

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Jeremiah, Chapter 19

ΙΕΡΕΜΙΑΣ ΙΘ΄

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a | lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

The shattered flask at Hinnom announces irreparable bloodguilt and ruin.

Translation & textual notes

Jeremiah 19 binds symbolic action to public judgment. The prophet is told to buy a potter's earthen flask, take civic and priestly elders, and proclaim the Lord's accusation in the valley linked with slaughter and burning. The center of the chapter names Judah's crimes plainly: forsaking the Lord, profaning the place with foreign cults, filling it with innocent blood, and offering sons in the fire to Baal. The sign then turns physical, as the flask is shattered before the witnesses to show that Jerusalem will be broken past repair, its houses made unclean through astral worship, and its people reduced to siege, death, and disgrace. The final verse returns the

oracle from the valley to the temple court so that the enacted warning becomes a public sentence against the whole city.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 19:1-3

Jeremiah is sent with an earthen flask and official witnesses

The prophet receives a symbolic object, gathers elders of people and priests, and is told to announce a severe oracle at the valley gate.

B · 19:4-9

Judah's cultic crimes bring slaughter and siege

The Lord recounts apostasy, foreign worship, innocent blood, and child-burning, then answers those sins with military devastation, desecration, and famine horrors.

C · 19:10-13

The shattered flask interprets Jerusalem's coming ruin

Breaking the vessel before the witnesses dramatizes a destruction so total that the city and its houses will become like a defiled burial ground.

D · 19:14-15

The valley oracle is repeated in the temple court

Jeremiah returns from the sign-act and publicly restates that disaster is coming because the people hardened their necks against the Lord's words.

1 τότε εἶπεν κύριος πρὸς με βάδισον καὶ κτῆσαι βῆκον πεπλασμένον ὀστράκινον καὶ ἄξεις ἀπὸ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων τοῦ λαοῦ καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων τῶν ἱερέων

Then the Lord said to me, Go and buy a molded earthen flask, and you shall take some of the elders of the people and some of the elders of the priests,

Divine commission ASYNDETON

Opens with a sign-act command that joins symbolic purchase with public witnesses.

τότε

then

D · τότε

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

τότε: meaning 'then'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπεν

said

VBI AAI3S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πρός

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

με

me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

βάδισον

go

VA AAD2S · βαδίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

βαδίζω: meaning 'go'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κτῆσαι

possess

VA AMD2S · κτάομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

κτάομαι: meaning 'possess'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

βῆκον

flask

N2 ASM · βῆκος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βῆκος: meaning 'flask'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πεπλασμένον

molded

VM · χυπασμ πλάσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χυπασμ πλάσσω: meaning 'molded'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὀστράκινον

earthen

A1 ASM · ὀστράκινος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὀστράκινος: meaning 'earthen'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἄξεις

bring / lead

VF FAI2S · ἄγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἄγω: meaning 'bring'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπὸ: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πρεσβυτέρων

elders

A1A GPMS · πρεσβύτερος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρεσβύτερος: meaning 'elders'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαοῦ

people

N2 GSM · λαός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

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πρεσβυτέρων

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τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἱερέων

priests

N3V GPM · ἱερεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἱερεύς: meaning 'priests'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

2 καὶ ἐξελεύσῃ εἰς τὸ πολυάνδριον υἱῶν τῶν τέκνων αὐτῶν ὃ ἐστὶν ἐπὶ τῶν προθύρων πύλης τῆς χαρσιθ καὶ ἀνάγνωθι ἐκεῖ πάντας τοὺς λόγους οὓς ἂν λαλήσω πρὸς σέ

and you shall go out to the burial-place of the sons of Hinnom, which is by the entrance of the Harsith gate, and there you shall read all the words that I speak to you.

