

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Jeremiah, Chapter 42

ΙΕΡΕΜΙΑΣ ΜΒ΄

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a | lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

The Rechabites' obedience condemns Judah and secures enduring favor.

Translation & textual notes

The Greek text of Jeremiah 42 follows the standard critical text of the Septuagint as established in the Rahlfs-Hanhart edition (Septuaginta, rev. ed. 2006), an ancient and public-domain text; the critical apparatus is not reproduced. In the Septuagint order this chapter contains the Rechabite episode. Jeremiah is told to bring members of the house of Rechab into the temple precincts and set wine before them. Their refusal is not asceticism for its own sake but disciplined obedience to Jonadab's long-standing command: they do not drink wine, build houses, sow seed, or establish vineyards, but live in tents as resident sojourners. The Lord then interprets that obedience polemically. Judah has received repeated

prophetic calls to turn from evil and abandon other gods, yet has not listened; the Rechabites, by contrast, have upheld their father's word. The unit therefore turns their practice into a prophetic sign of faithful hearing and concludes with an enduring promise that Jonadab's line will not lack a man standing before the Lord. Greek versification is followed here.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 42:1-5

Jeremiah brings the Rechabites into the temple and sets wine before them

The prophet gathers the house of Rechab into a temple chamber, places wine and cups before them, and invites them to drink.

B · 42:6-11

The Rechabites explain their ancestral rule of abstinence and tent-dwelling

They refuse the wine because Jonadab commanded perpetual abstinence, non-settlement, and a tent life, and they recount living by that rule even when war drove them temporarily into Jerusalem.

C · 42:12-17

Judah is condemned for not hearing the Lord as the Rechabites heard their father

The Lord contrasts Judah's deafness to repeated prophetic calls with the Rechabites' obedience, and announces that the spoken judgments against Jerusalem will therefore come.

D · 42:18-19

The house of Rechab receives a promise of enduring service before the Lord

Because Jonadab's descendants kept their father's charge, the Lord promises that his line will not fail to have one standing before him.

1 ὁ λόγος ὁ γενόμενος πρὸς Ιερεμιαν παρὰ κυρίου ἐν ἡμέραις Ιωακίμ βασιλέως Ιουδα λέγων

The word that came to Jeremiah from the Lord in the days of Jehoiakim king of Judah, saying,

Word-event opening ASYNDETON

Begins with a dated word-event formula, situating the sign-act in the reign of Jehoiakim.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγος

word

N2 NSM · λόγος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γενόμενος

having become

VB · αμπνσμ γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

αμπνσμ γίγνομαι: meaning 'having become'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρός

to

P · πρός

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρός: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ιερεμیان

ieremias

N1T ASM · Ἰερεμίας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ιερεμیان: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

παρά

from

P · παρά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

παρά: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

κυρίου

of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἡμέραις

day

N1A DPF · ἡμέρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἡμέρα: meaning 'day'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

Ιωακίμ

Joakim

N GSM · Ιωακίμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιωακίμ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

βασιλέως

king

N3V GSM · βασιλεύς

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

βασιλεύς: meaning 'king'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ιουδα

Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

λέγων

saying

V1 · παπνσμ λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ λέγω: meaning 'saying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

2 βάδισον εἰς οἶκον Ἀρχαβιν καὶ ἄξεις αὐτοὺς εἰς οἶκον κυρίου εἰς μίαν τῶν αὐλῶν καὶ ποτιεῖς αὐτοὺς οἶνον

Go to the house of the Rechabites and bring them into the house of the Lord, into one of the courts, and you shall give them wine to drink.

Symbolic commission

ASYNDETON

Jeremiah receives a concrete command to bring the Rechabites into the temple courts and place wine before them.

βάδισον

go

VA AAD2S · βαδίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

βαδίζω: meaning 'go'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

οἶκον

house

N2 ASM · οἶκος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Ἀρχαβιν

Rechabites

N GSM · Ἀρχαβιν

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἀρχαβιν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἄξει
bring / lead

VF FAI2S · ἄγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἄγω: meaning 'bring'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοὺς
them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτοὺς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

οἶκον
house

N2 ASM · οἶκος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κυρίου
of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

μίαν
one

A1A ASF · εἷς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ measure or count

μία: meaning 'one'; numeral expression contributing count or measure in context.

