI3S · βαίνω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

βαίνω + ἀνα: meaning 'went up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

3 καὶ οἱ μεγιστᾶνες αὐτῆς ἀπέστειλαν τοὺς νεωτέρους αὐτῶν ἐφ' ὕδωρ ἦλθον ἐπὶ τὰ φρέατα καὶ οὐχ εὗρον ὕδωρ καὶ ἀπέστρεψαν τὰ ἀγγεῖα αὐτῶν κενά

And her nobles sent their young men for water; they came to the wells and found no water, and they returned with their vessels empty.

Elite helplessness ASYNDETON

Even the nobles cannot secure water, showing that status offers no protection under the drought.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μεγιστᾶνες

magnate

N3 NPM · μεγιστάν

nominal element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μεγιστάν: meaning 'magnate'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀπέστειλαν

sent

VAI AAI3P · στέλλω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στέλλω + ἀπο: meaning 'sent'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νεωτέρους

young

A1A APMC · νέος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

νέος: meaning 'young'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐφ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐφ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὕδωρ

water

N3 ASN · ὕδωρ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὕδωρ: meaning 'water'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἦλθοσαν

come / go

VBI AAI3P · ἔρχομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἔρχομαι: meaning 'come'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φρέατα

wells

N3T APN · φρέαρ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

φρέαρ: meaning 'wells'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐχ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐχ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εὔροσαν

find

VA AAI3P · εὐρίσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εὐρίσκω: meaning 'find'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὕδωρ

water

N3 ASN · ὕδωρ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὕδωρ: meaning 'water'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπέστρεψαν

bring back / turn back

VAI AAI3P · στρέφω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στρέφω + ἀπο: meaning 'bring back'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄγγεῖα

vessels

N2N APN · ἄγγεῖον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄγγεῖον: meaning 'vessels'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κενά

empty

A1 APN · κενός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κενός: meaning 'empty'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

4 καὶ τὰ ἔργα τῆς γῆς ἐξέλιπεν ὅτι οὐκ ἦν ὑετός ἡσχύνθησαν γεωργοὶ ἐπεκάλυψαν τὴν κεφαλὴν αὐτῶν

And the works of the land failed because there was no rain; the farmers were ashamed and covered their heads.

Agrarian collapse ASYNDETON

The failure of rain reaches the land's labor itself, shaming the farmers.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰ
the

RA NPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔργα
works

N2N NPN · ἔργον

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἔργον: meaning 'works'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῆς
the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς
land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐξέλιπεν
fail / run short

VBI AAI3S · λείπω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λείπω + ἐκ: meaning 'fail'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι
that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἦν
was

V9 IAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ participant reference

ἦν: meaning 'was'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ύेतός
ύेतός

N2 NSM · ύेतός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ύेतός: meaning 'ύेतός'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ήσχύνθησαν
were put to shame / became odious

VCI API3P · αἰσχύνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

αἰσχύνω: meaning 'were put to shame'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

γεωργοί
farmers

N2 NPM · γεωργός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

γεωργός: meaning 'farmers'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπεκάλυψαν

covered

VAI AA13P · καλύπτω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

καλύπτω + ἐπι: meaning 'covered'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κεφαλὴν

head

N1 ASF · κεφαλὴ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κεφαλὴ: meaning 'head'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

5 καὶ ἔλαφοι ἐν ἀγρῷ ἔτεκον καὶ ἐγκατέλιπον ὅτι οὐκ ἦν βοτάνη

Even the deer in the field gave birth and abandoned their young, because there was no vegetation.

Creation wounded ASYNDETON

Animal behavior reflects the severity of the drought as normal nurture gives way to abandonment.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔλαφοι

deer

N2 NPM · ἔλαφος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἔλαφος: meaning 'deer'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἀγρῷ

field

N2 DSM · ἀγρός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἀγρός: meaning 'field'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἔτεκον

ἔτεκον

VBI AAI3P · τίκτω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τίκτω: meaning 'ἔτεκον'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγκατέλιπον

they forsook

VBI AAI3P · λείπω + ἐν + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λείπω + ἐν + κατα: meaning 'they forsook'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἦν

was

V9 IAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ participant reference

ἦν: meaning 'was'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

βοτάνη

grass

N1 NSF · βοτάνη

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

βοτάνη: meaning 'grass'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

6 ὄνοι ἄγριοι ἔστησαν ἐπὶ νάπας εἵλκυσαν ἄνεμον ἐξέλιπον οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ αὐτῶν ὅτι οὐκ ἦν χόρτος ἀπὸ λαοῦ ἀδικίας

The wild donkeys stood on the heights, drew in the wind, and their eyes failed because there was no grass because of a people of unrighteousness.