Commission expanded ASYNDETON

The destination and the requirement to proclaim the oracle in the valley are specified in detail.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐξελεύσῃ

you shall go out

VF FMI2S · ἔρχομαι + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἔρχομαι + ἐκ: meaning 'you shall go out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ
the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πολυάνδριον

burial-place

N2 ASN · πολυάνδριον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πολυάνδριον: meaning 'burial-place'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

υἱῶν

sons

N2 GPM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τέκνων

teknon

N2N GPN · τέκνον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

τέκνον: meaning 'teknon'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὃ

which

RR NSN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐστίν

be

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προθύρων

porches / entranceways

N2N GPN · πρόθυρον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρόθυρον: meaning 'porches'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

πύλης

πυλη

N1 GSF · πύλη

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πύλη: meaning 'πυλη'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

χαρσιθ

Harsith

N GSF · χαρσιθ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

χαρσιθ: meaning 'Harsith'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀνάγνωθι

gignosko ana

VZ AAD2S · γινώσκω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

γινώσκω + ἀνα: meaning 'gignosko ana'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐκεῖ

there

D · ἐκεῖ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐκεῖ: meaning 'there'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πάντας

all / every

A3 APM · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς; meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγους

word

N2 APM · λόγος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λόγος; meaning 'word'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὓς

who / whom

RR APM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

οὓς; meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἄν

ever

X · ἄν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἄν; meaning 'ever'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λαλήσω

I will speak

VF FAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

λαλέω; meaning 'I will speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρός

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς; meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σέ

you

RP AS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

σέ; meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

3 καὶ ἔρεῖς αὐτοῖς ἀκούσατε τὸν λόγον κυρίου βασιλεῖς Ιουδα καὶ ἄνδρες Ιουδα καὶ οἱ κατοικοῦντες Ιερουσαλημ καὶ οἱ εἰσπορευόμενοι ἐν ταῖς πύλαις ταύταις τάδε λέγει κύριος ὁ θεὸς Ισραηλ ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἐπάγω ἐπὶ τὸν τόπον τοῦτον κακὰ ὥστε παντὸς ἀκούοντος αὐτὰ ἡχήσει ἀμφότερα τὰ ὦτα αὐτοῦ

And you shall say to them, Hear the word of the Lord, kings of Judah and men of Judah and those dwelling in Jerusalem and those entering by these gates. Thus says the Lord, the God of Israel: Behold, I am bringing evils upon this place, so that the ears of everyone hearing them will ring.

Oracle introduction ASYNDETON

Jeremiah is told to address rulers, citizens, and gate-goers with a formal judgment announcement.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐρεῖς
say

VF2 FAI2S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶπον: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς
them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἀκούσατε
hear

VA AAD2P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἀκούω: meaning 'hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγον
word

N2 ASM · λόγος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κυρίου
of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

βασιλεῖς
O kings

N3V VPM · βασιλεύς

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

βασιλεύς: meaning 'O kings'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

Ιουδα

Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἄνδρες

man

N3 VPM · ἀνὴρ

vocative nominal element used in direct address

→ direct address

ἀνὴρ: meaning 'man'; it serves as vocative nominal element used in direct address.

Ιουδα

Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA VPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικοῦντες

dwelling

V2 · παπνπμ οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνπμ οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'dwelling'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N ASF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA VPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

εἰσπορευόμενοι

entering

V1 · πμπνπμ πορεύομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπνπμ πορεύομαι + εἰς: meaning 'entering'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ταῖς

the

RA DPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ταῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πύλαις

gates

N1 DPF · πύλη

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πύλη: meaning 'gates'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ταύταις

these

RD DPF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ταύταις: meaning 'these'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θεός

God

N2 NSM · θεός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ισραηλ

Israel

N GSM · Ἰσραήλ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ισραηλ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδού

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπάγω

bring upon

V1 PAI1S · ἄγω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

ἄγω + ἐπι: meaning 'bring upon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπον

place

N2 ASM · τόπος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦτον

this

RD ASM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτον: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κακὰ

evils

A1 APN · κακός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κακός: meaning 'evils'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὥστε

so that

C · ὥστε

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥστε: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