τῶν
the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

αὐλῶν
Aylon

N2 GPM · αὐλός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

αὐλός: meaning 'Aylon'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ποτιεῖς
you will give to drink

VF FAI2S · ποτίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ποτίζω: meaning 'you will give to drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οἶνον

wine

N2 ASM · οἶνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

3 καὶ ἐξήγαγον τὸν Ιεζονιαν υἱὸν Ιερεμιν υἱοῦ Χαβασιν καὶ τοὺς ἀδελφοὺς αὐτοῦ καὶ τοὺς υἱοὺς αὐτοῦ καὶ πᾶσαν τὴν οἰκίαν Ἀρχαβιν

And I brought out Jezoniah son of Jeremin son of Habazin, and his brothers and his sons and the whole house of the Rechabites,

Gathering report ASYNDETON

The prophet carefully names the house members he assembles, emphasizing that an actual communal witness is being brought forward.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐξήγαγον

+ ek

VBI AA13P · ἄγω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἄγω + ἐκ: meaning '+ ek'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

the

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ιεζονιαν

Jezoniah

N1T ASM · Ιεζονιας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ιεζονιαν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

υἰὸν

son

N2 ASM · υἱός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Ιερεμιν

Jereimin

N1 GSM · Ιερεμιν

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Ιερεμιν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

υἱοῦ

son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Χαβασιν

Chabasin

N GSM · Χαβασιν

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Χαβασιν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀδελφούς

brothers

N2 APM · ἀδελφός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἀδελφός: meaning 'brothers'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱοὺς

sons

N2 APM · υἱός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πᾶσαν
all

A1S ASF · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὴν
the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἰκίαν
house

N1A ASF · οἰκία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἰκία: meaning 'house'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

Ἀρχαβιν
Rechabites

N GSM · Αρχαβιν

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἀρχαβιν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

4 καὶ εἰσήγαγον αὐτοὺς εἰς οἶκον κυρίου εἰς τὸ παστοφόριον υἱῶν Ανανίου υἱοῦ Γοδολιου ἀνθρώπου τοῦ θεοῦ ὃ ἐστὶν ἐγγὺς τοῦ οἴκου τῶν ἀρχόντων τῶν ἐπάνω τοῦ οἴκου Μασσαιου υἱοῦ Σελωμ τοῦ φυλάσσοντος τὴν αὐλήν

and I brought them into the house of the Lord, into the chamber of the sons of Ananiou son of Godolias, the man of God, which is near the house of the rulers, above the house of Maaseiah son of Shallum, who guards the court.

Temple setting ASYNDETON

The detailed location within the temple complex gives the coming refusal public, priestly, and symbolic visibility.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσήγαγον
I led in

VBI AAI3P · ἄγω + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἄγω + εἰς: meaning 'I led in'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτούς
them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

οἶκον
house

N2 ASM · οἶκος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

κυρίου
of the LORD

N2 GSM · κύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

εἰς
into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς: meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ
the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

παστοφόριον
chamber

N2N ASN · παστοφόριον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

παστοφόριον: meaning 'chamber'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

υἱῶν
sons

N2 GPM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ανανιου
Hananiah

N1T GSM · Ανανιας

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Ανανιου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

υἱοῦ
son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Γοδολιου

Godolias

N GSM · Γοδολιος

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Γοδολιου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

άνθρῶπου

man

N2 GSM · άνθρωπος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

άνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θεοῦ

God

N2 GSM · θεός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ὃ

which

RR NSM · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὅ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐστίν

be

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐγγύς

near

D · ἐγγός

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐγγύς: meaning 'near'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἴκου

house

N2 GSM · οἶκος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀρχόντων

of rulers

N3 GPM · ἄρχων

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄρχων: meaning 'of rulers'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐπάνω

upon / above

P · ἐπάνω

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπάνω: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οἴκου

house

N2 GSM · οἶκος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οἶκος: meaning 'house'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Μαασαίου

Maasaioy

N1T GSM · Μαασαίας

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Μαασαίου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

υἱοῦ

son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Σελωμ

Sellom

N GSM · Σελωμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Σελωμ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φυλάσσοντος

guarding

V1 · παγσμ φυλάσσω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παγσμ φυλάσσω: meaning 'guarding'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

αὐλήν

court

N1 ASF · αὐλή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

αὐλή: meaning 'court'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

5 καὶ ἔδωκα κατὰ πρόσωπον αὐτῶν κεράμιον οἴνου καὶ ποτήρια καὶ εἶπα πίνετε οἶνον

And I set before their faces a jar of wine and cups, and I said, Drink wine.