Creation indictment ASYNDETON

The wild donkeys' exhaustion widens the lament while linking the disaster to human unrighteousness.

ὄνοι

onoi

N2 NPM · ὄνος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὄνος: meaning 'onoi'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἄγριοι

wild

A1A NPM · ἄγριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄγριος: meaning 'wild'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἕστησαν

stood

VAI AA13P · ἵστημι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἵστημι: meaning 'stood'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

νάπας

glens

N1 APF · νάπη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

νάπη: meaning 'glens'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

εἴλκυσαν

drew in

VAI AA13P · ἔλκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἔλκω: meaning 'drew in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἄνεμον

wind

N2 ASM · ἄνεμος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄνεμος: meaning 'wind'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐξέλιπον

vanish

VBI AA13P · λείπω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λείπω + ἐκ: meaning 'vanish'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὀφθαλμοὶ

eye

N2 NPM · ὀφθαλμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὀφθαλμός: meaning 'eye'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ not D · οὐ <i>adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase</i> → discourse linkage or contrast οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	ἦν was V9 IAI3S · εἰμί <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → participant reference ἦν: meaning 'was'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	χόρτος grass N2 NSM · χόρτος <i>nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition</i> → participant prominence χόρτος: meaning 'grass'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.	ἀπὸ from P · ἀπό <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.
λαοῦ people N2 GSM · λαός <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.	ἀδικίας injustice N1A GSF · ἀδικία <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification ἀδικία: meaning 'injustice'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.		

7 εἰ αἱ ἁμαρτίαι ἡμῶν ἀντέστησαν ἡμῖν κύριε ποίησον ἡμῖν ἕνεκεν σοῦ ὅτι πολλαὶ αἱ ἁμαρτίαι ἡμῶν ἐναντίον σοῦ ὅτι σοὶ ἡμάρτομεν

If our sins have stood against us, O Lord, deal with us for your own sake; for our sins are many before you, because we have sinned against you.

Penitential appeal ASYNDETON

The prayer begins by admitting the people's guilt while still appealing to the Lord's own name.

εἰ

if

C · εἰ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

εἰ: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἁμαρτία

sin

N1A NPF · ἁμαρτία

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἁμαρτία: meaning 'sin'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀντέστησαν

opposed

VHI AAI3P · ἵστημι + ἀντι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἵστημι + ἀντι: meaning 'opposed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῖν

to us

RP DP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

ποιήσον

do

VA AAD2S · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῖν

to us

RP DP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐνεκεν

eneken

P · ἔνεκεν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐνεκεν: meaning 'eneken'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σοῦ

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σοῦ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πολλὰ

many

A1 NPF · πολλός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πολλός: meaning 'many'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἁμαρτία

sin

N1A NPF · ἁμαρτία

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἁμαρτία: meaning 'sin'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐναντίον

before / in the sight of

P · ἐναντίον

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐναντίον: meaning 'before'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σοῦ

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σοῦ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σοῖ

you

RP DS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

σοῖ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἡμάρτομεν

I have sinned

VBI AAI1P · ἡμάρτανω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἡμάρτανω: meaning 'I have sinned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

8 ὑπομονή Ἰσραηλ κύριε καὶ σῶζεις ἐν καιρῷ κακῶν ἵνα τί ἐγενήθης ὥσει πάροικος ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ ὡς αὐτόχθων ἐκκλίνων εἰς κατάλυμα

O Hope of Israel, O Lord, and savior in times of trouble, why have you become like a resident alien in the land, and like a native who turns aside only for lodging?

Covenant plea ASYNDETON

Israel addresses the Lord as hope and savior while protesting his seeming distance.

ὑπομονή

ypomone

N1 NSF · ὑπομονή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὑπομονή: meaning 'ypomone'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ἰσραηλ

Israel

N GSM · Ἰσραήλ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἰσραήλ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σῶζεις

σώζω

V1 PAI2S · σῶζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

σῶζω: meaning 'sōzō'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

καιρῷ

time

N2 DSM · καιρός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

καιρός: meaning 'time'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

κακῶν

evils

A1 GPM · κακός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κακός: meaning 'evils'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἵνα

so that

C · ἵνα

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἵνα: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τί

what

RI ASN · τίς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τί: meaning 'what'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐγενήθης

you have become

VCI API2S · γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γίγνομαι: meaning 'you have become'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὥσει

about

D · ὥσει

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥσει: meaning 'about'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πάροικος

sojourner / resident alien

A1B NSM · πάροικος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πάροικος: meaning 'sojourner'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αὐτόχθων

native

N3N NSM · αὐτόχθων

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

αὐτόχθων: meaning 'native'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐκκλίνων

turning away

V1 · παπνσμ κλίνω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ κλίνω + ἐκ: meaning 'turning away'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

