

AI-generated. These interlinears were produced by a large language model (Claude). Each chapter is structurally validated and self-reviewed, but the Greek text, parsing, syntactic, semantic-force, and lexical analysis are *not* human-verified — useful for study and orientation, not a substitute for a critical edition, lexicon, or commentary.

GREEK TEXT · TRANSLATION · INTERLINEAR · DISCOURSE STRUCTURE

The Book of Psalms, Chapter 146

ΨΑΛΜΟΙ PMζ'

Each verse opens with the running Greek, an English translation, and a **discourse note** (its connective, relation, and role in the argument). Below follows the word-by-word breakdown in six tiers: gloss, case (color), parsing, *syntax*, **semantic force**, and a | lexical note.

CASE ■ Nominative ■ Genitive ■ Dative ■ Accusative ■ Vocative ■ Verb (no case) ■ Indeclinable

Discourse notes head each verse: **relation** · connective · clause-flow. Indentation marks prominence — flush-left = main line of argument; indented = supporting / subordinate material.

Theme

Jerusalem praises the Lord for rebuilding the city and gathering Israel's scattered people.

Translation & textual notes

The Greek text of Psalms 146 follows the standard critical text of the Septuagint as established in the Rahlfs-Hanhart edition (Septuaginta, rev. ed. 2006), an ancient and public-domain text; the critical apparatus is not reproduced. This Hallelujah hymn, again linked with Haggai and Zechariah in the superscription, praises the Lord for rebuilding Jerusalem and gathering Israel's scattered people. It moves from a general summons to praise into celebration of the Lord as healer of the brokenhearted, knower of the stars, and upholder of the humble. The closing strophe combines creation and providence: the God who clothes the sky with clouds, gives rain and grass, and feeds beasts and ravens does not delight

in military strength but in those who fear him and hope in his mercy.
Versification follows the LXX.

Discourse structure of the chapter

A · 146:1

Praise is fitting for the Lord our God

Opening by calling the assembly to praise, declaring that song to God is good and beautiful.

B · 146:2-3

The Lord rebuilds and heals his scattered people

The hymn celebrates the Lord as the rebuilders of Jerusalem, gatherer of Israel's exiles, and healer of the brokenhearted.

C · 146:4-6

His greatness spans stars and humble lives

The Lord names the stars, possesses unsearchable understanding, lifts up the meek, and casts down sinners.

D · 146:7-9

Creation sings of the God who provides for earth and creatures

The psalm summons musical thanksgiving to the God who clothes the heavens, sends rain, grows grass, and feeds animals and young ravens.

E · 146:10-11

The Lord delights in reverent hope rather than human strength

The closing contrast rejects confidence in horse and human muscle and locates the Lord's pleasure in those who fear him and hope in his mercy.

1 ἀλληλουϊα Ἀγγαίου καὶ Ζαχαρίου αἰνεῖτε τὸν κύριον ὅτι ἀγαθὸν ψαλμός τῷ θεῷ ἡμῶν ἡδυνθείη αἴνεσις

Hallelujah. Praise the Lord, because a psalm to our God is good; let praise be sweet.

Opening summons and rationale ὅτι

The first line both commands praise and explains it, presenting song to God as fitting and delightful.

αλληλουια

hallelujah

I ALLHLOUIA

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

αλληλουια: meaning 'hallelujah'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

Αγγαιου

of Haggai

N1T GSM · Αγγαιας

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

Αγγαιου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καὶ: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

Ζαχαριου

of Zechariah

N1T GSM · Ζαχαριας

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

Ζαχαριου: transliterated proper name rendered in Greek letters; here it functions as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αἰνεῖτε

praise

V2 PAD2P · αἰνέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

αἰνέω: meaning 'praise'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

ὁ

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύριον

Lord

N2 ASM · κύριος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὅτι

ὅτι

C · ὅτι

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

ὅτι: meaning 'ὅτι'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἀγαθὸν

good

A1 NSN · ἀγαθός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀγαθός: meaning 'good'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ψαλμός

psalm

N2 NSM · ψαλμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ψαλμός: meaning 'psalm'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

τῷ

ὁ

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θεῷ

God

N2 DSM · θεός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἡμῶν

ἐγώ

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'ἐγώ'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἡδυνθείη

be sweet

VC APO3S · ἡδύνω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἡδύνω: meaning 'be sweet'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αἵνεσις

αἵνεσις

N3I NSF · αἵνεσις

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

αἵνεσις: meaning 'αἵνεσις'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

2 οἰκοδομῶν Ἱερουσαλημ ὁ κύριος καὶ τὰς διασπορὰς τοῦ Ἰσραὴλ ἐπισυνάξει

The Lord is building Jerusalem, and he will gather the dispersions of Israel.