Test enacted ASYNDETON

The wine is set before them openly so that their response becomes a living parable rather than a private preference.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔδωκα

give

VAI AAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κατὰ

according to

P · κατά

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

κατά: meaning 'according to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πρόσωπον

face / presence

N2N ASN · πρόσωπον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πρόσωπον: meaning 'face'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

κεράμιον

jarful

N2N ASN · κεράμιον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κεράμιον: meaning 'jarful'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οἴνου

wine

N2 GSM · οἶνος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ποτήρια

cups

N2N APN · ποτήριον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ποτήριον: meaning 'cups'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπα

I said

VAI AAI1S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'I said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πίετε

drink

VB AAD2P · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πίνω: meaning 'drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἶνον

wine

N2 ASM · οἶνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

6 καὶ εἶπαν οὐ μὴ πίνωμεν οἶνον ὅτι Ιωναδαβ υἱὸς Ρηχαβ ὁ πατὴρ ἡμῶν ἐνετείλατο ἡμῖν λέγων οὐ μὴ πίνετε οἶνον ὑμεῖς καὶ οἱ υἱοὶ ὑμῶν ἕως αἰῶνος

And they said, We will by no means drink wine, because Jonadab son of Rechab, our father, commanded us, saying, You and your sons shall by no means drink wine forever.

Refusal explained ASYNDETON

Their rejection of the wine is immediately grounded in filial obedience to Jonadab's command.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπαν
they said

VAI AAI3P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'they said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μή
not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πίωμεν
we may drink

VB AAS1P · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

πίνω: meaning 'we may drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἶνον
wine

N2 ASM · οἶνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὅτι
that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

Ιωναδαβ
Jonadab

N NSM · Ιωναδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιωναδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

υἱός
son

N2 NSM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ρηχαβ
Rechab

N GSM · Ρηχαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ρηχαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ὁ
the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατήρ
father

N3 NSM · πατήρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐνετείλατο

commanded

VAI AMI3S · τέλλομαι + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τέλλομαι + ἐν: meaning 'commanded'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῖν

to us

RP DP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

λέγων

saying

V1 · παπνσμ λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ λέγω: meaning 'saying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πίητε

drink

VB AAS2P · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

πίνω: meaning 'drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἶνον

wine

N2 ASM · οἶνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὕμεῖς

you

RP NP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὕμεῖς: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὕμῶν

your

RP GP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὕμῶν: meaning 'your'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἕως

until

P · ἕως

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἕως: meaning 'until'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αἰῶνος

age / forever

N3W GSM · αἰών

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

αἰών: meaning 'age'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

7 καὶ οἰκίαν οὐ μὴ οἰκοδομήσητε καὶ σπέρμα οὐ μὴ σπείρητε καὶ ἀμπελῶν οὐκ ἔσται ὑμῖν ὅτι ἐν σκηναῖς οἰκήσετε πάσας τὰς ἡμέρας ὑμῶν ὅπως ἂν ζήσητε ἡμέρας πολλὰς ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἐφ' ἧς διατρίβετε ὑμεῖς ἐπ' αὐτῆς

And you shall by no means build a house, and you shall by no means sow seed, and a vineyard shall not belong to you; for you shall dwell in tents all your days, so that you may live many days upon the land where you sojourn.

Rule of life ASYNDETON

The ancestral command is unfolded into a whole pattern of non-settlement, abstinence, and tent-dwelling designed for long sojourning.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἰκίαν
house

N1A ASF · οἰκία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἰκία: meaning 'house'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὐ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ
not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἰκοδομήσετε
you shall build

VA AAS2P · οἰκοδομέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

οἰκοδομέω: meaning 'you shall build'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σπέρμα
seed

N3M ASN · σπέρμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

σπέρμα: meaning 'seed'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

οὐ
not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ
not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σπείρητε
you shall sow

VA AAS2P · σπείρω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

σπείρω: meaning 'you shall sow'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀμπελὼν
vineyard

N3W NSM · ἀμπελών

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀμπελών: meaning 'vineyard'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔσται

shall be

VF FM13S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

εἰμί: meaning 'shall be'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὕμῖν

to you

RP DP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ὕμῖν: meaning 'to you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὅτι

that

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σκηναῖς

booth / tent

N1 DPF · σκηνή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

σκηνή: meaning 'booth'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

οικήσετε

dwell

VF FA12P · οἰκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

οἰκέω: meaning 'dwell'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πάσας

all

A1S APF · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρας

days

N1A APF · ἡμέρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἡμέρα: meaning 'days'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὑμῶν

your

RP GP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὑμῶν: meaning 'your'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὥτως

so that

C · ὥτως

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὥτως: meaning 'so that'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἄν

ever

X · ἄν

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἄν: meaning 'ever'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ζήσητε

you may live

VA AAS2P · ζάω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ζάω: meaning 'you may live'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμέρας

days

N1A APF · ἡμέρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἡμέρα: meaning 'days'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πολλὰς

many

A1 APF · πολὺς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πολὺς: meaning 'many'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἐφ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐφ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἧς

who / which

RR GSF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἧς: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