κατάλυμα

a lodging place

N3M ASN · κατάλυμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κατάλυμα: meaning 'a lodging place'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

9 μὴ ἔσῃ ὥσπερ ἄνθρωπος ὑπνῶν ἢ ὡς ἀνὴρ οὐ δυνάμενος σῶζειν καὶ σὺ ἐν ἡμῖν εἶ κύριε καὶ τὸ ὄνομά σου ἐπικέκληται ἐφ' ἡμᾶς μὴ ἐπιλάβῃ ἡμῶν

Do not become like a sleeping man, or like a warrior unable to save; yet you are among us, O Lord, and your name has been called upon us. Do not forget us.

Urgent petition ASYNDETON

The prayer resists any portrayal of God as passive, insisting on his presence among his people.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσῃ

you shall be

VF FMI2S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'you shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὥσπερ

just as

D · ὥσπερ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥσπερ: meaning 'just as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἄνθρωπος

man / human being

N2 NSM · ἄνθρωπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ύπνῶν

sleeping

V4 · παπνσμ ὑπνόω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ ὑπνόω: meaning 'sleeping'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἢ

or

C · ἢ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἢ: meaning 'or'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

άνήρ

man

N3 NSM · άνήρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

άνήρ: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δυνάμενος

being strong

V6 · πμπνσμ δύναμαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπνσμ δύναμαι: meaning 'being strong'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σώζειν

to save

V1 PAN · σώζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

σώζω: meaning 'to save'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σύ

you

RP NS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σύ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

έν

in

P · έν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

έν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ήμῖν

to us

RP DP · έγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ήμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἶ

be

V9 PAI2S · εἶμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἶμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὸ

the

RA NSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὄνομά

name

N3M NSN · ὄνομα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπικέκληται

call upon

VM XMI3S · καλέω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

καλέω + ἐπι: meaning 'call upon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐφ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐφ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἡμᾶς

us

RP AP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἡμᾶς: meaning 'us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπιλάθη

forget

VB AAS3S · λανθάνω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

λανθάνω + ἐπι: meaning 'forget'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

10 οὕτως λέγει κύριος τῷ λαῷ τούτῳ ἠγάπησαν κινεῖν πόδας αὐτῶν καὶ οὐκ ἔφείσαντο καὶ ὁ θεὸς οὐκ εὐδόκησεν ἐν αὐτοῖς νῦν μνησθήσεται τῶν ἀδικιῶν αὐτῶν

Thus says the Lord to this people: They loved to move their feet and did not spare them, and God has not been pleased with them; now he will remember their iniquities.

Divine indictment ASYNDETON

The Lord answers by naming the people's restless wandering and by resolving to remember their guilt.

οὕτως

thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαῷ

people

N2 DSM · λαός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τούτῳ

to him

RD DSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

τούτῳ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἠγάπησαν

loved

VAI AAI3P · ἀγαπάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀγαπάω: meaning 'loved'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κινεῖν

to move

V2 PAN · κινέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

κινέω: meaning 'to move'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πόδας

poys

N3D APM · πούς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πούς: meaning 'poys'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐφείσαντο

epheisanto

VAI AMI3P · φείδομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

φείδομαι: meaning 'epheisanto'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θεός

God

N2 NSM · θεός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εὐδόκησεν

approved

VA AAI3S · εὐδοκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εὐδοκέω: meaning 'approved'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

νῦν

now

D · νῦν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

νῦν: meaning 'now'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μνησθήσεται

he will remember

VS FPI3S · μιμνήσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

μιμνήσκω: meaning 'he will remember'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῶν

the

RA GPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀδικιῶν

wickedness

N1A GPF · ἀδικία

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἀδικία: meaning 'wickedness'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

11 καὶ εἶπεν κύριος πρὸς με μὴ προσεύχου περὶ τοῦ λαοῦ τούτου εἰς ἀγαθὰ

And the Lord said to me, Do not pray for the good of this people.