Restoration of city and people οἰκοδομῶν

The Lord is praised as the one who restores both the holy city and the scattered nation.

οἰκοδομῶν

παπνσμ οἰκοδομέω

V2 · παπνσμ οἰκοδομέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ οἰκοδομέω: meaning 'παπνσμ οἰκοδομέω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

Ἱερουσαλημ

Jerusalem

N GSF · Ἱερουσαλήμ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

Ἱερουσαλημ: meaning 'Jerusalem'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ὁ

ὁ

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τὰς

ὁ

RA APF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὰς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

διασποράς

dispersion

N1A APF · διασπορά

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

διασπορά: meaning 'dispersion'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τοῦ

ὁ

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

Ἰσραὴλ

Israel

N GSM · Ἰσραήλ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

Ἰσραήλ: meaning 'Israel'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐπισυνάξει

ἄγω + ἐπι + συν

VF FAI3S · ἄγω + ἐπι + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

ἄγω + ἐπι + συν: meaning 'ἄγω + ἐπι + συν'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

3 ὁ ἰώμενος τοὺς συντετριμμένους τὴν καρδίαν καὶ δεσμεύων τὰ συντρίμματα αὐτῶν

He is the one who heals the brokenhearted and binds up their fractures.

Healing the wounded community ἰώμενος

National restoration is expressed in intimate, bodily terms of healing and binding up what has been shattered.

ὁ

ὁ

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἴώμενος

πμπνσμ ἰάομαι

V3 · πμπνσμ ἰάομαι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπνσμ ἰάομαι: meaning 'πμπνσμ ἰάομαι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τούς

ὁ

RA APM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τούς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

συντετριμμένους

χμπαπμ τρίβω + συν

VP · χμπαπμ τρίβω + συν

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

χμπαπμ τρίβω + συν: meaning 'χμπαπμ τρίβω + συν'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τήν

ὁ

RA ASF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τήν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

καρδίαν

heart

N1A ASF · καρδία

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

καρδία: meaning 'heart'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καί

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

δεσμεύων

παπνσμ δεσμεύω

V1 · παπνσμ δεσμεύω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ δεσμεύω: meaning 'παπνσμ δεσμεύω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὰ ὁ RA APN · ὁ article marking the following noun phrase → noun-phrase marking τὰ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	συντρίμματα fracture N3M APN · σύντριμμα accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal → object specification σύντριμμα: meaning 'fracture'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.	αὐτῶν he RP GPM · αὐτός pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause → relational specification αὐτῶν: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.
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4 ὁ ἀριθμῶν πλήθη ἄστρον καὶ πᾶσιν αὐτοῖς ὀνόματα καλῶν

He is the one who numbers the multitudes of stars and calls all of them by name.

Cosmic knowledge **ἀριθμῶν**

The psalm broadens from Israel to the heavens, magnifying the Lord's exhaustive knowledge of creation.

ὁ ὁ RA NSM · ὁ article marking the following noun phrase → noun-phrase marking ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	ἀριθμῶν παπνσμ ἀριθμέω V2 · παπνσμ ἀριθμέω verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause → verbal action or state παπνσμ ἀριθμέω: meaning 'παπνσμ ἀριθμέω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.	πλήθη multitude N3E APN · πληθος accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal → object specification πληθος: meaning 'multitude'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.	ἄστρον star N2N GPN · ἄστρον genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality → relational specification ἄστρον: meaning 'star'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.
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καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

πᾶσιν

all

A3 DPM · πᾶς

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

πᾶς: meaning 'all'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

αὐτοῖς

he

RP DPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference or interest

αὐτοῖς: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ὀνόματα

name

N3M APN · ὄνομα

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὄνομα: meaning 'name'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καλῶν

καλός

A1 GPM · καλός

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

καλός: meaning 'καλός'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

5 μέγας ὁ κύριος ἡμῶν καὶ μεγάλη ἡ ἰσχὺς αὐτοῦ καὶ τῆς συνέσεως αὐτοῦ οὐκ ἔστιν ἀριθμός

Great is our Lord, and great is his strength, and of his understanding there is no number.