διατρίβετε

you are sojourning

V1 PAI2P · τρίβω + δια

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

τρίβω + δια: meaning 'you are sojourning'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὕμεῖς

you

RP NP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὕμεῖς: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτῆς

its

RD GSF · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῆς: meaning 'its'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

8 καὶ ἠκούσαμεν τῆς φωνῆς Ἰωναθαβ τοῦ πατρὸς ἡμῶν πρὸς τὸ μὴ πιεῖν οἶνον πάσας τὰς ἡμέρας ἡμῶν ἡμεῖς καὶ αἱ γυναῖκες ἡμῶν καὶ οἱ υἱοὶ ἡμῶν καὶ αἱ θυγατέρες ἡμῶν

And we obeyed the voice of Jonadab our father, not to drink wine all our days, we and our wives and our sons and our daughters,

Household obedience ASYNDETON

The Rechabites stress that the command has been observed across the whole family and across time.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἠκούσαμεν

hear

VAI AA11P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀκούω: meaning 'hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φωνῆς

voice

N1 GSF · φωνή

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

φωνή: meaning 'voice'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ιωναδαβ

Jonadab

N GSM · Ιωναδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιωναδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατρός

father

N3 GSM · πατήρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πρός

to

P · πρός

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρός: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μή

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μή: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πιεῖν

to drink

VB AAN · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

πίνω: meaning 'to drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἶνον

wine

N2 ASM · οἶνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

πάσας

all

A1S APF · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρας

days

N1A APF · ἡμέρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἡμέρα: meaning 'days'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἡμεῖς

we

RP NP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἡμεῖς: meaning 'we'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γυναῖκες

woman

N3K NPF · γυνή

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

γυνή: meaning 'woman'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἱ

the

RA NPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

οἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

αἱ

the

RA NPF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

αἱ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θυγατέρες

daughters

N3 NPF · θυγάτηρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

θυγάτηρ: meaning 'daughters'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

9 καὶ πρὸς τὸ μὴ οἰκοδομεῖν οἰκίας τοῦ κατοικεῖν ἐκεῖ καὶ ἀμπελῶν καὶ ἀγρὸς καὶ σπέρμα οὐκ ἐγένετο ἡμῖν

and not to build houses for dwelling there; and vineyard and field and seed did not come to belong to us.

Negative possessions

ASYNDETON

They underline their obedience by listing the settled forms of life they have deliberately not acquired.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μὴ

not

D · μή

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἰκοδομεῖν

build

V2 PAN · οἰκοδομέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

οἰκοδομέω: meaning 'build'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἰκίας

house

N1A GSF · οἰκία

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

οἰκία: meaning 'house'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῦ

the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικεῖν

to dwell

V2 PAN · οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'to dwell'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐκεῖ

there

D · ἐκεῖ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐκεῖ: meaning 'there'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀμπελῶν

vineyard

N3W NSM · ἀμπελῶν

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀμπελῶν: meaning 'vineyard'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀγρός

field

N2 NSM · ἀγρός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀγρός: meaning 'field'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καί

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

σπέρμα

seed

N3M NSN · σπέρμα

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

σπέρμα: meaning 'seed'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγένετο

it came to pass

VBI AMI3S · γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γίγνομαι: meaning 'it came to pass'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῖν

to us

RP DP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

10 καὶ ὠκῆσαμεν ἐν σκηναῖς καὶ ἠκούσαμεν καὶ ἐποιήσαμεν κατὰ πάντα ἃ ἐνετείλατο ἡμῖν Ἰωναθαβ ὁ πατὴρ ἡμῶν

And we lived in tents and obeyed and did according to all that Jonadab our father commanded us.

Summary obedience ASYNDETON

The unit pauses to summarize their life as sustained doing according to their father's word.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὠκῆσαμεν

we have lived

VAI AAI1P · οἰκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

οἰκέω: meaning 'we have lived'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

in

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'in'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

σκηναῖς

booth / tent

N1 DPF · σκηνή

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

σκηνή: meaning 'booth'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἤκουσαμεν
hear

VAI AAI1P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀκούω: meaning 'hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐποιήσαμεν
have done

VAI AAI1P · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ποιέω: meaning 'have done'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κατὰ
according to

P · κατὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

κατὰ: meaning 'according to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πάντα
all

A3 APN · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἃ
which

RR APN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐνετείλατο
commanded

VAI AMI3S · τέλλομαι + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τέλλομαι + ἐν: meaning 'commanded'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἡμῖν
to us

RP DP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ἡμῖν: meaning 'to us'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