παντός

all

A3 GSM · πᾶς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἀκούοντος

hearing

V1 · παπγσμ ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπγσμ ἀκούω: meaning 'hearing'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτὰ

he / him / his

RD APN · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτὰ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἡχήσει

sound

VF FAI3S · ἡχέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἡχέω: meaning 'sound'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀμφότερα

both

A1A NPN · ἀμφότεροι

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀμφότεροι: meaning 'both'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τὰ

the

RA NPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὦτα

ears

N3T NPN · οὖς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

οὖς; meaning 'ears'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ; meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

4 ἀνθ' ὧν ἐγκατέλιπόν με καὶ ἀπηλλοτριώσαν τὸν τόπον τοῦτον καὶ ἔθυμιάσαν ἐν αὐτῷ θεοῖς ἄλλοτρίοις οἷς οὐκ ᾔδεισαν αὐτοὶ καὶ οἱ πατέρες αὐτῶν καὶ οἱ βασιλεῖς Ιουδα ἔπλησαν τὸν τόπον τοῦτον αἱμάτων ἀθώων

Because they abandoned me and estranged this place and burned incense in it to foreign gods whom neither they nor their fathers nor the kings of Judah had known, and they filled this place with innocent blood,

Primary accusation ASYNDETON

The first charge identifies apostasy, alien worship, and bloodguilt as the grounds of judgment.

ἀνθ'

instead of / in place of

P · ἀντί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀνθ': meaning 'instead of'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὧν

which

RR GPM · ὧς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὧν: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐγκατέλιπόν

they forsook

VBI AAI3P · λείπω + ἐν + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λείπω + ἐν + κατα: meaning 'they forsook'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

με

me

RP AS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπηλλοτριώσαν

made foreign

VAI AAI3P · ἀλλοτριώ + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀλλοτριώ + ἀπο: meaning 'made foreign'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τόν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τόν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπον

place

N2 ASM · τόπος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦτον

this

RD ASM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτον: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐθυμίασαν

to be burned (as offering)

VAI AAI3P · θυμιάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

θυμιάω: meaning 'to be burned (as offering)'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτῷ

to him

RD DSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτῷ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

θεοῖς

God

N2 DPM · θεός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἄλλοτριος

foreigner

A1A DPM · ἄλλότριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἄλλότριος: meaning 'foreigner'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

οἷς

who / which

RR DPM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

οἷς: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ᾔδεισαν

they knew

VXI YAI3P · οἶδα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

οἶδα: meaning 'they knew'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοὶ

he / she / it

RD NPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτοὶ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατέρες

fathers

N3 NPM · πατήρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πατήρ: meaning 'fathers'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βασιλεῖς

king

N3V NPM · βασιλεύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ιουδα

Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἔπλησαν

fill

VAI AA13P · πίμπλημι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

πίμπλημι: meaning 'fill'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπον

place

N2 ASM · τόπος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦτον

this

RD ASM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτον: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

αἱμάτων

blood

N3M GPN · αἷμα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

αἷμα: meaning 'blood'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἄθῳων

innocent

A1 GPN · ἄθῳος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄθῳος: meaning 'innocent'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

5 καὶ ὠκοδόμησαν ὑψηλὰ τῇ Βααλ τοῦ κατακαίειν τοὺς υἱοὺς αὐτῶν ἐν πυρί ἃ οὐκ ἐνετειλάμην οὐδὲ ἐλάλησα οὐδὲ διενόηθην ἐν τῇ καρδίᾳ μου

and they built high places for Baal to burn their sons in the fire, things that I did not command or speak, nor did they enter my heart.

Aggravated guilt

ASYNDETON

Child-sacrifice to Baal deepens the accusation by naming a practice wholly outside the Lord's will.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὠκοδόμησαν
build

VAI AAI3P · οἰκοδομέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

οἰκοδομέω: meaning 'build'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὑψηλὰ
high places

A1 APN · ὑψηλός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὑψηλός: meaning 'high places'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῇ
the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Βααλ
Baal

N DSF · Βααλ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Βααλ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τοῦ
the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατακαίειν
to burn up