Intercession forbidden ASYNDETON

Jeremiah is directly barred from praying for this people's good.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπεν
said

VBI AAI3S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος
Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πρός
to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

με
me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

μή
not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

προσεύχου
pray

V1 PMD2S · εὐχομαι + προς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

εὐχομαι + προς: meaning 'pray'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

περί
concerning

P · περί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

περί: meaning 'concerning'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦ
the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαοῦ
people

N2 GSM · λαός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τούτου
this / these

RD GSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

τούτου: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἀγαθά

good

A1 APN · ἀγαθός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀγαθός: meaning 'good'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

12 ὅτι ἐὰν νηστεύσωσιν οὐκ εἰσακούσομαι τῆς δεήσεως αὐτῶν καὶ ἐὰν προσενέγκωσιν ὀλοκαυτώματα καὶ θυσίας οὐκ εὐδοκήσω ἐν αὐτοῖς ὅτι ἐν μαχαίρᾳ καὶ ἐν λιμῷ καὶ ἐν θανάτῳ ἐγὼ συντελέσω αὐτούς

For if they fast, I will not hear their supplication, and if they offer whole burnt offerings and sacrifices, I will not be pleased with them; rather, by sword and by famine and by death I will consume them.

Cult rejected ASYNDETON

Fasting and sacrifice are declared ineffective because judgment by sword, famine, and death is fixed.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐὰν

if

C · ἐὰν

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐὰν: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

νηστεύσωσιν

they fast

VA AAS3P · νηστεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

νηστεύω: meaning 'they fast'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσακούσομαι

hear

VF FMI1S · ἀκούω + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἀκούω + εἰς: meaning 'hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δέησεως

supplication

N3I GSF · δέησις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δέησις: meaning 'supplication'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐάν

if

C · ἐάν

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐάν: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

προσενέγκωσιν

they offer

VA AAS3P · φέρω + προς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

φέρω + προς: meaning 'they offer'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

όλοκαυτώματα

burnt offering

N3M APN · όλοκαύτωμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

όλοκαύτωμα: meaning 'burnt offering'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

θυσίας

sacrifice

N1A APF · θυσία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θυσία: meaning 'sacrifice'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εὐδοκήσω

take pleasure

VF FAI1S · εὐδοκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εὐδοκέω: meaning 'take pleasure'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

μαχαίρα

sword

N1A DSF · μάχαιρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

λιμός

famine

N2 DSM · λιμός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

λιμός: meaning 'famine'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

θανάτῳ

death

N2 DSM · θάνατος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θάνατος: meaning 'death'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

συντελέσω

I will spend / expend fully

VF FAI1S · τελέω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

τελέω + συν: meaning 'I will spend'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

13 καὶ εἶπα ὦ κύριε ἰδοὺ οἱ προφῆται αὐτῶν προφητεύουσιν καὶ λέγουσιν οὐκ ὄψεσθε μάχαιραν οὐδὲ λιμὸς ἔσται ἐν ὑμῖν ὅτι ἀλήθειαν καὶ εἰρήνην δώσω ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ ἐν τῷ τόπῳ τούτῳ

And I said, Ah, Lord, behold, their prophets prophesy and say, You shall not see the sword, nor shall famine be among you, for I will give truth and peace upon this land and in this place.

Prophetic objection ASYNDETON

Jeremiah raises the competing message of prophets who promise peace and immunity from disaster.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπα

I said

VAI AA11S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'I said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὦ

O

I · ὦ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὦ: meaning 'O'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφήται

prophet

N1M NPM · προφήτης

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

προφήτης: meaning 'prophet'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

προφητεύουσιν

they prophesy

V1 PAI3P · προφητεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

προφητεύω: meaning 'they prophesy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λέγουσιν

say

V1 PAI3P · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὤψεσθε

saw

VF FMI2P · ὁράω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ὁράω: meaning 'saw'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μάχαιραν

sword

N1A ASF · μάχαιρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὐδὲ

nor

C · οὐδέ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐδὲ: meaning 'nor'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λιμός

famine

N2 NSM · λιμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λιμός: meaning 'famine'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὕμῖν

to you

RP DP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ὕμῖν: meaning 'to you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀλήθειαν

truth

N1A ASF · ἀλήθεια

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀλήθεια: meaning 'truth'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰρήνην

peace

N1 ASF · εἰρήνη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

εἰρήνη: meaning 'peace'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

δώσω

give

VF FAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν in P · ἐν <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	τῷ the RA DSM · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	τόπῳ place N2 DSM · τόπος <i>dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient</i> → sphere or reference τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.	τούτῳ to him RD DSM · οὗτος <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → participant reference or interest τούτῳ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.
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14 καὶ εἶπεν κύριος πρὸς με ψευδῇ οἱ προφῆται προφητεύουσιν ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί μου οὐκ ἀπέστειλα αὐτοὺς καὶ οὐκ ἐνετειλάμην αὐτοῖς καὶ οὐκ ἐλάλησα πρὸς αὐτούς ὅτι ὀράσεις ψευδεῖς καὶ μαντείας καὶ οἰωνίσματα καὶ προαιρέσεις καρδίας αὐτῶν αὐτοὶ προφητεύουσιν ὑμῖν

And the Lord said to me, The prophets prophesy lies in my name; I did not send them, nor command them, nor speak to them, for they are prophesying to you false visions, divinations, omens, and the intentions of their own heart.