Ιωνάδαβ
Jonadab

N NSM · Ιωνάδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιωνάδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ὁ
the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατήρ
father

N3 NSM · πατήρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

our

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'our'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

- 11 καὶ ἐγενήθη ὅτε ἀνέβη Ναβουχοδονοσορ ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν καὶ εἶπαμεν εἰσέλθατε καὶ εἰσέλθωμεν εἰς Ἱερουσαλημ ἀπὸ προσώπου τῆς δυνάμεως τῶν Χαλδαίων καὶ ἀπὸ προσώπου τῆς δυνάμεως τῶν Ἀσσυρίων καὶ ὠκοῦμεν ἐκεῖ

And it happened when Nebuchadnezzar came up against the land that we said, Come, let us enter Jerusalem because of the force of the Chaldeans and because of the force of the Assyrians, and we dwelt there.

Exceptional circumstance ASYNDETON

Their presence in Jerusalem is explained not as a breach of principle but as a temporary response to invading armies.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγενήθη
become / happen

VCI API3S · γίγνομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

γίγνομαι: meaning 'become'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὅτε
when

D · ὅτε

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτε: meaning 'when'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀνέβη
went up

VZI AAI3S · βαίνω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

βαίνω + ἀνα: meaning 'went up'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ναβουχοδονοσορ
Nebuchadnezzar

N NSM · Ναβουχοδονοσορ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ναβουχοδονοσορ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἐπὶ
upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὴν
the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆν
land

N1 ASF · γῆ

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπαμεν
said

VAI AAI1P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰσέλθατε
enter

VB AAD2P · ἔρχομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἔρχομαι + εἰς: meaning 'enter'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰσέλθωμεν

let us enter

VB AAS1P · ἔρχομαι + εἰς

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

ἔρχομαι + εἰς; meaning 'let us enter'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

εἰς

into

P · εἰς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

εἰς; meaning 'into'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N ASF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ; transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό; meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

προσώπου

face / presence

N2N GSN · πρόσωπον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρόσωπον; meaning 'face'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὅ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δυνάμεως

force / power

N3I GSF · δύναμις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δύναμις; meaning 'force'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὅ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν; Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Χαλδαίων

Chaldeans

N2N GPM · Χαλδαῖος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Χαλδαίων; transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ; meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό; meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

προσώπου

face / presence

N2N GSN · πρόσωπον

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πρόσωπον; meaning 'face'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δυνάμεως

force / power

N3I GSF · δύναμις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

δύναμις: meaning 'force'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἀσσυρίων

Assyrians

N2 GPM · Ἀσσύριος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ participant identification

Ἀσσυρίων: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἠκοῦμεν

we dwelt

V2I IAI1P · οἰκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

οἰκέω: meaning 'we dwelt'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐκεῖ

there

D · ἐκεῖ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐκεῖ: meaning 'there'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

12 καὶ ἐγένετο λόγος κυρίου πρὸς με λέγων

And the word of the Lord came to me, saying,

Interpretive transition ASYNDETON

A new word of the Lord shifts the scene from acted sign to prophetic interpretation.

καὶ and C · καί <i>connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context</i> → discourse linkage or contrast καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.	ἐγένετο it came to pass VBI AMI3S · γίγνομαι <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → constative aorist γίγνομαι: meaning 'it came to pass'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	λόγος word N2 NSM · λόγος <i>nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition</i> → participant prominence λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.	κυρίου of the LORD N2 GSM · κύριος <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification κύριος: meaning 'of the LORD'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.
πρός to P · πρὸς <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	με me RP AS · ἐγώ <i>pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause</i> → participant reference με: meaning 'me'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.	λέγων saying V1 · παπνσμ λέγω <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → verbal action or state παπνσμ λέγω: meaning 'saying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	

13 οὕτως λέγει κύριος πορεύου καὶ εἰπὸν ἀνθρώπῳ Ιουδα καὶ τοῖς κατοικοῦσιν Ἱερουσαλημ οὐ μὴ λάβητε παιδείαν τοῦ ἀκούειν τοὺς λόγους μου

Thus says the Lord: Go and say to the men of Judah and to the inhabitants of Jerusalem, Will you by no means receive instruction so as to hear my words?

Judah challenged ASYNDETON

The central question turns the Rechabites into an indictment: why will Judah not receive instruction from the Lord?