Praise for unbounded greatness

μέγας

The Lord's power and wisdom are declared immeasurable, grounding the confidence of the hymn.

μέγας

great

A1P NSM · μέγας

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μέγας: meaning 'great'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ὁ

ὁ

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡμῶν

ἐγώ

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'ἐγώ'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

μεγάλη

great

A1 NSF · μέγας

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

μέγας: meaning 'great'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἡ

ὁ

RA NSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ἡ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἰσχύς

strength

N3 NSF · ἰσχύς

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἰσχύς: meaning 'strength'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

αὐτοῦ

he

RP GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τῆς

ὁ

RA GSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

συνέσεως

understanding

N3I GSF · σύνεσις

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

σύνεσις: meaning 'understanding'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

αὐτοῦ

he

RP GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἔστιν

ειμί

V9 PAI3S · εἰμί

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εἰμί: meaning 'ειμί'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἀριθμός

number

N2 NSM · ἀριθμός

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

ἀριθμός: meaning 'number'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

6 ἀναλαμβάνων πραεῖς ὁ κύριος ταπεινῶν δὲ ἁμαρτωλοὺς ἕως τῆς γῆς

The Lord lifts up the meek, but he humbles sinners down to the earth.

Moral reversal by divine rule ἀναλαμβάνων

The Creator's greatness is morally active, raising the humble and casting down the wicked.

ἀναλαμβάνων

παπνσμ λαμβάνω + ἀνα

V1 · παπνσμ λαμβάνω + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ λαμβάνω + ἀνα: meaning 'παπνσμ λαμβάνω + ἀνα'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

πραεῖς

πραῦς

A3U APM · πραῦς

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

πραῦς: meaning 'πραῦς'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ὁ

ὁ

RA NSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

ὁ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ταπεινῶν

παπνσμ ταπεινώ

V4 · παπνσμ ταπεινώ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπνσμ ταπεινώ: meaning 'παπνσμ ταπεινώ'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

δὲ

δέ

X · δέ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

δέ: meaning 'δέ'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἁμαρτωλούς

sinner

A1B APM · ἁμαρτωλός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἁμαρτωλός: meaning 'sinner'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἕως

until

P · ἕως

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἕως: meaning 'until'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῆς

ό

RA GSF · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῆς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῆς

earth

N1 GSF · γῆ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

γῆ: meaning 'earth'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

7 ἐξάρξατε τῷ κυρίῳ ἐν ἐξομολογήσει ψάλατε τῷ θεῷ ἡμῶν ἐν κιθάρᾳ

Begin for the Lord with thanksgiving; sing to our God with the harp.

Liturgical response of thanksgiving **ἐξάρξατε**

The congregation is summoned to answer God's works with musical gratitude.

ἐξάρξατε

ἄρχω + ἐκ

VA AAD2P · ἄρχω + ἐκ

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ἄρχω + ἐκ: meaning 'ἄρχω + ἐκ'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῷ

ὁ

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κυρίῳ

Lord

N2 DSM · κύριος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ἐξομολογήσει

thanksgiving

N3I DSF · ἐξομολόγησις

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ἐξομολόγησις: meaning 'thanksgiving'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ψάλατε

sing psalms

VA AAD2P · ψάλλω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

ψάλλω: meaning 'sing psalms'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῷ

ὁ

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

θεῷ

God

N2 DSM · θεός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

θεός: meaning 'God'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ἡμῶν

ἐγώ

RP GP · ἐγώ

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

ἡμῶν: meaning 'ἐγώ'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

κιθάρα

harp

N1A DSF · κιθάρα

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κιθάρα: meaning 'harp'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

8 τῷ περιβάλλοντι τὸν οὐρανὸν ἐν νεφέλαις τῷ ἐτοιμάζοντι τῇ γῇ ὑετὸν τῷ ἐξανατέλλοντι ἐν ὄρεσι χόρτον καὶ χλόην τῇ δουλείᾳ τῶν ἀνθρώπων

He is the one who covers the heaven with clouds, who prepares rain for the earth, who makes grass and greenery spring up on the mountains for the service of men.

Providence over the land

τῷ περιβάλλοντι

The hymn praises the Lord's care for the world through clouds, rain, and growth that sustain life.