Exposure of false prophecy

ASYNDETON

The Lord disowns those prophets and identifies their message as self-generated deception.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπεν
said

VBI AAI3S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος
Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πρός
to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

με
me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ψευδῇ
lies

A3H APN · ψευδῆς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ψευδῆς: meaning 'lies'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οἱ
the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφήται
prophet

N1M NPM · προφήτης

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

προφήτης: meaning 'prophet'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

προφητεύουσιν
they prophesy

V1 PAI3P · προφητεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

προφητεύω: meaning 'they prophesy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ
upon

P · ἐπὶ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ
the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὀνόματί
name

N3M DSN · ὄνομα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπέστειλα

send

VAI AAI1S · στέλλω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στέλλω + ἀπο: meaning 'send'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐνετειλάμην

in

VAI AMI1S · τέλλομαι + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τέλλομαι + ἐν: meaning 'in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁράσεις

visions

N3I APF · ὁράσεις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὁράσεις: meaning 'visions'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ψευδεῖς

false

A3H APF · ψευδής

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ψευδής: meaning 'false'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μαντείας

μαντεία

N1A APF · μαντεία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

μαντεία: meaning 'μαντεία'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἰωνίσματα

omens

N3M APN · οἰωνίσματα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἰωνίσματα: meaning 'omens'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

προαίρεσεις

intentions

N3I APF · προαίρεσις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

προαίρεσις: meaning 'intentions'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καρδίας

heart

N1A GSF · καρδία

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

καρδία: meaning 'heart'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

αὐτοῖ

he / she / it

RD NPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτοῖ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

προφητεύουσιν

they prophesy

V1 PAI3P · προφητεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

προφητεύω: meaning 'they prophesy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὕμῃν

to you

RP DP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ὕμῃν: meaning 'to you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

- 15 διὰ τοῦτο τάδε λέγει κύριος περὶ τῶν προφητῶν τῶν προφητευόντων ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί μου ψευδῇ καὶ ἐγὼ οὐκ ἀπέστειλα αὐτούς οἳ λέγουσιν μάχαιρα καὶ λιμὸς οὐκ ἔσται ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ταύτης ἐν θανάτῳ νοσερῶ ἀποθανοῦνται καὶ ἐν λιμῷ συντελεσθήσονται οἱ προφῆται

Therefore thus says the Lord concerning the prophets who prophesy lies in my name though I did not send them, and who say, Sword and famine shall not be upon this land: By grievous death they shall die, and by famine those prophets shall come to their end.

Sentence on prophets

ASYNDETON

The lying prophets receive the very death and famine they denied.

διὰ
through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦτο
this

RD ASN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τάδε
this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει
say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος
Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

περί
concerning

P · περί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

περί: meaning 'concerning'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν
the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφητῶν
prophet

N1M GPM · προφήτης

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

προφήτης: meaning 'prophet'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν
the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφητεῦόντων
prophesying

V1 · παγπμ προφητεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παγπμ προφητεύω: meaning 'prophesying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ
upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶ
the

RA DSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὄνόματί

name

N3M DSN · ὄνομα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ψευδῇ

lies

A3H APN · ψευδής

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ψευδής: meaning 'lies'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπέστειλα

send

VAI AAIIS · στέλλω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στέλλω + ἀπο: meaning 'send'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οἱ

who / which

RR NPM · οἷς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

οἱ: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγουσιν

say

V1 PAI3P · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μάχαιρα

sword

N1A NSM · μάχαιρα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λιμός

famine

N2 NSM · λιμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λιμός: meaning 'famine'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ταύτης

this

RD GSF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ταύτης: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

θανάτῳ

death

N2 DSM · θάνατος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θάνατος: meaning 'death'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

νοσερῶ

grievous

A1A DSM · νοσερός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

νοσερός: meaning 'grievous'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἀποθανοῦνται

he died

VF2 FMI3P · θνήσκω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

θνήσκω + ἀπο: meaning 'he died'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