οὕτως

thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λέγει

say

V1 PAI3S · λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

λέγω: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

πορεύου

go

V1 PMD2S · πορεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πορεύομαι: meaning 'go'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἰπὼν

say

VBI AAI3P · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'say'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἄνθρωπῳ

man

N2 DSM · ἄνθρωπος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'man'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

Ιουδα

Judah

N GSM · Ιουδα

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιουδα: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικοῦσιν

παρδpm oikeo + kata

V2 · παρδpm οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παρδpm οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'παρδpm oikeo + kata'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N ASF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λάβητε

seized / took hold of

VB AAS2P · λαμβάνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

λαμβάνω: meaning 'seized'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

παιδείαν

discipline / instruction

N1A ASF · παιδεία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

παιδεία: meaning 'discipline'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦ

the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἀκούειν

akoyo

V1 PAN · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

ἀκούω: meaning 'akoyo'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τούς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τούς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

λόγους

word

N2 APM · λόγος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

λόγος: meaning 'word'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

14 ἔστησαν ῥῆμα υἱοὶ Ἰωναδαβ υἱοῦ Ρηχαβ ὃ ἐνετείλατο τοῖς τέκνοις αὐτοῦ πρὸς τὸ μὴ πιεῖν οἶνον καὶ οὐκ ἐπίοσαν καὶ ἐγὼ ἐλάλησα πρὸς ὑμᾶς ὀρθρου καὶ ἐλάλησα καὶ οὐκ ἤκούσατε

The word of the sons of Jonadab son of Rechab, which he commanded his children not to drink wine, has stood firm, and they have not drunk; but I spoke to you early and I spoke, and you did not hear.

Contrast sharpened ASYNDETON

The enduring obedience of Jonadab's sons is contrasted directly with Judah's refusal to heed the Lord's repeated speech.

ἔστησαν

stood

VHI AAI3P · ἔστημι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἔστημι: meaning 'stood'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ῥῆμα

word / matter

N3M ASN · ῥῆμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ῥῆμα: meaning 'word'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ἰωναδαβ

Jonadab

N GSM · Ἰωναδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἰωναδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

υἱοῦ

son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ρηχαβ

Rechab

N GSM · Ρηχαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ρηχαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

ὃ

which

RR NSN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐνετείλατο

commanded

VAI AMI3S · τέλλομαι + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τέλλομαι + ἐν: meaning 'commanded'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοῖς

the

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

τέκνοις

children

N2N DPN · τέκνον

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

τέκνον: meaning 'children'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

the

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πιεῖν

to drink

VB AAN · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

πίνω: meaning 'to drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οἶνον

wine

N2 ASM · οἶνος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οἶνος: meaning 'wine'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

έπίοσαν

drink

VBI AAI3P · πίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

πίνω: meaning 'drink'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρὸς

to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὕμᾱς

you

RP AP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὕμᾱς: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὄρθρου

dawn

N2 GSM · ὄρθρος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ὄρθρος: meaning 'dawn'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἤκούσατε

heard

VAI AAI2P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀκούω: meaning 'heard'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

15 καὶ ἀπέστειλα πρὸς ὑμᾶς τοὺς παῖδάς μου τοὺς προφήτας λέγων ἀποστράφητε ἕκαστος ἀπὸ τῆς ὁδοῦ αὐτοῦ τῆς πονηρᾶς καὶ βελτίω ποιήσατε τὰ ἐπιτηδεύματα ὑμῶν καὶ οὐ πορεύσεσθε ὀπίσω θεῶν ἑτέρων τοῦ δουλεύειν αὐτοῖς καὶ οἰκήσετε ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἣς ἔδωκα ὑμῖν καὶ τοῖς πατράσιν ὑμῶν καὶ οὐκ ἐκλίνετε τὰ ὦτα ὑμῶν καὶ οὐκ ἠκούσατε

And I sent to you my servants the prophets, saying, Turn back each one from his evil way and make your practices better, and do not go after other gods to serve them, and you shall dwell in the land that I gave to you and to your fathers; but you did not incline your ears and did not hear.

Prophetic history rehearsed

ASYNDETON

The Lord recalls his long prophetic sending and the consistent call to repentance, better ways, and rejection of idols.

καὶ
and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀπέστειλα
send

VAI AAI1S · στέλλω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

στέλλω + ἀπο: meaning 'send'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πρὸς
to

P · πρὸς

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

πρὸς: meaning 'to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὑμᾶς
you

RP AP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ὑμᾶς: meaning 'you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

παῖδάς

servant

N3D APM · παῖς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

παῖς: meaning 'servant'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

προφήτας

prophet

N1M APM · προφήτης

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

προφήτης: meaning 'prophet'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

λέγων

saying

V1 · παπνσμ λέγω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ λέγω: meaning 'saying'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀποστράφητε

turn back

VA AAD2P · στρέφω + ἀπο

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

στρέφω + ἀπο: meaning 'turn back'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἕκαστος

each

A1 NSM · ἕκαστος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἕκαστος: meaning 'each'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἀπὸ

from

P · ἀπό

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἀπό: meaning 'from'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὁδοῦ

road

N2 GSF · ὁδός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ὁδός: meaning 'road'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

his

RD GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'his'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πονηρᾶς

evil

A1A GSF · πονηρός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πονηρός: meaning 'evil'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