τῷ

ὁ

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

περιβάλλοντι

παπδομ βάλλω + περι

V1 · παπδομ βάλλω + περι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπδομ βάλλω + περι: meaning 'παπδομ βάλλω + περι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τὸν

ὁ

RA ASM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

οὐρανὸν

heaven

N2 ASM · οὐρανός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

οὐρανός: meaning 'heaven'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

νεφέλαις

cloud

N1 DPF · νεφέλη

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

νεφέλη: meaning 'cloud'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῷ

ὁ

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐτοιμάζοντι

παπδομ ἐτοιμάζω

V1 · παπδομ ἐτοιμάζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπδομ ἐτοιμάζω: meaning 'παπδομ ἐτοιμάζω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τῇ

ὁ

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

γῇ

earth

N1 DSF · γῇ

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

γῇ: meaning 'earth'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

ὕετόν

rain

N2 ASM · ὕετός

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ὕετός: meaning 'rain'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῷ

ὁ

RA DSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῷ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐξανατέλλοντι

παπδομ τέλλω + ἐκ + ἀνα

V1 · παπδομ τέλλω + ἐκ + ἀνα

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπδομ τέλλω + ἐκ + ἀνα: meaning 'παπδομ τέλλω + ἐκ + ἀνα'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

ὄρεσι

mountain

N3E DPN · ὄρος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

ὄρος: meaning 'mountain'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

χόρτον

grass

N2 ASM · χόρτος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χόρτος: meaning 'grass'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

χλόην

green growth

N1 ASF · χλόη

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

χλόη: meaning 'green growth'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

τῇ

ὁ

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δουλεία

service

N1A DSF · δουλεία

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

δουλεία: meaning 'service'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῶν

ὁ

RA GPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἄνθρωπων

ἄνθρωπος

N2 GSM · ἄνθρωπος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἄνθρωπος: meaning 'ἄνθρωπος'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

9 δίδοντι τοῖς κτήνεσι τροφήν αὐτῶν καὶ τοῖς νεοσσοῖς τῶν κοράκων τοῖς ἐπικαλουμένοις αὐτόν

He is the one who gives their food to the cattle, and to the young ravens that call upon him.

Feeding every creature δίδοντι

Divine providence extends even to creatures often overlooked, showing the wideness of the Lord's care.

δίδοντι

παπδομ δίδωμι

V8 · παπδομ δίδωμι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

παπδομ δίδωμι: meaning 'παπδομ δίδωμι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

τοῖς

ὁ

RA DPN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κτήνεσι

cattle

N3E DPN · κτήνος

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

κτήνος: meaning 'cattle'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τροφήν

food

N1 ASF · τροφή

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

τροφή: meaning 'food'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτῶν

he

RP GPM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτῶν: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καὶ

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

τοῖς

ό

RA DPM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

νεοσσοῖς

young bird

N2 DPM · νεοσσός

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

νεοσσός: meaning 'young bird'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τῶν

ό

RA GPM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῶν: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

κοράκων

raven

N3K GPM · κόραξ

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

κόραξ: meaning 'raven'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

τοῖς

ό

RA DPM · ό

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐπικαλουμένοις

πμπδπμ καλέω + ἐπι

V2 · πμπδπμ καλέω + ἐπι

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπδπμ καλέω + ἐπι: meaning 'πμπδπμ καλέω + ἐπι'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτόν

he

RP ASM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτόν: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

10 οὐκ ἐν τῇ δυναστείᾳ τοῦ ἵππου θελήσει οὐδὲ ἐν ταῖς κνήμαῖς τοῦ ἀνδρὸς εὐδοκεῖ

He will not delight in the strength of the horse, nor will he take pleasure in the legs of a man.

Human power dismissed οὐκ

The psalm rejects military might and bodily vigor as the source of what pleases God.

οὐκ

not

D · οὐ

adverbial or particle element shaping the clause or phrase

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐκ: meaning 'not'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τῇ

ὁ

RA DSF · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τῇ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

δυναστεία

strength

N1A DSF · δυναστεία

dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient

→ sphere or reference

δυναστεία: meaning 'strength'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.

τοῦ

ὁ

RA GSM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἵππου

horse

N2 GSM · ἵππος

genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality

→ relational specification

ἵππος: meaning 'horse'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.