V1 PAN · καίω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

καίω + κατα: meaning 'to burn up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς
the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱοὺς

sons

N2 APM · υἱός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πυρί

fire

N3 DSN · πῦρ

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πῦρ: meaning 'fire'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἃ

which

RR APN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐνετειλάμην

in

VAI AMI1S · τέλλομαι + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τέλλομαι + ἐν: meaning 'in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐδὲ

nor

C · οὐδέ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐδὲ: meaning 'nor'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐδὲ

nor

C · οὐδέ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐδὲ: meaning 'nor'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

διενοήθην

plan out

VCI API1S · νοέομαι + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

νοέομαι + δια: meaning 'plan out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

καρδία

heart

N1A DSF · καρδία

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

καρδία: meaning 'heart'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

6 διὰ τοῦτο ἰδοὺ ἡμέραι ἔρχονται λέγει κύριος καὶ οὐ κληθήσεται τῷ τόπῳ τούτῳ ἔτι διάπτωσις καὶ πολυάνδριον υἱοῦ Εννομ ἀλλ' ἢ πολυάνδριον τῆς σφαγῆς

Therefore behold, days are coming, says the Lord, and this place shall no longer be called Falling Away and the Burial-place of the son of Hinnom, but the Burial-place of Slaughter.

Judgment transition ASYNDETON

The valley is given a new future name that interprets the coming disaster.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦτο

this

RD ASN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἡμέραι

day

N1A NPF · ἡμέρα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

έρχονται

are coming

V1 PMI3P · έρχομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

έρχομαι: meaning 'are coming'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

κληθήσεται

call

VC FPI3S · καλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

καλέω: meaning 'call'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπῳ

place

N2 DSM · τόπος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τούτῳ

to him

RD DSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

τούτῳ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔτι

still

D · ἔτι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔτι: meaning 'still'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

διάπτωσις

falling away

N3I NSF · διάπτωσις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

διάπτωσις: meaning 'falling away'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πολυνάνδριον burial-place N2N NSN · πολυνάνδριον <i>nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition</i> → participant prominence πολυνάνδριον: meaning 'burial-place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.	υίοϋ son N2 GSM · υίοϋ <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification υίοϋ: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.	Εννομ Hinnom N GSM · Εννομ <i>nominal element functioning within the clause</i> → participant identification Εννομ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.	ἀλλ' but C · ἀλλά <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast ἀλλ': meaning 'but'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.
ἢ or C · ἢ <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast ἢ: meaning 'or'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	πολυνάνδριον burial-place N2N NSN · πολυνάνδριον <i>nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition</i> → participant prominence πολυνάνδριον: meaning 'burial-place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.	τῆς the RA GSF · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	σφαγῆς slaughter N1 GSF · σφαγή <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification σφαγή: meaning 'slaughter'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

7 καὶ σφάξω τὴν βουλὴν Ἰουδα καὶ τὴν βουλὴν Ἱερουσαλημ ἐν τῷ τόπῳ τούτῳ καὶ καταβαλῶ αὐτοὺς ἐν μαχαίρᾳ ἐναντίον τῶν ἐχθρῶν αὐτῶν καὶ ἐν χερσὶν τῶν ζητούντων τὰς ψυχὰς αὐτῶν καὶ δώσω τοὺς νεκροὺς αὐτῶν εἰς βρῶσιν τοῖς πετεινοῖς τοῦ οὐρανοῦ καὶ τοῖς θηρίοις τῆς γῆς

And I will slaughter the counsel of Judah and the counsel of Jerusalem in this place, and I will bring them down by the sword before their enemies and by the hands of those seeking their lives, and I will give their dead bodies as food to the birds of the sky and the beasts of the earth.