βελτίω

better

A3C ASM · βελτίων

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

βελτίων: meaning 'better'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ποιήσατε

do

VA AAD2P · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐπιτηδεύματα

deed

N3M APN · ἐπιτήδευμα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἐπιτήδευμα: meaning 'deed'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὕμων

your

RP GP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὕμων: meaning 'your'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πορεύσεσθε

you shall go

VF FMI2P · πορεύομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

πορεύομαι: meaning 'you shall go'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὀπίσω

after / behind

D · ὀπίσω

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὀπίσω: meaning 'after'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

θεῶν

God

N2 GPM · θεός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἑτέρων

other

A1A GPM · ἕτερος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἕτερος: meaning 'other'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῦ

the

RA GSN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δουλεύειν

to serve

V1 PAN · δουλεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

δουλεύω: meaning 'to serve'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οἰκήσετε

dwell

VF FAI2P · οἰκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

οἰκέω: meaning 'dwell'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

ἧς

who / which

RR GSF · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἧς: meaning 'who'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἔδωκα

give

VAI AAI1S · δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

δίδωμι: meaning 'give'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ὕμῖν

to you

RP DP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

ὕμῖν: meaning 'to you'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῖς

the

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατράσιν

father

N3 DPM · πατήρ

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ὕμῶν

your

RP GP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὕμῶν: meaning 'your'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐκλίνετε

you inclined

VAI AA12P · κλίνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

κλίνω: meaning 'you inclined'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ὦτα

ears

N3T APN · οὖς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οὖς: meaning 'ears'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὕμῶν

your

RP GP · σύ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ὕμῶν: meaning 'your'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἤκούσατε

heard

VAI AAI2P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀκούω: meaning 'heard'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

16 καὶ ἔστησαν υἱοὶ Ἰωναδαβ υἱοῦ Ρηχαβ τὴν ἐντολὴν τοῦ πατρὸς αὐτῶν ὁ δὲ λαὸς οὗτος οὐκ ἤκουσάν μου

And the sons of Jonadab son of Rechab established the commandment of their father, but this people did not hear me.

Verdict by comparison ASYNDETON

The comparison is sealed in a short sentence: the Rechabites kept their father's command, but Judah did not hear the Lord.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστησαν

stood

VHI AAI3P · ἵστημι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἵστημι: meaning 'stood'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

υἱοὶ

sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ἰωναδαβ

Jonadab

N GSM · Ἰωναδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἰωναδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

υἱοῦ

son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ρηχαβ

Rechab

N GSM · Ρηχαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ρηχαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τὴν

the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐντολήν

Entolas

N1 ASF · ἐντολή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἐντολή: meaning 'Entolas'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατρός

father

N3 GSM · πατήρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δὲ

but

X · δέ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

δὲ: meaning 'but'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

λαός

people

N2 NSM · λαός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

λαός: meaning 'people'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

οὗτος

this

RD NSM · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

οὗτος: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἤκουσάν

they listened

VAI AAI3P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀκούω: meaning 'they listened'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

17 διὰ τοῦτο οὕτως εἶπεν κύριος ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ φέρω ἐπὶ Ἰουδαν καὶ ἐπὶ τοὺς κατοικοῦντας Ἱερουσαλημ πάντα τὰ κακά ἃ ἐλάλησα ἐπ' αὐτούς

Therefore thus says the Lord: Behold, I am bringing upon Judah and upon the inhabitants of Jerusalem all the evils that I spoke against them.

Judgment consequence ASYNDETON

Because Judah refused to hear, the announced evils upon Jerusalem are confirmed rather than withdrawn.