θελήσει

desire

VF FAI3S · θέλω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ future

θέλω: meaning 'desire'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

οὐδὲ

οὐδέ

C · οὐδέ

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

οὐδέ: meaning 'οὐδέ'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν ἐν P · ἐν <i>preposition governing its complement phrase</i> → spatial or relational framing ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.	ταῖς ὁ RA DPF · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking ταῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.	κνήμαις leg N1 DPF · κνήμη <i>dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient</i> → sphere or reference κνήμη: meaning 'leg'; it serves as dative nominal element marking relation, instrument, sphere, or recipient.	τοῦ ὁ RA GSM · ὁ <i>article marking the following noun phrase</i> → noun-phrase marking τοῦ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.
ἀνδρός man N3 GSM · ἀνήρ <i>genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality</i> → relational specification ἀνήρ: meaning 'man'; it serves as genitive nominal element defining relation, possession, source, or quality.	εὐδοκεῖ take pleasure V2 PAI3S · εὐδοκέω <i>verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause</i> → ongoing verbal process εὐδοκέω: meaning 'take pleasure'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.		

11 εὐδοκεῖ κύριος ἐν τοῖς φοβουμένοις αὐτὸν καὶ ἐν τοῖς ἐλπίζουσιν ἐπὶ τὸ ἔλεος αὐτοῦ

The Lord takes pleasure in those who fear him and in those who hope in his mercy.

The true object of divine pleasure εὐδοκεῖ

Reverent dependence and hope in mercy, not brute strength, are named as the posture God delights in.

εὐδοκεῖ

take pleasure

V2 PAI3S · εὐδοκέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

εὐδοκέω: meaning 'take pleasure'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

κύριος

Lord

N2 NSM · κύριος

nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition

→ participant prominence

κύριος: meaning 'Lord'; it serves as nominative element functioning as subject, predicate, or apposition.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῖς

ὁ

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

φοβουμένοις

πμπδπμ φοβέω

V2 · πμπδπμ φοβέω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ verbal action or state

πμπδπμ φοβέω: meaning 'πμπδπμ φοβέω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

αὐτόν

he

RP ASM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ participant reference

αὐτόν: meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

καί

καί

C · καί

connective or conjunction linking the clause to its context

→ discourse linkage or contrast

καί: meaning 'καί'; conjunction or particle linking this unit with the surrounding discourse.

ἐν

ἐν

P · ἐν

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐν: meaning 'ἐν'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τοῖς

ὁ

RA DPM · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τοῖς: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἐλπίζουσιν

ἐλπίζω

V1 PAI3P · ἐλπίζω

verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause

→ ongoing verbal process

ἐλπίζω: meaning 'ἐλπίζω'; it carries the action, process, or state of the clause; here it functions as verbal form carrying the action, process, or state of the clause.

ἐπὶ

ἐπί

P · ἐπί

preposition governing its complement phrase

→ spatial or relational framing

ἐπὶ: meaning 'ἐπὶ'; here it marks the relation signaled by preposition governing its complement phrase.

τὸ

ὁ

RA ASN · ὁ

article marking the following noun phrase

→ noun-phrase marking

τὸ: Greek article marking definiteness and the role of the accompanying noun phrase.

ἔλεος

mercy

N3E ASN · ἔλεος

accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal

→ object specification

ἔλεος; meaning 'mercy'; it serves as accusative element functioning as object, extent, or goal.

αὐτοῦ

he

RP GSM · αὐτός

pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause

→ relational specification

αὐτοῦ; meaning 'he'; pronoun marking person, possession, or reference within the clause; here it functions as pronominal form marking person, reference, or participant role within the clause.

On the labels. Parsing gives Tense·Voice·Mood·Person·Number (+ Case·Number·Gender for participles) and lemma. The *syntactic-function* and **semantic-force** tiers follow standard intermediate-grammar categories (e.g. Wallace, *Greek Grammar Beyond the Basics*); both involve interpretive judgment, and the majority reading has been chosen where opinions differ. Lexical notes condense commonly cited data (etymology, sense range, synonym contrasts, NT frequency, OT/LXX echoes) and are no substitute for a lexicon.

On the discourse tier. Discourse structure operates above the word, so it is shown at the clause/verse level (the connective, the relation it signals, and the role of the clause) and summarized in the chapter outline. Relation labels, any proposed chiasm, and the paragraph divisions reflect a common reading of the argument; other discourse analyses segment and label some relations differently.