Military sentence ASYNDETON

The Lord declares that Judah's plans will collapse under enemy violence and exposure.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σφάξω

I will slaughter

VF FAI1S · σφάξω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σφάξω: meaning 'I will slaughter'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βουλήν

counsel

N1 ASF · βουλή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βουλή: meaning 'counsel'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Ιουδα

Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βουλήν

counsel

N1 ASF · βουλή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βουλή: meaning 'counsel'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N GSF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπῳ

place

N2 DSM · τόπος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τούτῳ

to him

RD DSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

τούτῳ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καταβαλῶ

I will cast down

VF2 FAI1S · βάλλω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

βάλλω + κατα: meaning 'I will cast down'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοὺς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτοὺς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

μαχαίρα

sword

N1A DSF · μάχαιρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

μάχαιρα: meaning 'sword'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐναντίον

before / in the sight of

P · ἐναντίον

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐναντίον: meaning 'before'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐχθρῶν

enemy

N2 GPM · ἐχθρός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἐχθρός: meaning 'enemy'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

χερσὶν

hand

N3 DPF · χεῖρ

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

χεῖρ: meaning 'hand'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ζητούντων

seeking

V2 · παπῆμι ζητέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπῆμι ζητέω: meaning 'seeking'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ψυχᾶς

person

N1 APF · ψυχή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ψυχή: meaning 'person'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δώσω

give

VF FAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νεκρούς

dead

N2 APM · νεκρός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

νεκρός: meaning 'dead'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

βρῶσιν

food

N3I ASF · βρῶσις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βρῶσις: meaning 'food'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πετεινοῖς

birds

A1 DPN · πετεινός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πετεινός: meaning 'birds'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανοῦ

heaven

N2 GSM · οὐρανός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θηρίοις

wild beast

N2N DPN · θηρίον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θηρίον: meaning 'wild beast'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

8 καὶ τάξω τὴν πόλιν ταύτην εἰς ἀφανισμόν καὶ εἰς συριγμόν πᾶς ὁ παραπορευόμενος ἐπ' αὐτῆς
σκυθρωπάσει καὶ συριεῖ ὑπὲρ πάσης τῆς πληγῆς αὐτῆς

And I will set this city for desolation and for hissing; everyone passing by it will be appalled and will hiss because of all its plague.

Resulting desolation ASYNDETON

The devastation is described as a public spectacle of horror and derision.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τάξω
I appoint

VF FAI1S · τάσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

τάσσω: meaning 'I appoint'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν
the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλιν
city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ταύτην
this

RD ASF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ταύτην: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἀφανισμόν
obliteration

N2 ASM · ἀφανισμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀφανισμός: meaning 'obliteration'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

συριγμόν

hissing

N2 ASM · συριγμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

συριγμός: meaning 'hissing'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πᾶς

everyone

A3 NSM · πᾶς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πᾶς: meaning 'everyone'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

παραπορευόμενος

one passing by

V1 · πμπνσμ πορεύομαι + παρα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπνσμ πορεύομαι + παρα: meaning 'one passing by'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

σκυθρωπάσει

will be appalled

VF FAI3S · σκυθρωπάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

σκυθρωπάζω: meaning 'will be appalled'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συριεῖ

will hiss

VF2 FAI3S · συρίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

συρίζω: meaning 'will hiss'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὕπὲρ

for / on behalf of

P · ὑπέρ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ὕπὲρ: meaning 'for'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πάσης

everyone

A1S GSF · πᾶς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πᾶς: meaning 'everyone'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πληγῆς

blow

N1 GSF · πληγή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πληγῆς: meaning 'blow'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

9 καὶ ἔδονται τὰς σάρκας τῶν υἱῶν αὐτῶν καὶ τὰς σάρκας τῶν θυγατέρων αὐτῶν καὶ ἕκαστος τὰς σάρκας τοῦ πλησίον αὐτοῦ ἔδονται ἐν τῇ περιοχῇ καὶ ἐν τῇ πολιορκίᾳ ἣ πολιορκήσουσιν αὐτοὺς οἱ ἐχθροὶ αὐτῶν

And they will eat the flesh of their sons and the flesh of their daughters, and each will eat the flesh of his neighbor in the siege and in the confinement with which their enemies will hem them in.