λιμῶ

famine

N2 DSM · λιμός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

λιμός: meaning 'famine'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

συντελεσθήσονται

they will be brought to an end

VS FP13P · τελέω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

τελέω + συν: meaning 'they will be brought to an end'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφήται

prophet

N1M NPM · προφήτης

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

προφήτης: meaning 'prophet'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

16 καὶ ὁ λαὸς οἷς αὐτοὶ προφητεύουσιν αὐτοῖς καὶ ἔσονται ἐρριμμένοι ἐν ταῖς διόδοις Ἱερουσαλημ ἀπὸ προσώπου μαχαίρας καὶ τοῦ λιμοῦ καὶ οὐκ ἔσται ὁ θάπτων αὐτούς καὶ αἱ γυναῖκες αὐτῶν καὶ οἱ υἱοὶ αὐτῶν καὶ αἱ θυγατέρες αὐτῶν καὶ ἐκχεῶ ἐπ' αὐτούς τὰ κακὰ αὐτῶν

And the people to whom they prophesy shall be cast out in the streets of Jerusalem because of sword and famine, and there shall be none to bury them, them and their wives and their sons and their daughters; and I will pour out their evils upon them.

Sentence on hearers ASYNDETON

Those who trusted the false message share the same doom and the disgrace of being left unburied.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ
the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαός
people

N2 NSM · λαός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οἷς
who / which

RR DPM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

οἷς: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

αὐτοὶ
he / she / it

RD NPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτοὶ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

προφητεύουσιν
they prophesy

V1 PAI3P · προφητεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

προφητεύω: meaning 'they prophesy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς
them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσονται
be

VF FMI3P · εἶμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶμι: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐρριμμένοι
cast out

VPI XPPNPMR(I)/PTW

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ participial qualification

ἐρριμμένοι: meaning 'cast out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν
in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ταῖς
the

RA DPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ταῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διόδους

δίοδος

N2 DPF · δίοδος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

δίοδος: meaning 'δίοδος'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N GSF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπὸ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

προσώπου

face / presence

N2N GSN · πρόσωπον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρόσωπον: meaning 'face'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μαχαίρας

of the sword

N1A APF · μάχαιρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

μάχαιρα: meaning 'of the sword'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λιμοῦ

famine

N2 GSM · λιμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

λιμός: meaning 'famine'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FMI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θάπτων

burying

V1 · παπνσμ θάπτω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ θάπτω: meaning 'burying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γυναῖκες

woman

N3K NPF · γυνή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

γυνή: meaning 'woman'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θυγατέρες

daughters

N3 NPF · θυγάτηρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θυγάτηρ: meaning 'daughters'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐκχεῶ

pour out

VF2 FAI1S · χέω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

χέω + ἐκ: meaning 'pour out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κακά

evils

A1 APN · κακός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κακός: meaning 'evils'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

17 καὶ ἔρεῖς πρὸς αὐτοὺς τὸν λόγον τοῦτον καταγάγετε ἐπ' ὀφθαλμοὺς ὑμῶν δάκρυα ἡμέρας καὶ νυκτός
καὶ μὴ διαλιπέτωσαν ὅτι συντρίμματι συνετρίβη θυγάτηρ λαοῦ μου καὶ πληγῇ ὀδυνηρᾷ σφόδρα

And you shall speak this word to them: Let tears fall upon your eyes day and night, and let them not cease, because the daughter of my people has been shattered with a very painful blow.

Commanded lament ASYNDETON

Jeremiah is instructed to embody grief publicly and continuously over the people's crushing wound.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔρεῖς
say

VF2 FAI2S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶπον: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρὸς
to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτοὺς
them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγον
word

N2 ASM · λόγος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦτον
this

RD ASM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτον: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καταγάγετε
bring down

VB AAD2P · ἄγω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἄγω + κατα: meaning 'bring down'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὀφθαλμούς

eyes

N2 APM · ὀφθαλμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὀφθαλμός: meaning 'eyes'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὁμῶν

your

RP GP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὁμῶν: meaning 'your'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

δάκρυα

tears

N2N APN · δάκρυ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

δάκρυ: meaning 'tears'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἡμέρας

day

N1A GSF · ἡμέρα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

νυκτός

night

N3 GSF · νύξ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

νύξ: meaning 'night'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

διαλιπέτωσαν

let them cease

VB AAD3P · λείπω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

λείπω + δια: meaning 'let them cease'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συντρίμματι

destruction

N3M DSN · σύντριμμα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

σύντριμμα: meaning 'destruction'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

συνετρίβη

was crushed

VDI API3S · τρίβω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τρίβω + συν: meaning 'was crushed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

θυγάτηρ

daughter

N3 NSF · θυγάτηρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θυγάτηρ: meaning 'daughter'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

λαοῦ

people

N2 GSM · λαός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πληγῇ

plague

N1 DSF · πληγή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πληγή: meaning 'plague'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ὀδυνηρᾷ

painful

A1A DSF · ὀδυνηρός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὀδυνηρός: meaning 'painful'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

σφόδρα

greatly / exceedingly

D · σφόδρα

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

σφόδρα: meaning 'greatly'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

18 ἔὰν ἐξέλθω εἰς τὸ πεδῖον καὶ ἴδου τραυματῖαι μαχαίρας καὶ ἔὰν εἰσέλθω εἰς τὴν πόλιν καὶ ἴδου πόνος λιμοῦ ὅτι ἱερεὺς καὶ προφήτης ἐπορεύθησαν εἰς γῆν ἣν οὐκ ᾔδεισαν

If I go out into the field, behold, victims of the sword; and if I enter the city, behold, the agony of famine, because priest and prophet have gone into a land they did not know.