διὰ

through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦτο

this

RD ASN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὕτως

thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπεν

said

VBI AAI3S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἰδοὺ

behold

I · ἰδοὺ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἰδοὺ: meaning 'behold'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐγώ

I

RP NS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἐγώ: meaning 'I'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

φέρω

I bring

V1 PAI1S · φέρω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

φέρω: meaning 'I bring'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

Ιουδαν

Judah

N1T ASM · Ἰοῦδας

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ participant identification

Ιουδαν: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

and

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'and'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπὶ

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοὺς

the

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοὺς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κατοικοῦντας

those dwelling

V2 · παπαπμ οἰκέω + κατα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπαπμ οἰκέω + κατα: meaning 'those dwelling'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ιερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N ASF · Ἰερουσαλήμ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιερουσαλημ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

πάντα

all

A3 APN · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰ

the

RA APN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κακά

evil

A1 APN · κακός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κακός: meaning 'evil'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἃ

which

RR APN · ὅς

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

ἃ: meaning 'which'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐλάλησα

speak

VAI AAI1S · λαλέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

λαλέω: meaning 'speak'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπ'

upon

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπ': meaning 'upon'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

αὐτούς

them

RD APM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτούς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

18 διὰ τοῦτο οὕτως εἶπεν κύριος ἐπειδὴ ἤκουσαν υἱοὶ Ἰωναθαβ υἱοῦ Ρηχαβ τὴν ἐντολὴν τοῦ πατρὸς αὐτῶν ποιεῖν καθότι ἐνετείλατο αὐτοῖς ὁ πατὴρ αὐτῶν

Therefore thus says the Lord: Because the sons of Jonadab son of Rechab heard the commandment of their father, doing according to what their father commanded them,

Promise transition ASYNDETON

The oracle now turns from Judah's failure to the Rechabites' obedience as the ground for blessing.

διὰ
through

P · διὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

διὰ: meaning 'through'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῦτο
this

RD ASN · οὗτος

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

τοῦτο: meaning 'this'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὕτως
thus

D · οὕτως

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὕτως: meaning 'thus'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

εἶπεν
said

VBI AAI3S · εἶπον

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

εἶπον: meaning 'said'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος
Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐπειδὴ
ἐπειδὴ

C · ἐπειδὴ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ἐπειδὴ: meaning 'ἐπειδὴ'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἤκουσαν
hear

VAI AAI3P · ἀκούω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

ἀκούω: meaning 'hear'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

υἱοὶ
sons

N2 NPM · υἱός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

Ιωνάδαβ
Jonadab

N GSM · Ιωνάδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ιωνάδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

υἱοῦ
son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ρηχαβ
Rechab

N GSM · Ρηχαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ρηχαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

τὴν
the

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὴν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐντολήν

Entolas

N1 ASF · ἐντολή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἐντολή: meaning 'Entolas'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦ

the

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατρός

father

N3 GSM · πατήρ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ποιεῖν

do / make

V2 PAN · ποιέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ infinitival complement

ποιέω: meaning 'do'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

καθότι

because

D · καθότι

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καθότι: meaning 'because'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐνετείλατο

commanded

VAI AMI3S · τέλλομαι + ἐν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ constative aorist

τέλλομαι + ἐν: meaning 'commanded'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτοῖς

them

RD DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'them'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὁ

the

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

πατήρ

father

N3 NSM · πατήρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

πατήρ: meaning 'father'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτῶν

their

RD GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'their'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

19 οὐ μὴ ἐκλίπη ἀνὴρ τῶν υἱῶν Ἰωνάδαβ υἱοῦ Ρηχαβ παρεστηκὼς κατὰ πρόσωπόν μου πάσας τὰς ἡμέρας τῆς γῆς

there shall by no means fail a man from the sons of Jonadab son of Rechab standing before my face all the days of the earth.

Enduring reward ASYNDETON

Ends with a promise of perpetual standing before the Lord for Jonadab's line, turning filial obedience into lasting covenant nearness.

οὐ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μὴ

not

D · μὴ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

μὴ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐκλίπη

fail

VB AAS3S · λείπω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ subjunctive contingency

λείπω + ἐκ: meaning 'fail'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀνὴρ

man

N3 NSM · ἀνὴρ

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀνὴρ: meaning 'man'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῶν

the

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

υἱῶν

sons

N2 GPM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'sons'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ἰωνάδαβ

Jonadab

N GSM · Ἰωνάδαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ἰωνάδαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

υἱοῦ

son

N2 GSM · υἱός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

υἱός: meaning 'son'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

Ρηχαβ

Rechab

N GSM · Ρηχαβ

nominal element functioning within the clause

→ participant identification

Ρηχαβ: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as nominal element functioning within the clause.

παρεστηκώς

standing by

VXI XAPNSM I(/STHMI PARA

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ participial qualification

παρεστηκώς: meaning 'standing by'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κατὰ

according to

P · κατὰ

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

κατὰ: meaning 'according to'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

πρόσωπόν

face

N2N ASN · πρόσωπον

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πρόσωπον: meaning 'face'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

μου

my

RP GS · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

μου: meaning 'my'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

πάσας

all

A1S APF · πᾶς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τὰς

the

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἡμέρας

days

N1A APF · ἡμέρα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἡμέρα: meaning 'days'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῆς

the

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

land

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'land'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm, and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.