Siege horror ASYNDETON

The curse intensifies into cannibalism, showing the extremity of the coming siege.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔδονται

will eat

VF FMI3P · ἐσθίω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἐσθίω: meaning 'will eat'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σάρκας

flesh

N3K APF · σὰρξ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σάρξ: meaning 'flesh'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱῶν

sons

N2 GPM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σάρκας

flesh

N3K APF · σάρξ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σάρξ: meaning 'flesh'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῶν

the

RA GPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θυγατέρων

daughter

N3 GPF · θυγάτηρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θυγάτηρ: meaning 'daughter'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἕκαστος

each

A1 NSM · ἕκαστος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἕκαστος: meaning 'each'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

σάρκας

flesh

N3K APF · σάρξ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σάρξ: meaning 'flesh'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πλησίον

neighbor

D · πλησίον

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

πλησίον: meaning 'neighbor'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔδονται

will eat

VF FMI3P · ἐσθίω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἐσθίω: meaning 'will eat'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

περιοχῇ

stronghold

N1 DSF · περιοχή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

περιοχή: meaning 'stronghold'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πολιορκία

siege

N1A DSF · πολιορκία

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πολιορκία: meaning 'siege'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἡ
ἡ

RR DSF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡ: meaning 'ἡ'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πολιορκήσουσιν

will besiege

VF FAI3P · πολιορκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πολιορκέω: meaning 'will besiege'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐχθροὶ

enemies

N2 NPM · ἐχθρός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἐχθρός: meaning 'enemies'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

10 καὶ συντρίψεις τὸν βῆκον κατ' ὀφθαλμοὺς τῶν ἀνδρῶν τῶν ἐκπορευομένων μετὰ σοῦ

And you shall break the flask before the eyes of the men going out with you,

Sign-act performance ASYNDETON

Jeremiah is told to enact physically before the witnesses what the oracle has described verbally.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συντρίψεις
you shall crush

VF FAI2S · τρίβω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

τρίβω + συν: meaning 'you shall crush'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

βῆκον
flask

N2 ASM · βῆκος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βῆκος: meaning 'flask'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κατ'
against

P · κατά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

κατ': meaning 'against'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὀφθαλμούς
eyes

N2 APM · ὀφθαλμός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὀφθαλμός: meaning 'eyes'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῶν
the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀνδρῶν
men

N3 GPM · ἀνήρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἀνήρ: meaning 'men'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν
the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐκπορευομένων
going out

V1 · πμπγπμ πορεύομαι + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπγπμ πορεύομαι + ἐκ: meaning 'going out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μετὰ
with

P · μετά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

μετὰ: meaning 'with'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σοῦ
you

RP GS · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

σοῦ: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

11 καὶ ἔρεῖς τάδε λέγει κύριος οὕτως συντρίψω τὸν λαὸν τοῦτον καὶ τὴν πόλιν ταύτην καθὼς συντρίβεται ἄγγος ὀστράκινον ὃ οὐ δυνήσεται ἰαθῆναι ἔτι

and you shall say, Thus says the Lord: So I will break this people and this city, just as an earthen vessel is broken, which will not be able to be healed again.

Sign interpretation ASYNDETON

The shattered vessel is explained as an image of a people and city broken beyond repair.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔρεῖς
say

VF2 FAI2S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἶπον: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τάδε
this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει
say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος
Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὕτως
thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συντρίψω
was crushed

VF FAI1S · τρίβω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

τρίβω + συν: meaning 'was crushed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν
the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λαὸν

people

N2 ASM · λαός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦτον

this

RD ASM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτον: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ταύτην

this

RD ASF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ταύτην: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καθώς

just as

D · καθώς

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καθώς: meaning 'just as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

συντρίβεται

is shattered

V1 PMI3S · τρίβω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

τρίβω + συν: meaning 'is shattered'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἄγγος

vessel

N3 ASN · ἄγγος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἄγγος: meaning 'vessel'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὀστράκινον

earthen

A1 ASM · ὀστράκινος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὀστράκινος: meaning 'earthen'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὃ

which

RR NSN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δυνήσεται

will be able

VF FMI3S · δύναμαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

δύναμαι: meaning 'will be able'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἰαθῆναι

to be healed

VC APN · ἰάομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

ἰάομαι: meaning 'to be healed'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἔτι

still

D · ἔτι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἔτι: meaning 'still'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

12 οὕτως ποιήσω λέγει κύριος τῷ τόπῳ τούτῳ καὶ τοῖς κατοικοῦσιν ἐν αὐτῷ τοῦ δοθῆναι τὴν πόλιν ταύτην ὡς τὴν διαπίπτουσαν

Thus I will do, says the Lord, to this place and to those dwelling in it, so as to make this city like the fallen place.