Total survey of ruin ASYNDETON

Whether in field or city, the observer meets only sword, famine, and disoriented religious leaders.

ἐάν

if

C · ἐάν

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐάν: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐξέλθω

I go out

VB AAS1S · ἔρχομαι + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ἔρχομαι + ἐκ: meaning 'I go out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πεδῖον

plain

N2N ASN · πεδῖον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πεδῖον: meaning 'plain'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἰδοῦ

behold

I · ἰδοῦ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοῦ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τραυματῖαι

wounded men

N1T NPM · τραυματῖας

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τραυματῖας: meaning 'wounded men'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

μαχαίρας

of the sword

N1A GSF · μάχαιρα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

μάχαιρα: meaning 'of the sword'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐάν

if

C · ἐάν

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐάν: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσέλθω

enter

VB AAS1S · ἔρχομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ἔρχομαι + εἰς: meaning 'enter'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πόνος

pain

N2 NSM · πόνος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πόνος: meaning 'pain'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

λιμοῦ

famine

N2 GSM · λιμός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

λιμός: meaning 'famine'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἱερεὺς

priest

N3V NSM · ἱερεύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἱερεύς: meaning 'priest'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

προφήτης

prophet

N1M NSM · προφήτης

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

προφήτης: meaning 'prophet'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπορεύθησαν

go

VCI API3P · πορεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

πορεύομαι: meaning 'go'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

γῆν

land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἣν

who / whom

RR ASF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἣν: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἤδεισαν

they knew

VXI YAI3P · οἶδα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

οἶδα: meaning 'they knew'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

19 μὴ ἀποδοκιμάζων ἀπεδοκίμασας τὸν Ιουδαν καὶ ἀπὸ Σιων ἀπέστη ἡ ψυχὴ σου ἵνα τί ἔπαισας ἡμᾶς καὶ οὐκ ἔστιν ἡμῖν ἴασις ὑπεμείναμεν εἰς εἰρήνην καὶ οὐκ ἦν ἀγαθὰ εἰς καιρὸν ἰάσεως καὶ ἰδοὺ ταραχὴ

Have you utterly rejected Judah, and has your soul withdrawn from Zion? Why have you struck us so that there is no healing for us? We waited for peace, and there were no good things; for a time of healing, and behold, turmoil.

Lamenting complaint ASYNDETON

The prayer returns with anguished questions about rejection, failed hope, and unhealed wounds.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀποδοκιμάζων

rejecting

V1 · παπνσμ δοκιμάζω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ δοκιμάζω + ἀπο: meaning 'rejecting'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀπεδοκίμασας

have you rejected

VAI AAI2S · δοκιμάζω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

δοκιμάζω + ἀπο: meaning 'have you rejected'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ιουδαν

Judah

N1T ASM · Ἰούδας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ιουδαν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπό

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Σιων

Zion

N GSF · Σιων

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σιων: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἀπέστη

remove

VHI AAI3S · ἵστημι + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἵστημι + ἀπο: meaning 'remove'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡ

the

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ψυχή

soul

N1 NSF · ψυχή

nominal element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ψυχή: meaning 'soul'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἵνα

so that

C · ἵνα

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἵνα: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τί

what

RI ASN · τίς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τί: meaning 'what'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔπαισας

you struck

VAI AAI2S · παίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

παίζω: meaning 'you struck'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμᾶς

us

RP AP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἡμᾶς: meaning 'us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

there is

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'there is'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῖν

to us

RP DP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἴασις

healing

N3I NSF · ἴασις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἴασις: meaning 'healing'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὑπεμείναμεν

we waited

VAI AAI1P · μένω + ὑπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

μένω + ὑπο: meaning 'we waited'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

εἰρήνην

peace

N1 ASF · εἰρήνη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

εἰρήνην: meaning 'peace'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἦν
was

V9 IAI3S · εἶμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ participant reference

ἦν: meaning 'was'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀγαθά
good

A1 NPN · ἀγαθός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀγαθός: meaning 'good'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

καιρὸν

appointed time / season

N2 ASM · καιρός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

καιρός: meaning 'appointed time'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἰάσεως

of healing

N3I GSF · ἴασις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἴασις: meaning 'of healing'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἰδοὺ
behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ταραχὴ
turmoil

N1 NSF · ταραχή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ταραχή: meaning 'turmoil'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

20 ἔγνωμεν κύριε ἁμαρτήματα ἡμῶν ἀδικίας πατέρων ἡμῶν ὅτι ἡμάρτομεν ἐναντίον σου

We know, O Lord, our sins and the iniquities of our fathers, because we have sinned against you.