Judgment application

ASYNDETON

The meaning of the sign is applied directly to the place and its inhabitants.

οὕτως

thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ποιήσω

do / make

VF FAI1S · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῷ

the

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπῳ

place

N2 DSM · τόπος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τούτῳ

to him

RD DSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

τούτῳ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικοῦσιν

παρδpm oikeo + kata

V2 · παρδpm οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παρδpm οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'παρδpm oikeo + kata'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτῷ

to him

RD DSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτῷ: meaning 'to him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τοῦ

the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δοθῆναι

give

VC APN · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ταύτην

this

RD ASF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ταύτην: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὥς

as

C · ὥς

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥς: meaning 'as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διαπίπτουσιν

fallen

V1 · παπασφ πίπτω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπασφ πίπτω + δια: meaning 'fallen'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

13 καὶ οἱ οἴκοι Ἱερουσαλημ καὶ οἱ οἴκοι βασιλέων Ἰουδα ἔσονται καθὼς ὁ τόπος ὁ διαπίπτων τῶν ἀκαθαρσιῶν ἐν πάσαις ταῖς οἰκίαις ἐν αἷς ἐθυμίαςαν ἐπὶ τῶν δωμάτων αὐτῶν πάσῃ τῇ στρατιᾷ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ καὶ ἔσπεισαν σπονδὰς θεοῖς ἄλλοτρίοις

And the houses of Jerusalem and the houses of the kings of Judah shall become like the defiled fallen place, because in all the houses where they burned incense on their roofs to all the host of heaven and poured drink offerings to foreign gods.

Cultic rationale ASYNDETON

The city's houses become unclean because rooftop worship and libations polluted them.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἴκοι

house

N2 NPM · οἶκος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ἱερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N GSF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἱερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ
the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἱκοί
house

N2 NPM · οἶκος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

βασιλέων
kings

N3V GPM · βασιλεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βασιλεύς: meaning 'kings'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ιουδα
Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἔσονται
be

VF FMI3P · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καθώς
just as

D · καθώς

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καθώς: meaning 'just as'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ
the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τόπος
place

N2 NSM · τόπος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

τόπος: meaning 'place'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ
the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διαπίπτων
fallen place

V1 · παπνσμι πίπτω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμι πίπτω + δια: meaning 'fallen place'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῶν
the

RA GPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄκαθαρσιῶν

uncleannesses

N1A GPF · ἀκαθαρσία

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἀκαθαρσία: meaning 'uncleannesses'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πάσαις

all / every

A1S DPF · πᾶς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ταῖς

the

RA DPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ταῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἰκίαις

household

N1A DPF · οἰκία

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

οἰκία: meaning 'household'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αἷς

which

RR DPF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αἷς: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐθυμίαςαν

to be burned (as offering)

VAI AAI3P · θυμιάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

θυμιάω: meaning 'to be burned (as offering)'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῶν

the

RA GPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δωμάτων

roof

N3M GPN · δῶμα

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δῶμα: meaning 'roof'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πάση

all

A1S DSF · πᾶς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

στρατιᾷ

army

N1A DSF · στρατιά

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

στρατιά: meaning 'army'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανοῦ

heaven

N2 GSM · οὐρανός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσπεισαν

poured out

VAI AAI3P · σπένδω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

σπένδω: meaning 'poured out'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

σπονδᾶς

Spondas

N1 APF · σπονδή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σπονδή: meaning 'Spondas'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

θεοῖς

God

N2 DPM · θεός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἄλλοτρίοις

foreigner

A1A DPM · ἄλλότριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἄλλότριος: meaning 'foreigner'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

14 καὶ ἦλθεν Ιερემίας ἀπὸ τῆς διαπτώσεως οὗ ἀπέστειλεν αὐτὸν κύριος ἐκεῖ τοῦ προφητεῦσαι καὶ ἔστη ἐν τῇ αὐλῇ οἴκου κυρίου καὶ εἶπε πρὸς πάντα τὸν λαόν

And Jeremiah came from the Ruin, where the Lord had sent him there to prophesy, and he stood in the court of the house of the Lord and said to all the people,

Return to public court ASYNDETON

The prophet carries the valley oracle back to the temple precinct for wider proclamation.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἦλθεν
came

VBI AAI3S · ἔρχομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἔρχομαι: meaning 'came'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ιερემίας
Jeremiah

N1T NSM · Ἰερεμίας

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant identification

Ιερემίας: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἀπὸ
from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς
the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διαπτώσεως
ruin

N3I GSF · διάπτωσις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

διάπτωσις: meaning 'ruin'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

οὗ
where

D · οὗ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὗ: meaning 'where'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπέστειλεν
sent

VAI AAI3S · στέλλω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στέλλω + ἀπο: meaning 'sent'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτόν

him

RD ASM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτόν: meaning 'him'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐκεῖ

there

D · ἐκεῖ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐκεῖ: meaning 'there'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῦ

the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφητεῦσαι

to prophesy

VA AAN · προφητεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

προφητεύω: meaning 'to prophesy'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἕστη

stand

VHI AAI3S · ἵστημι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἵστημι: meaning 'stand'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

the

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

αὐλή

court

N1 DSF · αὐλή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

αὐλή: meaning 'court'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

οἴκου

house

N2 GSM · οἶκος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ and C · καί <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	εἶπε said VB AAD2S · εἶπον <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → verbal action or state εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	πρὸς to P · πρὸς <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	πάντα all A3 ASM · πᾶς <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.
τὸν the RA ASM · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	λαόν people N2 ASM · λαός <i>accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal</i> → object specification λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.		

15 τάδε λέγει κύριος ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἐπάγω ἐπὶ τὴν πόλιν ταύτην καὶ ἐπὶ πάσας τὰς πόλεις αὐτῆς καὶ ἐπὶ τὰς κώμας αὐτῆς ἅπαντα τὰ κακά ἃ ἐλάλησα ἐπ' αὐτήν ὅτι ἐσκλήρυναν τὸν τράχηλον αὐτῶν τοῦ μὴ εἰσακούειν τῶν λόγων μου

Thus says the Lord: Behold, I am bringing upon this city and upon all its towns and upon its villages all the evils that I spoke against it, because they stiffened their neck so as not to hear my words.

Closing restatement ASYNDETON

Ends by summarizing the announced disaster and grounding it in stubborn refusal to listen.

τάδε

this

RD APN · ὅδε

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τάδε: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπάγω

bring upon

V1 PAI1S · ἄγω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

ἄγω + ἐπι: meaning 'bring upon'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλιν

city

N3I ASF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις: meaning 'city'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ταύτην

this

RD ASF · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ταύτην: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πάσας

all

A1S APF · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς; meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πόλεις

cities

N3I APF · πόλις

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πόλις; meaning 'cities'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς; meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί; meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ; meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κώμας

villages

N1 APF · κώμη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κώμη; meaning 'villages'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς; meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἅπαντα

everything

A3 APN · ἅπας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἅπας; meaning 'everything'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κακά

evil

A1 APN · κακός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κακός; meaning 'evil'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἃ

which

RR APN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτήν

her

RD ASF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτήν: meaning 'her'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐσκήρυναν

skleryno

VAI AAI3P · σκληρύνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

σκληρύνω: meaning 'skleryno'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τράχηλον

neck

N2 ASM · τράχηλος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τράχηλος: meaning 'neck'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τοῦ

the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσακούειν

to hear

V1 PAN · ἀκούω + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

ἀκούω + εἰς: meaning 'to hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγων

thing / word

N2 GPM · λόγος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

λόγος: meaning 'thing'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm, and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.