Corporate confession

ASYNDETON

The community plainly acknowledges both present and ancestral guilt before the Lord.

ἔγνωμεν

we learned

VZI AAIIP · γινώσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γινώσκω: meaning 'we learned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριε

Lord

N2 VSM · κύριος

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

ἁμαρτήματα

offenses

N3M APN · ἁμάρτημα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἁμάρτημα: meaning 'offenses'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀδικίας

iniquities

N1A APF · ἀδικία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀδικία: meaning 'iniquities'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πατέρων

fathers

N3 GPM · πατήρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πατήρ: meaning 'fathers'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἡμάρτομεν

I have sinned

VBI AAI1P · ἡμάρτανω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἡμάρτανω: meaning 'I have sinned'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐναντίον

before / in the sight of

P · ἐναντίον

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐναντίον: meaning 'before'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

21 κόπασον διὰ τὸ ὄνομά σου μὴ ἀπολέσης θρόνον δόξης σου μνήσθητι μὴ διασκεδάσης τὴν διαθήκην σου τὴν μεθ' ἡμῶν

Cease for your name's sake; do not destroy the throne of your glory. Remember; do not break your covenant with us.

Covenant appeal ASYNDETON

The plea rests on God's name, throne, memory, and covenant rather than on Judah's worthiness.

κόπασον

cease

VA AAD2S · κοπάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

κοπάζω: meaning 'cease'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὄνομά

name

N3M ASN · ὄνομα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπολέσης

+ apo

VA AAS2S · ὀλλύω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ὀλλύω + ἀπο: meaning '+ apo'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

θρόνον

throne

N2 ASM · θρόνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

θρόνος: meaning 'throne'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

δόξης

glory

N1S GSF · δόξα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δόξα: meaning 'glory'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

μνήσθῃτι

remember

VS APD2S · μινῃσκω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

μινῃσκω: meaning 'remember'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

διασκεδάσης

scatter

VA AAS2S · σκεδάζω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

σκεδάζω + δια: meaning 'scatter'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τήν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τήν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διαθήκην

covenant

N1 ASF · διαθήκη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

διαθήκη: meaning 'covenant'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

σου

you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σου: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μεθ'

with / after

P · μετά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

μεθ': meaning 'with'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

22 μὴ ἔστιν ἐν εἰδώλοις τῶν ἐθνῶν ὑετίζων καὶ εἰ ὁ οὐρανὸς δώσει πλησμονὴν αὐτοῦ οὐχὶ σὺ εἶ αὐτός καὶ ὑπομενοῦμέν σε ὅτι σὺ ἐποίησας πάντα ταῦτα

Is there among the idols of the nations one that gives rain? Or will heaven itself give its abundance?
Is it not you alone? So we will wait for you, because you made all these things.

Confessional conclusion

ASYNDETON

Ends by rejecting idols and locating all hope in the Creator who alone can send rain.

μὴ

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

there is

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'there is'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

εἰδώλοις

idols

N2N DPN · εἶδωλον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

εἶδωλον: meaning 'idols'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔθνων

nation

N3E GPN · ἔθνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἔθνος: meaning 'nation'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὑετίζων

giving rain

V1 · παπνοσῖς ὑετίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνοσῖς ὑετίζω: meaning 'giving rain'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰ

if

C · εἰ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

εἰ: meaning 'if'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανός

heaven

N2 NSM · οὐρανός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

δώσει

give

VF FAI3S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πλησμονήν

fullness

N1 ASF · πλησμονή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πλησμονή: meaning 'fullness'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐχὶ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐχὶ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σύ

you

RP NS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σύ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἶ

be

V9 PAI2S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτός

his

RD NSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτός: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὑπομενοῦμέν

we will wait

VF2 FAI1P · μένω + ὑπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

μένω + ὑπο: meaning 'we will wait'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σε

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σε: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σύ

you

RP NS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σύ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐποίησας

do / make

VAI AAI2S · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πάντα

all

A3 APN · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ταῦτα

these things

RD APN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ταῦτα: meaning 'these things'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm, and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.